WELL SPENT
OUR
STOCK

UITS,
LDREN'S SUITS,
owest grade to the finest fabrics.
ment is booming with all

BROS.
ALL STREET.

SONS
THE FAMOUS
AL WE HAVE
and there is none better.
ontractors and Builders in—
CYPRESS SHINGLES,
T,
STOVE FLUES,
ARIS
FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY.
IPE.
n House, Atlanta, Ga.

ION!
d imitations of our GRAND REPUBLIC
of the law.
P. LIES & CO.
ctory No. 200 Third District, New York.

CIGARROS
t, New York.
nitation when you can get the genuine at
easing. No cigars have ever attained such
nt cigar sold for five cents in the United
A. RUSSELL & CO., Wholesale Agents.

SURANCE!
ath and Injury by Accidents
ident Department of the CONTINENTAL
r Two Million Dollars. Prompt and reli-
mnity for injury) costs only $18 per year.
all, the benefit great. Call on, write or tele-
ER & WALDO
Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 155.

UNDED ENTHUSIASM!
people. A real monument
ow-Priced Clothiers
NING TO NIGHT.
of the past month.
OPENING
UR—
QUARTERS
future of a successful
USINESS.
ur Stock and pronounce it
AND CHEAP.
's, Youths, Boy's and Chil-
E CLOTHING
been marked at prices con-
MBER.
of Clothing in the State, and
Business on a small profit
BROTHERS
ITEHALL ST.
Washington, D. C.,
Cor. 7th and E. Street.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XVIII. ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING OCTOBER 20 1886 PRICE FIVE CENTS

IT ENDED IN BLOOD,

AS ALL OTHER LIKE MOVEMENTS DO THESE DAYS.

Result of Sanguine Men's Expectations and Employer's Short Credits—The Outrage on the Part of Men Who Ought to Have Kept the Peace—Particulars of the Fight.

CHICAGO, October 19.—This morning it looked as though every locked-out man at the stock yards was ready to go to work. All around the larger houses, the alleys were filled with hundreds of men, waiting for an opportunity to talk with the bosses. Owing to a scarcity of hogs, however, very few men are being engaged. Armour & Co. will start tomorrow, but will not be ready to cut up hogs until Friday, and probably it will be Monday before a full force will be required. The Chicago packing and provision company are a little behind Armour, and they have very few hogs on hand. Fowler Brothers will probably begin killing tomorrow or next day, and other houses as soon as they can get hogs. The price of hogs on change at yards advanced 25 cents per 100 pounds this morning.

As about a hundred discharged Pinkerton men were on their way to the city today in cars from the stock yards, they were hooted and stoned by a crowd of strikers near Fortieth street. One of them, in exasperation, finally fired his Winchester into the crowd through a car window, mortally wounding Dennis Bagley, a well-to do teamster.

Word was immediately sent to the Chicago authorities, and upon the arrival of the train here the entire lot of Pinkerton men, together with some forty non-union workmen who were also on the train, were arrested and locked up in Harrison street station.

From later accounts it appears that the shooting was not confined to one man, but that all the Pinkerton men joined in the fusilade. When the train passed through a crowd at Halstead street they were again greeted with jeers, when a large, stout, red faced man, clothed in a Pinkerton uniform, stepped out on the back platform and fired his revolver into the crowd. This was the signal for a general volley, and fifteen or twenty Pinkerton men began to fire their rifles from car windows. Fully thirty shots were fired. The fence and shanties along the track were marked with bullets.

The stock yards strike, which promised to pass into history as a bloodless one, has been attended by the sacrifice of human life. Terry Begley and another man were mortally wounded by the Pinkerton men this afternoon, and some hundred and fifty of the latter were arrested to await disposition on the charge of murder. All but six were afterward released. The Pinkerton men say that the strikers made the assault first with stones and then with revolvers, and that they made no attack until they had been fired upon. Captain C. Harkey said, however, that the Pinkerton men did the first shooting without any provocation. Captain Joy was in charge of the Pinkerton men when the shooting occurred. He was standing on the rear platform. He said that the men picked out by the city police were not the guilty parties. He said, also, that strikers gathered about the car four hundred strong just as they were about starting and began pelting them with stones and some of them shot at them.

"We were sent down there," said Captain Joy, "to preserve the peace, not to disturb it, but when some of my men were fired upon they returned it, thinking perhaps that the lives of the employes who were in their charge were in danger. I was standing on the rear platform of the train at the time. I rushed into the train and ordered them to stop firing. I did not know what injury was done until I came into the city."

William A. Pinkerton says he has ample proof that his men did not fire upon the crowd until they had been fired upon. Charles Beck, one of his men, who was in a car ahead of the one from which the shooting was done, says the crowd fired at least five shots before the fire was returned. One of the bullets passed through the car and imbedded itself in an opposite wall. Bricks and stones were then thrown until the side of the car was well battered up.

Mr. Pinkerton says the men had been the subjects of constant assaults and abuse while in the yards, and two of them are now laid up with wounds that may prove fatal.

MEYNARDIE SUPPLANTED.

The Augusta Knights Get Rid of Their Impracticable Leader.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 19.—[Special.]—The fall of the reverend master workmen has come at last, and although the announcement is not official, it is reported straight from headquarters, that Mr. Meynardie has been deposed and Mr. M. M. Connor has been elected master workman in his stead. The affair is a little mysterious as yet, but it will be fully known in a few days. The prompt action of the knights goes to substantiate the streets rumors which have been afloat and in print, and the almost immediate return of Mr. Connor from Richmond, whither he went as alternate for Mr. Meynardie, indicates that the general order directed the step, and thought the matter of enough consequence to justify immediate action. At any rate, it is known that Mr. Connor only remained a day in Richmond, and upon his return a meeting of the local assembly was called. At this meeting Mr. Connor was substituted for Mr. Meynardie as master workman. It is also said that another member of the general executive committee will arrive in Augusta this week, and that the mill troubles will be settled at once. Such a conclusion of the long contest is devoutly wished for, and both sides are doubtless ready to meet in a friendly spirit and go back to work. The selection of Mr. Connor seem to point to such a course, and the opportunity is now presented him of serving the operatives and the city by settling the trouble in a conservative way. The dissatisfaction of the operatives at their present status is obvious. The majority want to return to work, and even the ultra knights are not showing much gratitude to their over zealous leaders. Not only has Master Workman Meynardie been deposed, but a meeting was held and a Mr. Jas. Smith, a knight, was nominated for council in the fifth ward in opposition to Captain P. J. O'Connor, who has been one of the warmest and most zealous champions. There is also said to be a deal of dissatisfaction among the knights as to the manipulation of the funds of the order, and it is said a representative of the general board will immediately visit Augusta and investigate the financial condition here, rendering what aid is necessary and correcting any evils that may exist. Further, there is trouble among the order here, and two distinct factions exist in the ranks, one represented by Connor and the other by Dr. Sally. While the former has temporarily supplanted Mr. Meynardie in the leadership, the doctor is a devoted attendant at the bedside of the sick ex master workman, and is tenderly nursing him back to health and strength.

THE STERLING MILLS BURNED.

One of the Few Cotton Mills Not Affected by the Strike.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 19.—[Special.]—The Sterling mills, at the third level of the canal, on Marbury street, were burned at noon. The fire originated in the first wheel pit, and was caused by friction. The flames, in the absence of competent fire service, burned at will, and nothing but an excellent mill site remains of the Sterling mills. The mill was filled with old machinery which originally cost $25,000, but the agents say $10,000 will cover the loss thereon. The building was a rickety old structure, and was not worth more than $3,000. Twenty bales of cotton also burned. The building belonged to the Harrison estate, but the machinery was owned and the mill operated by Geo. W. Crane, for E. H. Coates & Co., of Philadelphia, the owners. The insurance is placed in Philadelphia, and Agent Crane says it is sufficient to guarantee against considerable loss to Coates & Co. Forty hands were employed in the mill, but they will not be out of employment for any considerable length of time, as Coates & Co's new brick yarn mills are nearly completed, and will soon be in full operation, it having been the intention of Messrs. Coates to abandon the burned building at an early date. The burned mill was one of the few not affected by the strike, lockout, and has been running full time the entire summer.

THE HORNY HANDS.

What The Knights Did in Richmond Yesterday.

RICHMOND, Va., October 19.—The committee on appeals and grievances obtained the floor when the general assembly went into session, and still held it when the noon recess was taken. Their report related to matters of general discipline of little interest to others than members.

A committee was appointed which sent the following telegram to Governor Richard R. Oglesby, Quincy, Illinois, where the soldier's home is being dedicated, to-day:

> The general assembly, Knights of Labor, in annual convention assembled, embracing both blue and grey, sends you greeting on the occasion of the dedication of the Soldiers and Sailors Home at Quincy. May a duty so nobly done by your state be an incentive to other states to do likewise, until every needy hero may have the shelter of a home.

The Brakesmen's Convention.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., October 19.—The third annual convention of the National Brotherhood of railway brakemen convened here yesterday. About three hundred delegates from all parts of the country were present. A grand parade of labor societies and local military was held yesterday afternoon in honor of the visiting delegates. The convention will remain in session several days.

BUSINESS COMPLICATIONS.

Two Large Firms in Nashville Closed Up.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., October 19.—Hirsch Bros. & Co., and Hirsch & Lowenstein, the former one of the largest dry goods houses south, were closed today by attachments aggregating one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars. Malone & Gaines, attorneys for Messrs. Loeb & Schonefield, of New York, today filed a trust bill in chancery court against Hirsch Bros. & Co. for $2,208.17. The attorneys have had the claim since last Friday for collection, but failing to secure a settlement took the matter into court. The bill alleges that the defendants are indebted to the complainants in the sum mentioned, and charged that the defendants are attempting to evade payment by fraud. The other creditors of the firm quickly filed bills covering their claims. John Ruhm, attorney for H. B. Claflin & Co., of New York, the Nashville Savings bank, and August Bernheim & Bauer, of New York, filed the next bill for claims due as follows: Bernheim & Bauer, $2,003.25; the Nashville Savings bank, $850; H. B. Claflin & Co., $1,504.50. Mr. Ruhm also filed an individual bill for H. B. Claflin & Co., of New York, for $63,216.70. The next bill filed was for the individual claim of the Nashville savings bank, the amount being $34,235.37, Mr. Ruhm next presented the claim of A. Lauper & Co., New York, for $466.63. Judge East followed with a bill for $8,700 due Samuel Lowenstein, of this city. Next on list was Tobias & Bro., who claim that $150 is due them. All the bills allege, as grounds of attachment, illegal removal for the purpose of fraudulently evading the payment of the claims. Various bills for smaller amounts were filed this afternoon. Attachments were granted in the above cases, and placed in the hands of the sheriff, who promptly served them on the firms of Hirsch Bros. & Co., dry goods, and Hirsch & Lowenstein, clothiers closed their stores and took charge of the establishment. The failure of these houses created much excitement throughout the city. Business men and all others who held accounts against the firm hunted up attorneys to represent them in the matter of their claims. A large crowd surrounded the house soon after the announcement was made, and the causes of the failure were discussed in all their bearings. In the meantime the customers were arriving, and finding the doors closed, stood around to learn the facts. By noon the sidewalk in front of the building was thronged with people. Many pressed their way close up to the plate glass doors and peered in, but only seeing the salesmen moving about with their hands in their pockets, fell back to allow others the same privilege. It was a genuine sensation, though in commercial circles the failure was not unexpected. The misfortune is regretted by their many friends, who hope that they may soon resume. The total liabilities are $200,000. The assets are unknown, but thought to be about $60,000.

BIRMINGHAM'S NEW BANK.

A Great Aggregation of Wealthy Bankers.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., October 19.—[Special.] The stockholders of the Alabama State bank met today, and unanimously resolved to increase the capital stock to half a million dollars, and convert it into Alabama. Three-fourths of the new stock has already been taken. There have been many applications from abroad for the balance, but the management are holding this back for business men and citizens here. One man telegraphed for $60,000. The new bank will be called the Alabama National bank. It will have the largest capital stock of any bank in Alabama, and more than all the other banks here combined. Among the solid men who have taken stock are Josiah Morris, of Montgomery, one of the ablest bankers in the United States; Mr. E. Norton, the new and live president of the Queen and Crescent; Mr. Felton, president of the Kentucky National bank, of Louisville; Mr. Johnston, president of the First National bank, Columbus, Miss.; Mr. Sparr, president of the Commerce National bank, Nashville; and several other prominent bankers. The State bank has been ably managed, and has been wonderfully successful. President Joseph F. Johnston has made a successful banker and financial manager, and has the confidence of the whole state. Mr. John W. Reid, the cashier, has daily added to his reputation as a careful and prompt business man.

Failure in Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., October 19.—A. Osterloub, a large dealer and shipper of leaf tobacco, today made a deed of trust to A. L. Boulware for the benefit of his creditors. The only creditors named are the First National bank, of Richmond, $60,600, and Union bank $15,000. The deed conveys about $40,000 worth of real estate, which together with the collateral that the banks already hold, will secure these institutions.

Whitmore's Failure.

NEW YORK, October 19.—W. E. Whitmore, formerly partner of H. H. Powers, broker of No. 24 New street, today notified the stock exchange that he was unable to meet his contracts. The street estimates Whitmore's losses at $80,000. Mr. Powers says the firm dissolved on Saturday last on account of transactions that came to his notice on that day. The firm was very prominent on the street on account of Mr. Powers's heavy dealings in Reading in the recent advance in that stock, but Mr. Powers declares that not a share of Reading will be sold on account of the dissolution.

NEW YORK'S CHOICE.

WHO WILL BE SELECTED FOR MAYOR.

Abraham Hewitt, the Next Mayor, Declines to Meet in Joint Discussion Mr. Henry George—Mr. Hewitt Appeals to His Friends—The Tennessee Campaign—Other News.

NEW YORK, October 19.—Mr. Hewitt, the democratic candidate for mayor, writes today an open letter in reply to Henry George's letter of yesterday. Mr. Hewitt is compelled to decline the invitation looking to a joint discussion of the question at issue. He answers Mr. George's arguments on labor and property questions and thinks he (Hewitt) has as much right to assert that the anarchists, nihilists and socialists support Mr. George for mayor as Mr. George has to declare that politicians support him.

He suggests that as Mr. George's peculiar views and grievances rather qualify him for a legislator than an executive officer, he contend for Mr. Hewitt's seat in congress, which will be made vacant by the latter's candidacy for mayor. Finally, Mr. Hewitt thinks it will not be necessary for him to give any pledges or promises to the people among whom he has lived for more than sixty years, and whom he has served to the best of his ability, and, judging by his repeated election to office, to their satisfaction.

BOB AND ALF IN LEBANON.

They Make Speeches and Receive an Ovation.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., October 19—[Special.]—Bob and Alf Taylor spoke in Gallatin to day to one of the largest crowds ever seen in that town. The train was stopped five miles this side, and the gubernatorial candidates and their parties were escorted to carriages and carried into town, accompanied by an immense cavalcade of horsemen and people in vehicles, who had come from all over the southern end of the country to meet their champion. There were about sixty ladies on horseback, wearing black plume hats with long white streamers. In front of the procession, on a carriage all to himself, was an immense white rooster on a high platform, crowing lustily all the way. The procession, on its arrival in town, was greeted by great throngs that had gathered from all the surrounding counties of Tennessee and Kentucky. Ex-Governor Leslie, of Kentucky, delivered the welcome address. After an hour or two spent in greeting their friends, they repaired to the grove, where the speaking was to take place. Alf had decided not to go to Gallatin, but when this became known so many telegrams and telephone messages came that he was induced to go. Bob opened, being introduced by Colonel J. A. Trousdale. His speech was strong and effective, though no new points were made. His friends were enthusiastic and applauded frequently during his speech. Alf followed, and was introduced by Dr. Lyon, a dignified gentleman, who adjusted his spectacles and proceeded to read an extended eulogy of the republican candidate. The crowd got tired and began yelling for Taylor. After two appeals from Alf silence was restored, and at last the doctor got through. Then Alf brought in a new thing. He referred to Bob's reference to Andrew Johnson and to disfranchisement, declaring that Andrew Johnson had declared that all rebels were traitors and all treason should be made odious. And now Grover Cleveland had appointed as Bob Taylor's successor in the pension office at Knoxville, a man, who, when in the Tennessee legislature, voted for disfranchisement. Andrew Johnson said more mean things about the south than any other man living. Bob Taylor retorted that his brother Alf had praised Andrew Johnson more than he, and had voted for him for United States senator fifty-seven times in succession.

The brothers returned to Nashville this evening and will speak at Lebanon to-morrow.

Alf's voice is still very hoarse, and Bob is suffering from a malarial attack that threatens to stop the canvass at any time. The fatigue of incessant travel and speaking once or twice every day has been too much. His brow is feverish and his hand hot as he grasps the hand of his friends, and many of his friends are anxious on his account.

THE TAYLORS OF TENNESSEE.

Their Eloquence Come to Them From Their Father.

An exchange says: "The following is an extract from a letter written in 1878 by the Rev. Mr. Taylor, father of the two Tennessee Taylors, to his wife, who was spending the summer among the mountains of North Carolina. It is here given as a sample of the fluency which is said to have been handed down to Mr. Taylor's sons. He refers to the magnificent scenery around her, 'where nature in poetic mood has pierced the birthplace and sanctuary of the clouds and pillared the heavens with towering mountains along whose serrated summits the summer lightnings dance on tiptoe to the music of reverberating thunders, while the storm king has hurled against their buttressed angles and rock-ribbed sides the tempests and hurricanes of the centuries in intermitting spasms—but in vain. Anchored fast in the omnipotence of God, these grand old mountains still rear their venerable heads, as the sentinels of the ages, gilding with auroral splendors each dawning day and tinting with golden glories each sunset hour. Not less are they the watch towers of Liberty and Freedom's fastnesses: for whatever betide the low lands and the plains where wealth enslaves and luxury corrupts, the eagles build their nests and rear their young ones in the clefts of the mountains and there unfettered freedom will ever dwell.'"

Blaine and His Blast.

PHILADELPHIA, October 19.—James G. Blaine spoke briefly to great crowds today at Lewistown, Huntingdon, Tyrene City and other stopping places along his route from Harrisburg to Altoona, and at the latter city made an address to 10,000 people. He devoted most of his attention to the tariff question, and everywhere defended protection.

Edmunds for Senator.

MONTPELIER, Vt., October 19.—In the Vermont legislature today, the senate gave George F. Edmunds 29 votes for United States senator, and W. H. Bingham 1. The vote of the house stood: Edmunds, 199; Bingham, 27, and W. G. Veasey, 8.

Sunset Cox Calls on the President.

WASHINGTON, October 19.—Minister Cox called on the president and Secretary Bayard today. It is understood that he is willing to return to Turkey to close up some diplomatic matters, if Mr. Bayard thinks it necessary; otherwise he will resign and again enter political life.

The Scottish Rite.

WASHINGTON, October 19.—The supreme council of the southern jurisdiction of the Scottish Rite Masons held a short session today. Rufus E. Fleming, of Dakota, and Samuel E. Adams, of Minnesota, were elected active members.

A Ship in Distress.

LONDON, October 19.—The ship Germania, from Liverpool to Savannah, which struck bar and returned, has been docked, having sprung a leak.

SABINE SWIPED.

No Mark Left of the Unfortunate Mexican Town.

GALVESTON, Tex., October 19.—A special from Orange, Tex., to the News says: The steamer Lamar returned here last evening from Sabine Pass, with sixty additional sufferers, one-half of whom will go to Beaumont as soon as transportation can be obtained. The balance will remain here in care of the relief committees. Ten additional bodies had been found and buried up to the time the Lamar left Sabine Pass, at noon yesterday. The relief committees of Orange have exhausted all their supplies and funds. Sufferers are constantly coming in. The relief committees have 360 now in their charge, and 150 more were expected last night from Johnson's Bayou, the Emily P. having gone for them yesterday morning. Unless more relief comes immediately great distress will prevail. Many of the sufferers are sick and require the greatest attention. The citizens of Orange are doing all in their power to alleviate their distress, but the demands are greater than they can bear. The relief committees were notified yesterday that $1,000 had been donated by Houston, which is all the aid that has been received outside of our town. Parties returning from the coast report that much thievery is going on. Scarcely a trunk, valise or package can be found that has not been broken open and rifled of its contents. Business has been at a standstill since the great storm.

Of the colored drowned thirty bodies are still missing, while all but fifteen of the whites had been recovered and interred. It is thought that some of these missing bodies are stuck in the mud, which is several feet in depth on the bottom of Sabine bay and river fronting the spot where the town formerly stood. Measures for the relief of the distressed are being actively pushed at Houston, Galveston and other cities. The Galveston committee, who returned last night, have issued a second appeal to the citizens and new subscription lists will be circulated tomorrow. Members of the local committee say that the calamity grows with each hour. All tidings from the devastated region make the disaster far greater and more distressing than was at first thought possible. Mr. Lasker, of the committee, was one of a thousand or more who fled for their lives the night of Galveston's great fire. He also recently visited the drouth stricken districts of northwest Texas but declares that neither of these calamities compare in point of suffering and distress with what he witnessed Sunday at Sabine Pass and Johnson's bayou. The mayor of Orange today telegraphed the mayor of Fulton asking for assistance to care for the survivors who are crowding into that place. The city council last evening appropriated $500, which fact the mayor of Fulton last night telegraphed to the mayor of Orange.

The local relief committee that visited Sabine Pass went as far as the entrance to Johnson's bayou, and has brought back a complete list of names of colored persons drowned at Sabine.

DEATH FROM SUICIDE.

A Richmond, Virginia, Drummer's Fate in Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., October 19.—[Special.] Yesterday morning a young man, apparently about thirty four years old, arrived at the Maxwell house and registered as F. Middleton, Richmond, Va. At 10:30 this morning the chambermaid went to his room, and found it locked. She knocked on the door, but received no response. Clerk Jackson was informed, and going to the room looked in through the transom and discovered that Middleton was dead. Coroner Pulliam was summoned, and an entrance was gained by the adjoining room. An unfinished letter to his wife, Mrs. H. V. Middleton, 1400 North Second street, Richmond, Va., was found lying on the table. In pockets of the pants of the deceased were found $24.75. In one corner of the room were two patent hoes. Middleton claimed to represent the Hoe manufacturing company, and in his letter to his wife he spoke of Nashville as a place affording a fine field for a manufactory. He told his wife that he had been traveling in the south, but that he had filled his system with malaria, an indication to him that the south was not the proper place for a home for him. Middleton congratulates his wife and himself upon the unbroken love which has followed their marriage life, and concludes by telling her that he is feeling badly, and will take some quinine and go to bed, and finish the letter in the morning. He tells her that God does everything for the best. Middleton was a handsome man, and the letters show him to have been a man of education. Middleton was in the city with his sister, Mrs. John McGee, of Kentucky, the other day, and bought a lot on Vine street for Mrs. McGee. He was to give out the contract for the house today. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death from suicide.

THE BELLWETHER CAPTURED.

Arrest of Jake Sharpe, the Broadway Surface Boss.

NEW YORK, October 19.—Inspector Byrnes, this morning, arrested Jake Sharpe, of Broadway railroad notoriety, at his home in West Twenty-third street, on a bench warrant issued on an indictment found against him by the grand jury for bribing the boodle aldermen to vote for the Broadway railroad franchise. James Richmond, president of the Broadway railroad, was also taken into custody at the Brevoort house this morning, charged with the same offense. Both prisoners were conveyed to police headquarters, and will later be taken to the district attorney's office and arraigned in court to plead to the indictments.

James W. Forshay, ex-president of Broadway railroad, another of the parties indicted by the grand jury for giving bribes to "boodle" aldermen, was arrested by Detective Byrnes this morning.

Judge Cowing fixed the bail at $50,000 each in the cases of Sharpe and Forshay, and $25,000 additional in the case of Richmond, who is already under that amount.

District Attorney Martine, in his original motion, asked that the defendants be put under $100,000 bail each.

CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE.

Eleventh Annual Convention of the Association.

ST. LOUIS, October 19.—The eleventh annual convention of the Mutual Benefit life association of America had its first session at 10:30 o'clock today at the Lindell hotel. The convention is composed of delegates from assessment insurance companies and secret societies in the United States which have a life insurance feature, including the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Knights of Honor, Royal Arcanum, Knights of Pythias, and kindred organizations. Representatives from eighteen states responded to roll call. President E. B. Harper, after a preliminary proceeding, read his annual address. This, together with the appointment of various committees, consumed the morning session.

Who Will Go to the Fair.

WASHINGTON, October 19.—Although the arrangements for the president's visit to Richmond are not yet complete, it is known that the presidential party will consist of about twelve persons, including the president and Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary Bayard, Secretary and Mrs. Endicott, and Postmaster General and Mrs. Vilas. It is not yet settled who else will go.

TWENTY-ONE BALLOTS.

THE SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY NOT YET LOCATED.

Meeting of the Commissioners Yesterday—They Act With Closed Doors—What They Said and How They Voted—They Meet Again Today—Rumors and Conjectures.

The board of commissioners of the school of tecnology met in room 38 at the capitol yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Delegations from Atlanta, Macon and Athens were present to look after the interests of their respective cities. The commissioners decided to act in secret session, and the several delegations and the newspaper reporters were requested to leave the room. This they did, but most of them remained in the hall just outside of the room, anxiously awaiting the result of the commissioners' deliberations.

Previous to entering upon the business of selecting a location for the school, the commissioners permitted two papers to be filed with them. These were from Atlanta and Athens. The first was

AN OFFICIAL INDORSEMENT,

by the city council, of the annuity offered in Atlanta's bid for the school. It was in the form of a resolution, adopted by the council at a called meeting. The second paper defined that part of Athens' bid which related to the use of certain officials and property of the State University.

After the two papers were read, the commissioners informally discussed the bids of Atlanta, Macon, Athens, Milledgeville, and Penfield, paying particular attention to the cites offered. It was then agreed that the bids of those cities having representatives on the board should be reviewed by those representatives.

Mr. N. E. Harris, chairman of the board, reviewed Macon's bid. He went over the ground alread familiar to the public, and then compared Macon's advantages with those of Atlanta and Athens. He said that the three cities were about equal so far as the

COST OF SUSTAINING THE SCHOOL

was concerned. He thought, however, that Macon was more accessible than either Atlanta or Athens. According to his view the law establishing the school required, other things being equal, that the city accessible to the greatest number of people in the state should have the school. The law, as originally drafted, had a rider attached naming Macon as the place for the school. The rider was not presented to the legislature, because it was feared it would cause the friends of the state university to fight the school. In lieu of the rider the clause requiring the most accessible city to be selected was inserted in the law. That clause was intended to give Macon a chance for the school. Macon's accessibility was Mr. Harris's strong point, and he dwelt upon it at great length.

Mr. S. M. Inman reviewed Atlanta's bid. He said that what he would say

IN FAVOR OF ATLANTA.

would be said with the kindest feelings for Macon and Athens. He then showed that Atlanta's bid in money was much larger than that of any other city; that her manufactories were numerous and important, and would be of great advantage to the students in the school; and that her splendid system of railroads made her fully as accessible as Macon or any other city in the state. He spoke of the various sites offered by Atlanta, any one of which was perfectly adapted to the purpose had in view. Mr. Inman's presentation of Atlanta's advantages as the place for the school was able and convincing.

Mr. E. R. Hodgson reviewed Athens's bid. He dwelt at length on that city's advantages, devoting attention especially to the

PROPOSITION OF THE UNIVERSITY

to provide certain professors, a library, laboratory and buildings.

Toward the close of Mr. Hodgson's address, an animated colloquy took place between him and Mr. Oliver Porter. Mr. Porter wanted to know if the class schedules in the university would not cause friction when it come to arranging those of the school of technology so that the same professors might teach of the classes of both institutions. Mr. Hodgson said be thought not. Then Mr. Porter wanted to know if the university proposed to give its professors, library, etc., outright to the school of technology. After some discussion of this question, Mr. Hodgson said the university merely meant to share her possessions with the school of technology.

At this point it was 7 o'clock, and the board adjourned for supper.

AFTER SUPPER

Mr. Hodgson finished his address, and then it was proposed that a ballot to decide the location of the school should be taken. A question arose as to whether a majority or a two-thirds vote should be the rule. Mr. Harris got a copy of the code, and read a section providing that in bodies similar to the commission the majority rule should prevail. It was accordingly agreed that the city receiving three votes should have the school.

It was exactly 10 o'clock when the first ballot was taken. It resulted as follows:

Atlanta, one vote—Inman.
Macon, one vote—Harris.
Athens, one vote—Hodgson.
Milledgeville, one vote—Porter.
Penfield, one vote—Heard.

The second ballot resulted thus:

Atlanta, one vote—Inman.
Macon, one vote—Harris.
Athens, one vote—Hodgson.
Penfield, two votes—Heard and Porter.

THE THIRD BALLOT

gave Atlanta the lead, which she held until twenty-one ballots in all had been taken. It was as follows:

Atlanta two votes—Inman and Porter.
Macon one vote—Harris.
Athens one vote—Hodgson.
Penfield one vote—Heard.

At the end of the twenty-first ballot the board adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

The commissioners throughout their deliberations maintained their good humor. While working earnestly and voting determinedly for the city each regarded as the proper location for the school, each manifested courteous respect for the opinion of the others.

It is impossible to predict the result of today's meeting. Interviews with the commissioners failed to develop any indication of what that result would be.

The Wicked Vessels.

NEWPORT, R. I., October 19.—It is learned from authoritative sources that nearly two hundred cases of wines and liquors, together with quantities of gloves, fans and other dutiable articles, have been found upon the United States war vessels Saratoga and Portsmouth, which have just returned from a cruise, and been seized for the payment of duties. The discovery has caused consternation among the officers of vessels who have thus violated articles of war and laid themselves liable to severe penalties.

The Missing "Artos."

NEW YORK, October 19.—Nothing has been heard today of the missing steamer "Artos." The agents, Furch, Edge & Co., say that her cargo, which consisted of 1,100 tons molasses, 280 hogsheads of tobacco and 1,300 packages lard, was worth between $80,000 and $90,000. The vessel, which belongs to H. Briggs, Son & Co., of Hull, is worth £20,000.

A Snow Storm in the West.

CHICAGO, October 19.—A heavy snow storm is reported west of Ogden, Utah, this morning. The storm is severe enough to seriously interfere with telegraph lines.

Marquis of Aylesbury Dead.

LONDON, October 19.—The marquis of Aylesbury is dead. He was seventy five years old.

THE MEN WHO SELL.

The Liquor Dealers Favor Temperance, but Not Prohibition.

CHICAGO, October 19.—The national convention of liquor manufacturers reassembled this morning and adopted the report of the special committee appointed to outline a plan for future action. The report provides that the association shall be known as the "National Protective association," and that it shall be directed by a national committee of one representative from each state. Of this number an executive committee of seven is to be appointed to actively conduct the work of the association.

The resolutions adopted declare that:

> We most earnestly favor temperance and most strongly condemn intemperance and appeal to every member of the trade to make a proof of this declaration by his daily life and the conduct of his business. The resolutions further declare in favor of both public and private morality and good order and popular education; and unalterably oppose prohibition as invasion of the rights of citizens; and therefore wrong in principle and impracticable in practice. Instead of attempting to destroy a business that employs immense capital and supports a vast number of honest workingmen, the efforts of our enemies should be directed to the elemination of the evils existing and resulting from the abuse of liquor.

In this work we would unite.

The closing resolution is in favor of:

> Absolute non-intervention in politics as an organization except in such places and at such times as united action is necessary to protect ourselves in our business and against such legislation as seeks to destroy our trade, and not to remedy evils therein existing.

CHARLESTON'S CHEER.

Real Estate Looking Up—Expressions of Gratitude.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 19.—There have been no shakes or thoughts of shakes today. Julian Ravenel's house, on East Battery, for which sixteen thousand dollars were offered before the earthquake, sold at auction today for $16,120, notwithstanding the fact that the purchaser knew it would cost at least six thousand dollors to repair the damages caused by the earthquake.

In the democratic county convention today Captain Dawson introduced the following resolution which was adopted with great enthusiasm:

> Resolved, That the democratic convention of Charleston county return its most grateful and truly fraternal thanks to the American people, who, without distinction of sect or of political feeling, have come to the aid of Charleston in her hour of supreme necessity. The assistance, so promptly and generously given, is accepted as an expression of the touch of nature which makes the whole world kin, and also as a gratifying proof that previous differences and divisions are forgotten, and that this is indeed, and in truth, a reunited country for which, and in whose service, none will go further than the democracy of this country.

New York's Big Heart.

NEW YORK, October 19.—The Charleston relief committee of the chamber of commerce met today, and the treasurer reported that the total amount received to date was $89,514. He was directed to forward the balance on hand to Mayor Courtenay, at Charleston.

A TOWN IN RUINS.

The Town of Oakland, Ill., Almost Destroyed by Fire.

OAKDAND, Ill., October 19.—A greater part of the business portion of Oakland is in ruins. A fire broke out at 9:30 last evening and destroyed whole blocks. The fire originated in Chapman & Son's building on Southeast side square and spread to McConkey's cook store, on West and Gilbert's shoe store, on East street. The wind blew from east and south and soon fourteen buildings on the east side were in ruins, Sweeping on the west the flames soon enveloped Bowman & Gregory's furniture store and the brick block of Ashmore & Barbour. Goods were removed from the stores and placed in the park which was used as a storing place. The opera house soon caught and the south side is ruined. Fire companies from Paris, Terre Haute and Charleston were telegraphed for. The total loss will amount to over $300,000, covered by at least one-third insurance. The Ætna and Phœnix will suffer most. As Barbour's building was burning 300 pounds of powder exploded, causing great excitement but injuring no one.

Fire in Thomas County.

SANDERSVILL, Ga., October 19.—[Special.]—On last Sunday afternoon, about five o'clock, Mr. George W. Prince's dwelling, ten miles northeast of here, was consumed by fire. Mr. Prince and family were visiting Judge Green Brantley, who lives about half a mile from him, and just as he got ready to return home he saw a large blaze in the direction of his house. He hastened home, and found that the dwelling had burned to the ground, consuming all his furniture, clothing, etc. The origin of the fire is shrouded in mystery.

Fluker's Ginhouse Burned.

WOODVILLE, Ga., October 19.—[Special.]—The ginhouse of Mr. P. A. Fluker, four miles east of this place, was burned last night at eight o'clock, with about eight bales of cotton. The origin of the fire is unknown; loss about $1,000. No insurance. Mr. Fluker had his ginhouse burned on the same spot about two years ago, caused by friction from a power press.

Caused by a Defective Flue.

GREENESBORO, October 19.—[Special.]—The dwelling house of Mr. H. T. Evans, near Greensboro, was entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday. He succeeded in saving most of his household effects. The house was valued at $1,500, with $600 insurance. The fire was caused by a defective flue.

TROVER IN AUGUSTA.

The Titles to Twenty-five Bales of Cotton in Dispute.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 19.—[Special.]—A case of importance to commercial interests was argued in the superior court and taken under advisement by Judge Roney today. This case is one of trover, brought by the National Exchange bank against the Graniteville Manufacturing company to recover twenty bales of cotton, amounting to $1,300. The bank sets up title to the cotton through a collateral note discounted at the bank, with the cotton warehouse receipts deposited as collateral. The manufacturing company relies on the title acquired as purchasers in open market without notice of the bank's title. The question is raised, which party has the better title? The progress of the case will be watched with interest.

Wiggins's Prophecy.

OTTAWA, October 19.—A certificate of honorary membership in the "St. Ananias club," of Topeka, Kas., arrived for Professor E. Stone Wiggins today. Surrounding the seal are the words:

ST. ANANIAS SOCIETY, TOPEKA.

And in the centre is the picture of an instrument known as the "lyre." It is said that the professor has received notice from the authorities that he must either stop prophesying or quit the service.

Instructions for Marshals.

WASHINGTON, October 19.—By direction of the president, the attorney general has prepared a circular addressed to marshals and their deputies and supervisors, directing them to discharge their duties at elections with caution and moderation, and to do no act that will interfere with the lawful right of citizens in the exercise of the elective franchise. They are directed to enforce the laws firmly but judiciously, and, in the event of any controversy where there is room for doubt to consult with the district attorney for the district in which the marshal or supervisor is employed.

BABY'S SKIN

Infantile and Birth Humors Speedily Cured by Cuticura.

FOR Cleansing the Skin and Scalp of Birth Humors, for allaying Itching, Burning and Inflamation, for curing the first symptoms of Eczema, Psoriasis, Milk Crust, Scald Head, Scrofula and other inherited skin and blood diseases, CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, are infallible. Absolutely pure.

MY OLDEST CHILD,

Now six years of age, when an infant six months old, was attacked with a virulent, malignant skin disease. All ordinary remedies failing, we called our family physician, who attempted to cure it but it spread with almost incredible rapidity, until the lower portion of the little fellow's sperson, from the middle of his back down to his knees, was one solid rash, ugly, painful, blotched, and malicious. We had no rest at night, no peace by day. The physician did not know then, and does not know now what it was. Finally, we were advised to try CUTICURA REMEDIES. Without the knowledge of our physician, I procured a box of CUTICURA and a cake of CUTICURA SOAP. The effect

WAS SIMPLY MARVELLOUS,

Using the two together, first washing him thoroughly with CUTICURA SOAP, then anointing him with CUTICURA. From the first application a change for the better appeared. The doctor said we had no further need of him, and ceased his visits. In three or four weeks a complete cure was wrought, leaving the little fellow's person as white and healthy as though he had never been attacked. In my opinion, your valuable remedies saved his life, and today he is a strong, healthy child, perfectly well, no repetition of the disease having ever occurred. You are welcome to make any use of this you may deem best.

GEO. B. SMITH,
Att'y at Law and Ex.-Pros. Att'y,
Ashland, Ohio.

REFERENCE: J. G. Weist, Druggist, Ashland, O.

CUTICURA REMEDIES

Are sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cents RESOLVENT, $1.00; SOAP, 25 cents. Prepared by POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

BABY Use Cuticura Soap, an exquisitely perfumed skin Beautifier

RHEUMATIC PAINS

Neuralgic, Sciatic, Sudden, Sharp and Nervous Pains and Strains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. Warranted. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1.00 Potter Drug and Chemical Company, Boston, Mass.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray Street, N. Y.

novl--d&wky sun wed fri top col n r m

CAPITAL PRIZE $75,000!

Tickets Only $5, Shares in Proportion.

L.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY CO

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the monthly and quarterly drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J A Early

COMMISSIONERS.

We the undersigned banks and bankers will pay all prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

J. H. OGLESBY, Pres't Louisiana Nat'l Bank.
J. W. KILBRETH, Pres't State National Bank.
A. BALDWIN, Pres't New Orleans Nat'l Bk.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the legislature for educational and charitable purposes--with a capital of $1,000,000--to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and indorsed by the people of any state.

IT NEVER SCALES OR POSTPONES.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings Take place monthly, and the Extraordinary Drawings regularly every three months instead of Semi-Annually as heretofore.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. TENTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS L, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, Tuesday, November 9, 1886--198th Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.

100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each, Fractions, in Fifths, in Proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE		$75,000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF	$6000	12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1000	do	25	25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9	Approximation Prizes of	$750	6,750
9	do do	500	4,500
9	do do	250	2,250
1967	Prizes, amounting to		$265,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (at our expense) addressed

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.

Or M. A. DAUPHIN,
Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

Mention this paper. mon sun wky n r m

FITS STOPPED FREE

Marvelous success. Insane Persons Restored Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

Name this paper. feb15--ly wed fri sun wky

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 65½ Whitehall Street.

Mention this paper. jan27--dly wed fri sun wky

THE DAY IN MACON.

NEWS NOTES OF INTEREST FROM THE CENTRAL CITY.

The Trial of the Jackson Case, on Charge of Robbing the Mails--The Concluding Speech to Be Made Tomorrow--Other News of Interest from Macon--Personal Paragraphs, Etc.

MACON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--In the case of Wm. R. Jackson, the former postmaster of Americus, who is charged with robbery of the mails, after argument had been heard on the demurrer, the court overruled the motion to quash the indictment.

The prisoner was then put to plead and, pleading not guilty, the case went regularly to trial. Eighteen witnesses were sworn on the part of the prosecution.

The case is one of vast importance, and is attracting much attention. The defendant is ably represented by Messrs. Hawkins, Simmons and Blalock, of Americus. After the conclusion of the evidence District Attorney Guerry made his opening speech to the jury and was followed by Mr. Blalock for the defense. Mr. Simmons will make the concluding speech for the defendant tomorrow morning, after which the district attorney will make his closing speech for the government.

The story of the alleged crime is one of rare interest. Will R. Jackson was a young man held in the highest esteem by a large circle of friends. He was employed by Major W. A. Black, as a postal clerk in the Americus postoffice, and was such an adept in his line that when Major Black's term was about to end, and several petitions were being circulated for the place, the leading men there signed them with the express understanding that Jackson should be retained in the office. On the first day of October, 1885, Will Jackson failed to appear at the office, but as he had had frequent attacks of slight illness, little was said about it for several days. At last, however, his mysterious disappearance awakened the worst fears of his friends, and subsequent developments showed a shortage of about $5,000 worth of money orders made out and removed from the back pages of the order book, and a number of registered packages, aggregating $300 or $400.

Major Black telegraphed the postoffice department at once, and Inspector Booth was at once put upon his track.

After several weeks had elapsed, the inspector received a telegram from Los Angeles, Cal., stating that a man answering Jackson's description had been apprehended there. He went immediately to that city, and on his arrival found Jackson, who had gone under the name of Jack Jones. But a small part of the orders had been cashed. Jackson's brother, in Alabama, was arrested and a quantity of cash was found sewed up in his trouser leg. He was brought before Commissioner Erwin at Macon and he gave his brother Will away.

Will was then confined in the Macon jail, in default of bail, where he has remained ever since.

Jackson is a heavy set young man, of florid complexion, light hair and beard and has a peculiarly winning way about him that inspires confidence at once. He had a host of friends in his town. He has borne up well under confinement and is cheerful and protests his innocence. He has passed through a mutiny, a mob and an earthquake since he has been in that iron cage. His first lawyer, the veteran Judge Willis A. Hawkins's health has failed to such an extent that he has been compelled to turn the matter over to his able juniors and coadjutors, Messrs. Simmons, Blalock and E. A. Hawkins.

Jackson has an aged and invalid mother in Americus of whom he was the sole support. There are numbers of his friends who have all along been loath to believe in his guilt, and whether found guilty or not he has many sympathizers in his unfortunate plight.

The Hotel Lanier Opening.

MACON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--The opening dinner at the Hotel Lanier yesterday was eaten by quite a number of the most prominent gentlemen in Macon. Messrs. Crawford & Campbell had everything in perfect order, and a number of polite waiters dispensed the elegantly prepared viands to the hungry throng.

The dining hall is much improved in appearance, as are all the apartments on the lower floor. The ladies' reception room is a gem. On the first floor the parlors are located, fronting on the veranda that overlooks Mulberry street. The west parlor is furnished in leather, and is especially designed for the use of conventions, reunions and other assemblages. The arcade is well lighted, and will be a favorite resting place for ladies.

In point of convenience and elegant furnishings and appointments, the new Lanier would be a credit to any city. White cooks are employed, a notable feature being the installment of the veteran cook, E. Issacs.

Messrs. Carling and Brown have done a great deal of work here, and have spent much money, and a generous patronage is what the house most eminently deserves.

Death of Colonel Hamilton.

MACON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Colonel A. S Hamilton, of Jones county, died at 4 p. m. today. Colonel Hamilton was highly connected and well known in middle Georgia. He had several horses in training for the state fair.

FAILED FOR TWENTY THOUSAND.

A Big Sensation Develops in Whigham Commercial Circles.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--W. A Davis, a merchant of Whigham, has assigned to Zimm Truluck, of the same place. His liabilities are about twenty thousand. Assets equal. Messrs. Gurley and Talbert, and D. A. Rupell, representing creditors, have filed a bill, and obtained a restraining order, preventing the assignor from selling, and allege fraud in the assignment. Judge Bower will hear the case at Albany, on the twenty third instant. The Hon. W. M. Hammond, of Thomasville, is counsel for Davis. Donaldson and Harris are for the assignee. T. J. McIntyre, jr., of Thomasville, is of counsel for parties not as yet named in the bill.

Organizing a Library Association.

ELBERTON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--The young men of Elberton are organizing a library association. A temporary organization has been perfected with a view of organizing permanently next week. They meet with great encouragement from the citizens of the town, and are determined to make the undertaking a success. All the young men of the town have become members of the church and a large number of them have joined the Young Men's Christian association, consequently the time is the most propititious that could have been selected for procuring a public library.

Called to Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Rev. Leonard Woolsey Bacon, of Norwich, Conn., has been invited to come to Savannah by the congregation of the Independent Presbyterian church, with a view to being engaged as pastor of said church. Dr. Bacon is the author of a volume entitled, "The Simplicity That is in Christ," which is attracting much attention abroad. He is a distinguished divine, and his coming to Savannah will be a decided acquisition.

A Benefit Performance.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--The Ford dramatic association have arranged for a benefit performance on Saturday afternoon and night for the Lillian Lewis company, which has been left here stranded by the perfidy of their manager. It is believed a large sum will be realized.

Above all other earthly ills,
I hate the big, old fashioned pills;
By slow degrees they downward wend,
And often pause, or upward tend;
With such discomfort are they fraught,
Their good effects amount to naught.
Now, Dr. Pierce prepares a pill
That just exactly fills the bill--
A Pellet, rather, that is all--
A Pleasant Purgative, and small;
Justify them as you feel their need,
You'll find that I speak truth, indeed.

COLUMBUS CHRONICLES.

The Marriage of a Legislator--Death of an Old Citizen.

COLUMBUS, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--At Greenville this evening, Hon. J. M. Terrill and Miss Josie Spivey, were united in marriage, Rev. S. Maxwell, of Talbotton, officiating. The groom is a member of the legislature for Meriwether county. The bride is a sister of Mr. Robert Spivey, a prominent merchant of Greenville.

Mr. Milton W. Howard, of this city, and Miss Soffie Thompson, of Hurtsboro, Ala., were married tonight, Rev. G. G. N. Macdonnell, of this city, officiated.

Young Morris, a young street driver, of this city, was married to Mrs. McCook, a widow, living at the foot of Rose hill, yesterday.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Columbus and Rome railroad was held in this city today. No business other than the election of officers was transacted. The following officers were elected: President, John Peabody; directors, W. R. Brown, S. J. Whiteside, W. H. Brannan, W. L. Clark and A. F. Hill. Mr. W. L Clark was re-elected general manager and J. M. Frazer secretary and treasurer. The annual report shows that the receipts for the past year were $69,142 and the expenditures $65,481, leaving net earnings of $3,761.

Miss Ophelia Carson died at Reynolds, today.

Miss Kate Sullivan, of this city, died last night at an advanced age. She was a sister of Mr. Mike Sullivan, an old conductor on the Mobile and Girard railroad.

Mr. P. A. Clayton, one of the oldest citizens of this city, died today about noon. He was one of the first settlers of Columbus, and was an honored citizens. For a number of years he had been engaged in the cotton business. He was born in Louisville, Ga., in 1804, and came to Columbus before the red man was driven from our door.

AN ATLANTA NEGRO STABBED.

The Proceedings of Harris County Superior Court.

HAMILTON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Harris superior court met this morning, with James T. Willis, judge of said court, on the bench. There were two negroes sent to the penitentiary, one for six years and one for seven years. Three to the chain gang, from three to twelve months.

There was a serious cutting affray in our town between two negroes, Reuben Simpson, of Atlanta, Ga., and Sam Robinson, of this place, in which the former (Simpson) was stabbed three times--once in the back and twice in the breast, reaching the hollow. Simpson was here awaiting his trial in the courts for carrying concealed weapons.

The grand jury is doing good work, returning quite a number of true bills. There are now fourteen negroes in jail awaiting trial.

PRIMARIES IN JONES.

None But Nominees to be Elected to County Offices.

CLINTON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Primaries were held for nomination of county officers, and the democratic executive committee has declared the following result: For clerk of court R. T. Ross--513, no opposition. For sheriff and tax collector, W. W. Barrow, 230; F. F. Green, 175; Alfred Glenson, 100. Barrow declared the nominee. For tax receiver, W. T. Morris, 281; John A. Childs, 239. Morris the nominee. For county treasurer, W. H. Holsenbeck, 366; H. J. Stewart, 141. Holsenbeck nominee. For county surveyor, W. B Finney, 264. J. A. Barfield, 146. Finney nominee. For coroner, A. B. Winters, 40; A. J. Middlebrooks, 37. Winters declared the nominee.

TORTURING A SUSPECT.

A White Man Accused of Stealing Some Money.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Tenk Rather, a white man living near the line of Decatur in Mitchell county, was accused of stealing some money from Elias N. Smith, a man he was living with. During the latter part of last week he was seized by six men with blackened faces and hung to the limb of a tree until life was almost extinct. They tried to extort a confession of guilt, but failed.

Charged With a Grave Offense.

BOWDON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--This town was disturbed by an altercation between Judge Shelnutt and W. A. Wright, two merchants, during which Judge Shelnutt received a painful stab in the left arm, near the shoulder, which bled for some time. The difficulty occurred just about Judge Shelnutt's front door. Mr. Wright had gone into Judge Shelnutt's to see him on some business. They came walking up from the back end of the house, and reached the front door, when the difficulty took place. Judge Shelnutt has sworn out a warrant, charging Mr. Wright with assault with intent to murder.

Accidentally Killed.

CLAYTON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--An accidental killing occurred in this county, in Tennessee valley, by one of Pat Dickson's sons killing the other. They seemed to have been playing, and the older, 11 years old, was walking a little in front of the younger, who was 8 years old. The elder had a knife open in his hand and was slinging his hand, when the younger ran up behind the older and was accidentally stabbed in the right breast. The cut was about two inches deep. The boy lived half an hour. The coroner summoned a jury to inquire into the affair, and the verdict said "Accidentally killed."

E. M. Holland Found Dead.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Mr. E. M. Holland was found dead this morning at 8 o'clock lying on a pallet in a cabin on the lot of Mr. D. E. Banks. Mr. John A. Whitmire went to his house at 8 o'clock to get him to pull corn for him and found him as above stated. He was about 65 years old and lived by himself, he and his wife having separated sometime ago. He was on the streets on yesterday apparently in good health. A post mortem will be held today.

Erskine's Murderers.

AMERICUS, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Annie Moore and Henry Black were brought before Judge Fort this morning for preliminary trial on charge of the murder of Pat Erskine. They waived trial and were placed in jail till next Friday when Judge Fort will hear plea for bail. Remains of Erskine accompanied to Atlanta this morning by his brother William Erskine.

A Convict Arrested for Illegal Voting.

ALBANY, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Alexander Johnson, a negro, has been indicted by the grand jury and was duly arrested for illegal voting in the recent election for state officers. Alexander is a convicted felon. He succeeded in giving bond for his appearance when arrested.

Complimenting Judge Branham.

ROME, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--The grand jury today returned their presentments. They heartily agree with the grand jury of the first week in asking the re election of Judge Branham. They refer to him as an honor to the judiciary of Georgia, and the choice of the people of Floyd.

A Yellowish Coat

Upon the tongue, particularly near its base, is of itself sufficient to denote billiousness, an ailment to the development of which the hot weather--it may be remarked in passing--is extremely favorable, and which autumn often brings in its train as a lingering legacy. If not remedied--which it speedily may be with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters--then follow aggravated disorder of the stomach and bowels, dull pains beneath the lower right ribs, nausea and headache. A prompt use of this invaluable specific is always desirable no matter what the season. Upon the liver it exerts an influence directly beneficial. The bile, the obstruction to its flow being relieved by the relaxation of the bowels, returns to its natural channel, and the portion of it which has forced its way into and contaminated the blood is expelled. The stomach also resumes its digestive function. Rheumatism, fever and ague and kidney troubles also succumb to the Bitters.

THE GEORGIA FARM.

A PLEA IN FAVOR OF SAVINGS BANKS.

Improved Stock in Washington and Thomas Counties--Ready Sales in the Norte for Persimmons--The Pecan Industry--The Planting of Walnuts--Big Corn Yields, Etc.

A shipment of twenty high grade English cows, from the blue grass region of Kentucky, has given a boom to the live stock interests of Thomasville.

Mr. Henry Tiller, of Hart county, found in his cornfield an ear upon which were twenty-eight rows, containing 1,400 grains.

On the Sheibley river plantation, in Floyd county, W. W. Lowell made two hundred and fifty gallons of sorghum from one acre of land. Both land and sorghum were carefully measured.

Mrs. Daniel, a widow lady living in Laurens county, brought to Dublin a cluster of five pomegranates on the end of one sprig, each of which weighed four-fifths of a pound--four pounds collectively.

The Hartwell Sun says:

> Mr. S. W. Peek, of our town, contemplates planting a pecan grove of ten thousand trees. The nut is becoming very popular and profitable all over the south and in many of the northern and western states. It will certainly be of great benefit to the southern people to give the pecan the attention that it deserves. Our soil and climate are perfectly adapted to its culture, and groves planted now will be very remunerative in a few years. There are many acres of land on our southern farms that are almost worthless for other purposes, that would pay a handsome income in a short time, if planted in pecan trees of a good variety. They begin to bear when six and eight years of age, and after that period they increase very rapidly in bearing capacity, until they yield annual crops of ten to fifteen bushels each, which sell readily at three to six dollars per bushel. There are many varieties of the pecan, some of which are small and almost worthless, while others are large, thin shelled and very finely flavored. The immense yield of a few trees that we have seen in different portions of Georgia and South Carolina convinces us that a pecan grove anywhere in the south or west will be more profitable than an orange grove in Florida. The trees are as hardy as the hickory, require very little attention, and are exceedingly long lived.

Mr. William Pilcher, of Sumter county, gathered 208 bushels of corn from five acres. Mr. Mark Perry, of Schley, gathered seventy-two bushels from 1½ acres.

The Shockley apple crop, of Houston county, is short.

As an evidence of the prosperity of some of the citizens of Sumter county, the Recorder tells the following:

> A certain farmer living near Americus, walked into one of our business houses yesterday and asked the proprietor if he did not want to borrow $2,000, telling him that this was the surplus cash from the sale of his crop, and which he didn't need just now. The merchant replied that he also had a small cash surplus of $76,000 for which he was seeking an investment, and refused the farmer's proffered loan at even three per cent interest.

The Albany News says the fall roses of that section are beautiful. They bloom, it says, more abundantly than in spring, and are more appreciated, perhaps, that there are so few other flowers. Albany has many gardens that contain fine varieties, and they are now in the perfection of their loveliness. One garden of the city has a Chinese rosebush which has a beautiful flower, partaking of the nature of a rose and cotton bloom, too. It is of an immaculate white color in the morning of its blossoming, but by evening it has taken on the hues of a deep rose color. The News also has this:

> The News and Advertiser is indebted to Mr. J. J. Hall for specimens of English walnuts grown on his place, just across the Worth county line from Dougherty. The walnuts are well matured, and equal in size and flavor to any of the English walnuts brought here from foreign countries and sold in the stores at from 30 to 40 cents per pound. Mr. Hall obtained two trees from a nursery and set them out on his place seven years ago. One of the trees has been backward, but the other has grown luxuriantly, and bore about fifty nuts this season. The adaptability of the soil and climate of southwest Georgia to the growth of the English walnut appears to be pretty well demonstrated by Mr. Hall. We have heard of other trees in this region, but none of them, except that of Mr. Hall, have yet commenced to bear. Mr. Hall is one of the progressive, thrifty, self sustaining farmers of southwest Georgia, and our section needs more just like him. He has saved forty odd nuts from his tree and wants to plant them.

Quitman aspires to become the long cotton market of Georgia.

Sometime ago it was noted that seveasl crates of persimmons had been shipped north from Marshalville. A few days since Mr. L. A. Rumph received returns for his persimmons, which aggregated something over $7 per bushel, with instructions to ship all he could at once--market good and persimmons in demand.

Mr. J. D. Geise, of Bronwood, made, this year, one hundred and twenty-five bushels of corn on two and a half acres and sixty bushels of oats on one acre. After harvesting the oats Mr Geise then planted the land in potatoes and gathered from it one hunbred bushels of fine tubers.

The price for picking cotton this year was at least thirty per cent less than last year.

Messrs. John H. and R D. Harper sold 425 pounds of net beef in Fairburn, which was probably more beef than was ever sold in Fairburn before in one day.

The Americus Recorder is of the opinion that "the farmer with his forty, or eighty, or a hundred acres free of mortgage, is the peer of any business or salaried man in the world."

Mr. T. L Sims, of Forsyth county, has a cherry tree which is blossoming the second time this season.

On 20 acres John R. Hall, of Washington county, made 280 bushels of fine corn, all of the land having been cultivated 12 or 14 years, and the rest of it still longer. The only fertilizer used was a handful of cotton seed to the hill. Two ears weighed over two pounds, and 70 ears of this corn would make a bushel of ear corn. He also made a good crop of peas on the same stand.

Albany has made some reputation in her Jersey cattle. Several orders for Jerseys have been filled from a distance. One cow in Albany cost the owner $125, but has paid for herself, in the milk sold from her alone, several times.

Mr. J. H. M. Cliett has an excellent orchard of apples, pears, peaches, plums, etc., on his farm near Powersville, and is one of Houston's most successful fruit growers. He annually derives good profits from his strawberries.

The Sandersville Herald says:

> The increased and increasing attention given to improved stock of all kinds is among the hopeful signs of real progress in our good old county. We have fine Jerseys and grade Jerseys, with Devon and other varieties of cattle that will compare well with those perhaps of any section of middle or eastern Georgia. Some farmers also are giving careful attention to securing choice breeds of hogs, which will attract still greater attention, as the stock law prevails in so many districts of our county. We are also pleased to see that the importance of improved breeds of horses is not lost sight of by our sagacious farmers. Dr. Mathis has recently purchased a beautiful roan Norman colt, whose handsome make, style and color are much admired. The young horse is only sixteen months old, weighs 925 pounds and is about 14 hands high, a full medium size horse.

DEATHS IN GEORGIA.

Mrs. C E Corbin, one of the oldest and most highly esteemed citizens of Taylor county, died suddenly at her residence on the afternoon of the 16th instant.

Mrs. Mallary J. Thornton, a most estimable lady, died at Eureka, in Elbert county, last Wednesday, of typhoid pneumonia. She leaves a husband and a large family of children to mourn her loss.

That feeling of extreme debility is entirely overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I was tired all over, but Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me new life and strength," says a Pawtucket, R. I. lady. Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1 a bottle, or six bottles for $5.

SADLY "CUNJURED."

An Old Voodoo Woman Plying Her Trade in Stewart County.

LUMPKIN, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--A case of voodooism or "conjuring," has been the sensation here for several weeks.

It appears that Clara Lewis, a bright mulatto about twenty years old, was taken suddenly ill while going from Mrs. Harrell's to where she lived. She felt a sudden pain in her ankle, and the part affected swelled to such an extent that she could not walk home. Dr. T. B. Miller was called in and pronounced it a case of articular rheumatism. The case attracted the attention of a common railroad hand, "who spected it was a case of conjuring." Other wise ones were consulted, and the result was that a "conjure doctrress" named Colton was sent for.

DECLARED TO BE CONJURED.

She came. Before she arrived at the house she had gotten the full history of the case from the man who was sent for her. Arriving at the house she threw up her hands and cried out:

"Great God! what trouble dere is in dis house! Deep trouble? I smells docter's truck!"

She sent all the bystanders out, and proceeded to manipulate the girl. Preserving in her mind the circumstances of the case she told the astonished girl that she was conjured by a railroad nigger on a certain night, out of revenge for a slight she had given him. She told the girl that the man had dropped "a trick" at her gate when she would have to walk over it in going home. The result of this, repeating many things which the girl knew to be so, fastened conviction on her ignorant mind, and the doctress soon had her in her power. She procured some silver with which to procure a peculiar kind of medicine, and getting the girl to promise not to take any more "doctor's truck," departed. Dr. Miller called, and learning the situation withdrew in disgust. The girl soon become very sick from the lotions the old woman had given her, and was thought to be dying. The family again sent for the old witch, but after carefully questioning the driver as to her symptoms, turned what she had learned upon the poor driver to mystify him, and steadfastly

REFUSED TO COME.

"Why?"

"'Case dis am a case of conjurin' an' my set time ain't come. If de ailment is in her stomach she won't die. Which is it?"

"In the stomach," said the driver.

"Dar, now, see dat! I ain't a-coming till de set time; den I'll be dar and cure her."

With this the driver left. She came back after a few days. When she came to the door she waved her hand majestically, and the crowd of negroes fell back in awe. She went in and began her manipulations. She gave some medicine, and then called for a skillet of warm water. Into this she put the swollen ankle. Then she traced serpentine lines with her finger through the water, and mumbled out some strange incantations.

"Dar now! see dat!"

With this exclamation she exhibited to the affrighted girl and the rest of the negroes two little, live, wriggling, black scorpions, of the sort commonly called ground lizzards or ground puppies. They are commonly found under decayed logs in damp places, are damp and slick and look quite hideous.

TRIUMPH OF SORCERY.

She claimed to have exorcised them from the swollen foot of the patient. When she exhibited the strange little creatures to the bewildered bystanders her triumph was complete. She has been sent for again, and is now here, though the girl is still sick.

There is much method in this old woman's practice. Thus, it takes silver money to get the "truck." But one dose is given at long intervals, and that only by her own hands. She does not carry it about in saddle bags. When a dose is given, she has to return home with some silver to procure another supply. Again, her expenses are all paid. She only comes when she is urgently sent for, and her lodging, as a matter of course, is provided. The only outlay to be seen in this strange practice is in the labor of procuring the herbs and the live lizards.

THE ART OF FORETELLING.

Her art of foretelling is very simple. She manifests no interest in a case until she gets at some facts upon which to lay the foundation for a case of "conjuring." Thus it is manifest in this case that she adroitly picked out of the unsuspecting driver the fact that the girl had met the railroad negro at the gate and had offended him. With these facts she entrapped the patient. The exhibition of the lizards completed the triumph of superstition.

The manner of conjuring is in this wise. The conjurer watches for his victim and having procured a spell puts it where the victim may step over it, as on the ground, in a path or under a doorstep. The formula for fixing up a "spell" may be three jay bird's tail feathers, some snake bones and a tuft of burnt negro hair, wrapped up in a greasy woolen rag, and tied with a cotton string. A spell for bringing a "powerful trouble" may be varied from the above by substituting for the snake bones a human finger bone. But this will suffice.

Short Notes from Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--The residence of Dr. Wm. G. Thompson was partially burned this afternoon, the soot catching from a defective flue. The property was fully insured.

Savannah yesterday received 12,894 bales of cotton, the largest receipts in one day in the history of the port. The stock on hand to day is 100,560 bales, the largest ever recorded in one day in October.

William Gaston Allen, of South Carolina, consul to Mexico, accompanied by his bride and secretary, R. Tyler Jones, a grandson of the late ex President Tyler, arrived in the city en route to their destination, to day.

Oglethorpe Superior Court.

LEXINGTON, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--Oglethorpe superior court convened yesterday morning, His Honor Judge Hutchens in the chair. The grand jury was organized by electing Mr. Will Ed. Faust foreman. They then went before Judge Hutchens and received the charge. Solicitor-General Howard is on hand.

Divorced from a Mormon.

ROME, Ga., October 19.--[Special.]--In the superior court today a divorce was granted to Mary Echols from her husband, Samuel Echols. In 1882 Echols joined the Mormon church and desired his wife to join. She refused and he deserted her.

Care for the Children

Children feel the debility of the changing seasons, even more than adults, and they become cross, peevish, and uncontrollable. The blood should be cleansed and the system invigorated by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Last Spring my two children were vaccinated. Soon after, they broke all out with running sores, so dreadful I thought I should lose them. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured them completely; and they have been healthy ever since. I do feel that Hood's Sarsaparilla saved my children to me." MRS. C. L. THOMPSON, West Warren, Mass.

Purify the Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the combination of remedial agents; 2d, the proportion; 3d, the process of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. THOMPSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

Blood!

Impure Blood!

Weak, Watery, Vitiated, Stagnant.

Impoverished Blood!

What results? What follows this condition? Impaired digestion. Loss of appetite. Loss of strength. Languid feeling. Hectic fever. Pallid or flushed cheeks. Eruptions. Weakness of the muscles.

What a list of horrors! What untold suffering. And all can be cured, and the suffering entirely relieved, by one simple and perfect remedy. That remedy is

Brown's Iron Bitters.

The most perfect blood purifier made. Composed of vegetable remedies of well-known alterative and purifying properties, so combined with the strengthening elements of iron, and without the use of whiskey, that its action is directly upon the blood, removing all impurities, strengthening and vitalizing it, inciting it to healthy action, sending it coursing through the veins and arteries of the body with a vigor and life that quickens and enlivens the whole system. It removes the pallor of the cheeks, checks the fever, destroys languor, furnishes strength to the body, aids digestion, creates an appetite, and restores health. This result always follows the use of

Brown's Iron Bitters,

which, in furnishing the vital fluid with its life-giving principles, removes and prevents eruptions, and gives renewed strength to the muscles.

Do not delay! The impurities in your blood, if not corrected by the use of

Brown's Iron Bitters.

will cause a general debility of your whole system. Your stomach will become disordered; dyspepsia and indigestion will add their horrors to your suffering; weak kidneys, and sluggish, inactive liver, will result, and increase the dangers which already threaten you.

But if you have neglected all warnings, and your whole system has become thus disordered, disorganized and diseased, do not despair. There is still hope for you if you will now be wise. In

Brown's Iron Bitters

lies that hope. Use it freely, and you will soon see an improvement in your condition. Continue the use, and you will become well.

Brown's Iron Bitters strengthens your kidneys, relieves the clogged liver, drives out the bile, and the whole system is repaired, reorganized and rebuilt.

Health and strength, happiness and long life, may be yours if you will use

Brown's Iron Bitters.

Can be obtained anywhere. Price only one dollar a bottle.

Prepared by the Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

D. C. BACON, Pres. M. F. AMOROUS, Gen. Mgr.

ATLANTA LUMBER CO.

YARDS, Humphries St. & E. T., V. & G. Railway. | OFFICE, 48 MARIETTA ST. | MILLS, On Line C. R. R. and E. T., V. & Ga. Ry.

LONG LEAF PINE!

Kiln-Dry Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboarding, Shingles and Laths,

Bridge and Trestle Timbers,

Best in quality, lowest in price. Write for estimates on house bills.

sep 16, 1y 2dp n r m

BIG G

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.

Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

G has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction.

MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex.

G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oldom.

A. L. SMITH. Bradford, Pa.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

OPIUM HABIT CURED IN 15 DAYS.

NO CURE. NO PAY.

All we ask is a trial and a PERMANENT CURE is GUARANTEED. Address

DRS. NELMS & MOORE
Smyrna, Cobb Co., Ga.

feb2--d1y

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

DR. RICE,

For 15 years at 37 Court Place, now at

322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky

Bet. Third and Fourth,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency

as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams) Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system; Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

A PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 100 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

Blood!

Impure Blood!

ak, Watery, Vitiated, Stagnant.

Impoverished Blood!

at results? What follows this condition? mpaired digestion. Loss of appetite. oss of strength. Languid feeling. ectic fever. Pallid or flushed checks. Eruptions. Weakness of the muscles.

What a list of horrors! What untold fering. And all can be cured, and the fering entirely relieved, by one simple d perfect remedy. That remedy is

Brown's Iron Bitters.

The most perfect blood purifier made. Composed of vegetable remedies of ll-known alterative and purifying roperties, so combined with the strength ning elements of iron, and without the e of whiskey, that its action is directly pon the blood, removing all impurities, rengthening and vitalizing it, inciting to healthy action, sending it coursing rough the veins and arteries of the dy with a vigor and life that quickens d enlivens the whole system. It removes the pallor of the cheeks, checks e fever, destroys languor, furnishes rength to the body, aids digestion, cretes an appetite, and restores health. his result always follows the use of

Brown's Iron Bitters,

hich, in furnishing the vital fluid with s life-giving principles, removes and revents eruptions, and gives renewed trength to the muscles.

Do not delay! The impurities in your blood, if not corrected by the use of

Brown's Iron Bitters.

will cause a general debility of your whole system. Your stomach will become disordered; dyspepsia and indigestion will add their horrors to your suffering; weak kidneys, and sluggish, inactive liver, will result, and increase the dangers which already threaten you.

But if you have neglected all warnings, and your whole system has become thus disordered, disorganized and diseased, do not despair. There is still hope for you if you will now be wise. In

Brown's Iron Bitters

lies that hope. Use it freely, and you will soon see an improvement in your condition. Continue the use, and you will become well.

Brown's Iron Bitters strengthens your kidneys, relieves the clogged liver, drives out the bile, and the whole system is repaired, reorganized and rebuilt.

Health and strength, happiness and long life, may be yours if you will use

Brown's Iron Bitters.

Can be obtained anywhere. Price only one dollar a bottle.

Prepared by the Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

C. BACON, Pres. M. F. AMOROUS, Gen. Mgr

ATLANTA LUMBER CO.

YARDS, Humphries St. E. T., V. & G. Railway. | OFFICE, 48 MARIETTA ST. | MILLS, On Line C. R. R. and E. T., V. & Ga. Ry.

LONG LEAF PINE!

Kiln-Dry Dressed Flooring, Ceiling,

Weatherboarding, Shingles and Laths,

Bridge and Trestle Timbers,

Best in quality, lowest in price.

Write for estimates on house bills.

sep 16, ly 2dp n r m

BIG G

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

G has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction.

MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex.

G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oldom.

A. L. SMITH. Bradford, Pa.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

OPIUM HABIT CURED IN 15 DAYS.

NO CURE. NO PAY.

All we ask is a trial and a PERMANENT CURE is GUARANTEED. Address

DRS. NELMS & MOORE Smyrna, Cobb Co., Ga.

feb2—dly

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

DR. RICE,

For 15 years at 37 Court Place, now at

322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky

Bet. Third and Fourth,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

as the result of self abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams) Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system; Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

THE SUPREME COURT.

DECISIONS RENDERED TUESDAY OCTOBER 19, 1886.

Hon. James Jackson, Chief Justice—Hons. M. H. Blandford and Samuel Hall, associate Justices—Reported for the Constitution by J. H. Lumpkin, Supreme Court Reporter.

City of Atlanta vs. Word. Case, from city court of Atlanta. Husband and Wife. Municipal Corporations. Streets and Sidewalks. Sewers. Negligence. Constitutional law. Damage. Estoppel. (Before Judge Van Epps.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. Although, where a husband and wife were jointly in possession of realty, the presumption would be that the possession was that of the husband, yet where, in a suit by the wife for damages to the realty, resulting from the grading of a street, the husband testified that the joint possession was in right of the wife, and where a deed to the wife was put in evidence, this was sufficient evidence of ownership by the wife to warrant a recovery by her, and a non suit was properly refused. If the deed was introduced at any stage of the trial before verdict, a new trial will not be granted, because of a refusal to grant a non-suit. 53 Ga., 454, 685; 67 Id., 144.

2. There was no error in admitting evidence in respect to damage to flooring, papering and the brick walls of the house, because such damage was to the freehold. The possession of a married woman under a deed to her was sufficient title to authorize a recovery by her for such injury to the realty. 94 Ills., 55.

3. Where suit was brought against a municipal corporation for damages resulting from the grading of a street, or the construction or change of a sewer, or other like improvements necessary to the city's advancement and prosperity, if the work was done with reasonable and proper care and skill, any increase of value arising to the property from the grading could be set up to diminish the damages, or defeat a recovery, if equal to the damage. But if the work was negligently, carelessly and unskillfully done, and this caused the damage, the rule announced would not apply, and increase of value arising from grading the street could not be set up to diminish or defeat the recovery of damages resulting from such negligence. 67 Ga., 386; 70 Id., 611.

(a.) Prior to the constitution of 1877, a municipal corporation was not liable for damages resulting from the legislative act or exercise of judgment in ordering a street to be graded or a sewer therein to be constructed; but if the ministerial work of constructing such improvements was negligently done, the city was liable. Under the constitution of 1877, the municipal corporation is made liable for damages resulting from such work, however skilfully done. It is against such damages, where the work is carefully done, that increase of value by reason of the work may be set up. For damages from careless, unskilful and negligent ministerial work, such set off never was allowed. 23 Ga., 402; 28 Id., 46; 34 Id., 326; 66 Id., 80.

(b.) There being evidence tending to show that a part of the damages resulted from the change of grade of the street, as to damages resulting from that cause increase of value arising therefrom could be shown, and evidence for that purpose was admissible.

4. Where an ordinance of a municipal corporation prohibited any connection with its main sewers from any lot without its permission and except under its supervision, and imposed a penalty for so doing, if a connection was made, the presumption of innocence of crime would raise an inference that permission was obtained and the law complied with. But this presumption was subject to be rebutted, and was so rebutted in this case. 3 East, 104; 10 Id., 352; 2 B. and A., 556; 1 Greenl., §35.

(a.) If the city recognized this connecting sewer by having it worked upon by those engaged in working on its own sewers, or by other acts of recognition of it as under the care of the city on clear proof thereof, it might be estopped from enforcing the ordinance, and might enable the property owner to recover for damages connected with such sewer, in spite of the trespass of herself or ancestors in the title upon the city's sewers without leave; but the fact that a contractor to lay sidewalks merely moved the pavement and put it back, would hardly estop the city; and there was no evidence to work such result in this case. 74 Ga., 774 (in press); 4 Wallace, 657.

Judgment reversed.

J. B. Goodwin; J. T. Pendleton, for plaintiff in error.

Alexander & Turnbull, for defendant.

Marsh, Jr., vs. Phillips, Jr., & Co. Certiorari, from Fulton. Attachment. Garnishment. Service. Amendment. Judgment. Res adjudicata. (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.)

Jackson, C. J.—Ordinarily, an attachment which has been levied by service of summons of garnishment can be executed by another levy or by another service of garnishment. Where a summons of garnishment issued under an attachment has been served, and upon the merits of the answer of the garnishee he is discharged, such discharge is a judgment on the issue of indebtedness of the garnishee to the defendant in attachment, and cannot be opened, except, as other judgments may be opened, for some legal reason; but if the garnishee be discharged on a mere technical point, he may be served again.

(a) Whether the discharge of the garnishee in this case was a judgment after issue and trial on the truth of the garnishee's answer, or rested on a technical objection, is not clear, but can be better determined on a fuller answer to the certiorari by the justice of the peace before whom the trial was had.

2. Where the entry of service of the garnishment stated that service had been made on E. W. M., and E. W. M., Jr., was, in fact, the garnishee, the entry could be amended so as to conform to the facts.

3. If a good traverse and answer formed an issue, it does not appear how the garnishee was in default; but this can be better determined under the facts, on a fuller answer of the justice. Code, §§3283, 3288, 3266, 3536; Acts 1866, p. 24.

Judgment affirmed.

Candler, Thomson & Candler, for plaintiff in error.

John G. Coldwell, for defendants.

Enright vs. City of Atlanta. Case, from City Court of Atlanta. Practice in Supreme Court. Streets and Sidewalks. Damages. Charge of Court. Evidence. Practice in Superior Court. Notice. (Before Judge Van Epps.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. Where an exception to a part of the charge embraces more than one issue of law, the plaintiff in error must specify on which one he assigns error and for what reason, unless the whole part excepted to is erroneous. 60 Ga., 82.

2. Where the jury failed to find any damages at all, alleged errors in the charge as to the measure of damages will not be considered, unless they show bias or unfairness generally in the charge, or some other bearing on the case besides the measure of damages; and if so, that particular reason for such exception must be specified. Code, §4251.

3. In a suit against a city for damages resulting from falling into a hole on a sidewalk, it being in issue whether the plaintiff was under the influence of liquor at the time of the injury or not, there was no error in admitting evidence of repeated drunkenness for some years before the injury and afterwards, the judge having cautioned the jury that, unless the plaintiff was under the effect of liquor on the night of the injury, such testimony could not affect his case.

4. That counsel for the defendant, in cross-examining the plaintiff, called him familiarly "Pat," furnishes no ground for a reversal of the judgment below. Such matters are for the control of the presiding judge, and this court will not interfere with them, unless some gross outrage to the party be made very apparent and damage resulting to his case plainly appears.

5. There was no error in charging that, if the injury was pure accident, caused neither by the negligence of the city nor that of the plaintiff, there could be no recovery.

6. While the time during which a defect in a sidewalk existed may appear to this court to be sufficient to charge the city with notice of its condition, yet it is not for the presiding judge to prescribe in his charge the length of time which will raise a presumption of negligence in not taking notice. Questions of negligence are peculiarly for the jury, and it was one to leave to the jury to say whether or not, under the evidence, the time was sufficient to show negligence. 53 Ga., 607.

7. If a city was negligent in not repairing a hole in one of its sidewalks, and a passenger was injured by falling into it, it is not sufficient to prevent his recovery that he may have been lacking in ordinary care and diligence to avoid the injury; but it must appear that by the use of such ordinary care and diligence he could have avoided the injury.

(a.) The charge of the court on this subject is not clear; and while elsewhere he laid down the law correctly, a new trial might be granted, if this court were satisfied that the plaintiff was free from the effects of liquor and could not have avoided the consequences to himself by ordinary care.

Judgment affirmed.

R. Arnold, for plaintiff in error.

J. B. Goodwin; J. T. Pendleton, for defendant.

Clarke, Harrison & Co. vs. Brown. Complaint, from Fulton. Contracts. Futures. Principal and Agent. (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.)

Jackson, C. J.—Where a principal deposited money with his agents to be used in the purchase of futures in pork and grain, he could recover the amount so deposited from his agents, in an action for money had and received. He could not set up the illegal contract to recover profits realized thereunder, nor could the agents set up the illegal contract for the purpose of defeating a recovery by the principal of the money deposited with them, and which was held by them. Code, §2750; 30 Ga., 547; 1 Bos. & Pul., 3.

(a) It did not matter whether the money sued for by the principal was the identical money furnished by him, or whether the agents deposited the money so furnished in bank with other deposits of theirs, and used such money for filling margins for futures, and afterwards replaced them to the credit of the principal. The question is, whose money is it, the agents' or the principal's. Nor does this stand in the position of an executed contract, in which both parties are in pari delicto.

(b.) This ruling does not conflict with the Code or the previous rulings of this court, the action not being to enforce an illegal contract, but to recover money in the hands of agents belonging to their principal. Code, §§2191, 2638, 2750; 45 Ga., 501; 59 Id., 25; 68 Id., 299, 124; 3 Id., 176; 41 Id., 315; 55 Id., 235, 262; 71 Id., 400; Nat'l B'k of Aug. vs. Cunningham, (Oct. Term, '85.)

Judgment affirmed.

E. F. Abbott, for plaintiffs in error.

W. I. Heyward, by W. R. Brown, for defendant.

Polite vs. State. Burglary, from Fulton. Criminal Law. Continuance. Evidence. (Before Judge Richard H. Clark.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. The evidence is sufficient to convict the defendant. On an indictment for burglary, where the charge is that, after the breaking and entering, valuable goods are stolen and carried away, larceny from the house is in the charge, and the jury may find that offense. The verdict is not contrary to law and evidence. 60 Ga., 88.

2. The continuance on the ground that a witness for whom a subpoena was issued was issued was absent, was properly denied. The affidavit is faulty in that it does not declare either that the witness is not absent with defendant's consent, or that the applicatoin is not made for delay. Code, §3522.

3. Newly discovered evidence, as a ground of a motion for a new trial, is not favored by the courts, and is much within the discretion of the presiding judge. In the present case, the affidavits only fixed the possession of the stolen property once in another, and at most would show only a particeps criminis. Besides, there is no evidence as to the character of the witness who will give the new evidence; which is necessary to enable this court to act advisedly on the discretion of the judge below, inasmuch as, without record evidence of character, the circuit judge is presumed to know witnesses and parties better than the judges of this reviewing court. 55 Ga., 702; 56 Id., 403.

Judgment affirmed.

F. R. Walker, for plaintiff in error.

C. D. Hill, solicitor general; J. L. Mayson; W. P. Hill, for the state.

Ratteree vs. State. Cheating and swindling, from City Court of Atlanta. Criminal Law. New Trial. Charge of Court. Pleadings. Indictment. (Before Judge Van Epps.)

Hall, J.—1. Under an accusation for obtaining credit for goods by making false representations, the evidence for the state showed, in brief, as follows: Defendant obtained the goods, representing that he was employed by the Central railroad company, and time was given for payment. In fact he was not employed by that company, but by another as good and solvent. The wages of the employes of the Central company were paid half a month in advance of those of the other company. Defendant made no statement as to when his wages would be paid, but the prosecutor testified that he knew the times of payment. The prosecutor swore that he would not have let the defendant have the goods, if the latter had told him correctly which company he was working for; but it did not appear that defendant knew the impression under which the prosecutor acted. Defendant was convicted:

Held, that the charge of the court having ignored the charge made by the accusation, and which the evidence tended to establish, if it tended to establish any crime, namely lieing to obtain credit, for error in the charge, as well as the fact that the evidence and accusation did not correspond, and that neither is sufficient to uphold the conviction, a new trial is granted.

2. If the grounds of a motion for new trial are not correct, counsel should be required to make it so before they are verified. If the motion which goes into and forms part of the bill of exceptions is incorrect, it should be corrected in the manner pointed out by the statute. The practice of correcting grounds of a motion by notes generally referring to the entire charge for corrections, is bad.

3. Under the liberal system of pleading in this state, it was proper to overrule a motion in arrest of judgment. The accusation does not set forth the offense in the terms and language of the Code, yet it may be that it states it so distinctly that the jury may understand it.

4. The exception to the charge in relation to the force and effect of the defendant's statement, and the considerations which detract from or support it, is not well taken; it is substantially the same as that in 71 Ga., 296, which this court approved.

Judgment reversed.

Jackson, C. J., dissenting.

Geo. S. Thomas, for plaintiff in error.

C. D. Hill, solicitor general; J. L. Mayson; Wm. P. Hill, for the state.

Lewis vs. City of Atlanta. Case, from Fulton. Husband and Wife. Damages. Streets and Sidewalks. Municipal Corporations. (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.)

Hall, J.—1. Where an action for damages was brought by a married woman, alone, without joining her husband with her, to recover from a municipal corporation for personal injuries to her in consequence of obstructions in a street, made by private parties who had accumulated materials for paving the same in front of their residences, and who had left such materials during the night without signal lights or barriers, the plaintiff could not recover for expenses incurred by her in consequence of the injury, unless actually paid by her, there being no testimony going to show that she was living separate from her husband, that she was a free trader, that she had any separate property, or that she personally undertook to pay these expenses or in any manner bound herself to do so. The married woman's law does not have the effect of giving her the right to recover for such expenses, without joining her husband in the action and without any proof on the points stated. Code, §§1754, 1757, 1785, 1783, 1755, 1774.

2. Where material was so left in the street by adjoining property owners or persons employed by them, and an ordinance of the city required that they should prepare and place lights thereon during the night, so as to warn persons passing along the street of such obstructions, but in violation of it lights were not so placed, if the proper agents or officers of the city had notice of such failure and neglected to place such lights themselves or to require it to be done, or if the failure occurred for a sufficient length of time before the injury to have required the proper agents or officers of the city to have known of it in the exercise of ordinary care and diligence, and they failed to place the lights themselves or require it to be done, and a passenger along the street was injured by reason of such failure to provide lights, and could not have avoided the injury by the exercise of ordinary care, then such passenger could recover therefor, but if the agents or officers of the city did not have notice of the failure to light the obstruction, and such failure did not occur for a sufficient length of time before the injury, so that they ought to have known of it in the exercise of ordinary care and diligence, then the plaintiff could not recover. There was no error in charging to this effect and refusing to charge to the contrary.

(a.) This case differs from that of the Mayor etc., of Savannah vs. Donnelly, 71 Ga., 258, 259.

Judgment affirmed.

John C. Reed; G. T. Osborn, for plaintiff in error.

J. B. Goodwin; J. T. Pendleton, for defendant.

Trotti vs. Wyly & Greene. Certiorari, from Fulton. Possessory Warrant. Actions. Trover. (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.)

Hall, J.—A proceeding by possessory warrant is summary and harsh and in derogation of common law; and the statue authorizing it should be strictly construed and closely followed. Unless it clearly appears that the defendant acquired the possession in one of the modes inhibited by the act of the legislature, there is nothing for the proceeding to rest on. Under a possessory warrant there is no question as to the title or as to the right of possession, but the sole question is as to the manner in which the possession has been obtained by the defendant. Therefore, where one deposited a note for a debt, and subsequently received possession of such note from the creditors for collection, giving them a receipt therefor, and where the title to the note and the balance due on the debt was in dispute, a possessory warrant was not the proper remedy to recover possession of the note. If it had been converted after its delivery, trover could be brought for it, and, if necessary, bail could be required. Cobb's Dig., 590; 30 Ga., 207, 209; 70 Id., 628.

(a.) This case differs from that of Meredith vs. Knott & Hollingsworth, 34 Ga., 222.

Judgment reversed.

T. P. Westmoreland, for plaintiff in error.

Jackson & King, for defendants.

Singer Manufacturing Co. vs. Walker & Co. Certiorari, from Fulton. Appeal. Justice Courts. Practice in Superior Court. Amendment. (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.)

Hall, J.—1. Where a case was tried before a justice of the peace, and from the judgment rendered by him the defendant appealed to a jury in that court, if, upon the call of the case for trial upon the appeal, the defendant did not appear, it was error for the justice for that reason to dismiss the appeal. An appeal is a de novo investigation, and should not be dismissed because of the absence of the defendant. Code, §3627, 4157 (a).

2. There was no error in refusing to allow the plaintiff in certiorari to amend the grounds of his petition therefor.

Judgment reversed.

Alexander & Turnbull, for plaintiff in error.

J. C. Jenkins, for defendant.

Barlow vs. State. Larceny from the house, from City Court of Atlanta. Criminal law. Amendment. Practice in Superior Court. (Before Judge Van Epps).

Blandford, J.—1. An accusation was made in the City Court of Atlanta against the defendant for simple larceny. Before the trial was entered on, the prosecuting attorney asked the counsel for the accused if they would agree that the accusation should be so amended as to charge the offense to be that of larceny from the house, and this was agreed to in open court, the accused being present. After the trial had proceeded to the extent of swearing the jury, the prosecuting attorney discovered that the accusation, as it had been amended, alleged that the property belonged to the accused instead of the prosecutor. Over objection of the defendant's counsel, the court allowed an amendment to be made correcting this allegation:

Held that this was not error. The agreement in open court that the accusation might be changed from simple larceny to larceny from the house embraced the right of the solicitor to make a good and perfect accusation for the latter offense; and having been made when the solicitor could have withdrawn the accusation and presented another, it was right to allow it to be consummated by the making of the amendment.

2. Although the accusation and facts of a case may make a case of burglary, yet if they also make a case of larceny from the house, the defendant may be convicted of the latter offense. Code, §§4386, 4413; 60 Ga., 88.

3. The verdict is supported by the evidence.

Judgment affirmed.

Wimbish & Walker, for plaintiff in error.

C. D. Hill, solicitor city court pro tem., for the state.

First National Bank of Winston, N. C., vs. Atlanta Rubber Co. Attachment and claim, from Fulton. Fraud. Garnishment. Debtor and Creditor. Evidence. (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.)

Blandford, J.—1. Where a fact rests in the knowledge of a party, and he fails to make it appear, so as to clear up the issue in the case which involves it, one issue being that of fraud or no fraud, the jury may infer against such party on that account; but where the fact is concealed when the party is interrogated concerning it, this of itself suggests fraud. Therefore in an issue arising under a garnishment and claim, involving the question whether certain insurance policies belonging to the debtor had been assigned bona fide after the occurrence of a loss and before the service of garnishment, or whether such assignments were made to hinder, delay and defraud the creditors of the insured, and where the testimony of the cashier of the bank to which the assignment had been made was taken by interrogatories, and in answer to a question by the plaintiff as to the indebtedness of the insured to the bank, he stated that the insured and its superintendent (it being a company) were indebted to the bank about $20,000, and in answer to an interrogatory as to how much the bank had received from the insurance companies, stated that it had collected the whole loss, as shown by the adjustments and its receipts upon the policies; and where the adjustment of loss among the several companies was sworn to have amounted to $20,309, such facts warranted a charge upon the law as to fraudulent assignments.

2. Evidence of statements made by a witness conflicting with his testimony on the stand was admissible to contradict him.

3. The verdict is supported by the evidence.

Judgment affirmed.

B. F. Abbott, for plaintiff in error.

J. C. Jenkins; Geo. T. Fry, for defendant.

Etheridge vs. State. Larceny after trust, from Fulton. Criminal law. Verdict. Evidence. New trial. (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.)

Blandford, J.—Under an indictment for fraudulently converting to the defendant's own use the proceeds of the sale of a horse with which he had been entrusted by the owner to sell, the testimony of the prosecutor showed that he had delivered the horse to the defendant under an agreement that the latter should take the horse and sell it, bear all the expense, and have all the horse brought over $45; that defendant failing to effect a sale, the prosecutor agreed that he might have all he could get above $10; that the defendant finally sold the horse for $30—$11 in cash and $19 in a note on the purchaser; that he tendered the note to the prosecutor, which the latter refused to receive; and that he used the $11 in paying for food for the horse, according to his statement:

Held, that, under these facts, there was no fraudulent conversion by the defendant of the proceeds for which the horse sold. A fraudulent conversion is a deception deliberately practiced in order to gain an undue and unfair advantage. The conduct of the defendant in this case is consistent with honest and fair dealing.

2. A new trial should have been granted on account of the newly discovered evidence of a witness who would testify that he heard the prosecutor tell the defendant to take the horse and sell it for what he could get; to do the best he could, thus making the third arrangement between the parties. The defendant might well have concluded that the prosecutor was to pay for the food of the horse under this last arrangement.

(a.) The defendant being an old man, and the evidence showing that he has always borne a good reputation for honesty, the ends of justice require that a new trial should be granted.

Judgment reversed.

J. H. Smith; Geo. T. Fry, for plaintiff in error.

C. D. Hill, solicitor general; J. L. Mayson; Wm. P. Hill, for the state.

Thorn vs. City of Atlanta. Certiorari from Fulton. Criminal Law. Liquor. License. County Matters. Powers. (Before Judge Richard H. Clark.)

Blandford, J.—The act creating the board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Fulton county directs that such board may or may not grant licenses to sell spirituous or malt liquors. A discretion is vested in the board to grant or refuse such licenses, but this discretion is that of the commissioners, not of their clerk. He has no such discretion or authority, and he cannot exercise it for the commissioners. Therefore a license to sell spirituous or malt liquors in the city of Atlanta, issued by such clerk in the absence of the commissioners and without their express order and without their knowledge, was void; and the recorder of the city had authority, under the ordinance thereof, to impose a punishment for its violation, as was done. Acts 1880-'81, p. 508; Id., 1884-'85, p. 42; 32 Minn., 145, 2 Dill. Minn. Corp., 779; Code of Atlanta, §15.

Judgment affirmed.

R. J. Jordan, for plaintiff in error.

J. B. Goodwin; J. T. Pendleton, for defendant.

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime, Alum or Phosphates. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, etc., flavor deliciously.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO, AND ST. LOUIS.

july 15—d&wkyly top col nr m or folr m 8p

Wanted—Board.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG MEN, BOARD and lodging in private family. Address A. Y. Z., 56 Wall street

Auction Sales.

OLCOTT & HAYGOOD SELL 9 A. M. THIS morning fine iron safe, scales, sideboard, furniture, desk, matrasses, wardrobes, safes and many other goods. Call on us to move your furniture. Also, at private sale, 2 top delivery wagons, good as new; also two fine family horses.

PARSONS' PILLS

These pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure or relieve all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them, and you will always be thankful. One pill a dose. Parsons' Pills contain nothing harmful, are easy to take, and cause no inconvenience. One box will do more to purify the blood and cure chronic ill health than $5 worth of any other remedy yet discovered. If people could be made to realize the marvelous power of these pills, they would walk 100 miles to get a box if they could not be had without. Sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Illustrated pamphlet free, postpaid. Send for it; the information is very valuable. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Make New Rich Blood!

Dec wed fri mon wky n x m

Mention this paper.

BLOUNT & HILL,

MANUFACTURERS

Whte Hickory Wagons,

ONE TWO AND FOUR HORSE.

Dump Carts for Railroad and Farm Work.

One and Two Horse Drays, for city use, made to order.

Address BLOUNT & HILL, Atlanta, Ga.

pom

ADAIR BROS. & CO.

General Agents, Atlanta, Ga.,

FURMAN FARM IMPROVEMENT COMPANY,

We take pleasure in informing our customers and dealers generally that we have contracted with the above firm to sell the entire product of our factory. They are now prepared to fill orders from dealers on short notice and easy terms for

Acid Phosphate, Furman High Grade Guano, Buffalo Bone Guano

And other brands that we may manufacture. Send your orders direct to them.

oct 3 d&w3m

L. J. HILL, President Furman Farm Improvement Co.

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ATLANTA, Ga., August , 886,

On and after this date, August 1st, passenger trains will run as follows:

Trains * daily; † daily except Sunday.

The standard time by which these trains run is the same as Atlanta city time.

Leave Atlanta	* 6 00 a m	* 6 50 p m	* 3 10 p m	* 4 30 p m
Arrive Barnesville	* 8 02 a m	* 9 03 p m	* 5 20 p m	* 7 10 p m
Arrive Macon	* 9 30 a m	* 10 40 p m	* 7 00 p m	
Arrive Columbus	* 2 25 p m		† 2 43 a m	
Arrive Montgomery	* 7 23 p m			
Arrive Eufaula	* 3 58 p m			
Arrive Albany	* 2 45 p m		* 11 10 p m	
Arrive Millen	* 1 13 p m	* 3 00 a m		
Arrive Augusta	* 3 45 p m	* 6 15 a m		
Arrive Savannah	* 4 07 p m	* 5 55 a m		

Passengers for Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Milledgeville, Eatonton, Thomaston, Carrollton, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Beuna Vista, Blakely and Clayton should take the 6 a. m. train.

Leave Barnesville	* 7 19 p m	* 5 18 a m	* 11 25 p m	* 4 50 a m
Leave Macon	* 5 40 p m	* 3 35 a m	* 9 45 a m	
Leave Columbus	* 12 00 m		* 11 45 p m	
Leave montgomery	* 7 40 a m			
Leave Eufaula	* 10 55 a m			
Leave Albany	* 12 00 m		* 5 40 a m	
Leave Millen	* 12 00 m	* 11 15 p m		
Leave Augusta	* 9 30 a m			
Leave Savannah	* 8 40 a m	* 5 20 p m		
Arrive Atlanta	* 9 35 p m	* 7 32 a m	* 1 35 p m	* 7 50 a m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savanna and Atlanta, Macon and Columbus.

Tickets for all points and sleeping car berths on sale at Union Depot office, Atlanta.

ALBERT HOWELL, U. T. Agt.

G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Help Wanted—Male.

WANTED—A SMART BOY TO READ ALOUD to student from 7 to 9 p. m. Address in own handwriting C. H., care carrier 11th district.

WANTED—PAINTERS, TWO BRUSH HANDS on wagons. Apply at once to White Hickory Wagon works, East Point, Ga.

WANTED—TWO HARNESS MAKERS AT once. Address or call on R. H. Allen, Buford, Ga. wed sa

TAILORS WANTED—TWO GOOD COAT makers wanted immediately. Apply to M. Greenburg, Macon, Ga. sun wed

SALESMAN WANTED WHO CAN CONTROL a grocery or tea trade, to sell teas exclusively. Address lock box 244, postoffice Philadelphia. we fri sat we sat

WE WANT YOU—A LIVE, ENERGETIC MAN or woman needing profitable employment to represent us in every county. Salary $75 per month and expenses, or a large commission on sales if preferred. Good staple, everyone buys. Outfit and particulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. sep 18 sat we 6m

Help Wanted—Female.

WANTED—LADIES TO WORK FOR US AT their own homes. $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made. No photo painting; no canvassing. For full particulars please address at once, Crescent art company, 19 Central street, Boston, Mass., box 5170. fri su mon wed

Situations Wanted—Male.

WANTED BY EXPERIENCED MAN—POSITION as hotel clerk, night or day; best reference. Address B., Constitution. oct18-1w

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT A SECOND-hand piano, cheap. Upright preferred. Apply to W. B. Seals, at Sunny South Female Seminary, 87 Loyd st.

WANTED—A BUTCHER. APPLY TO S. A. Rauschenberg, 133 Whitehall street.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND IRON safe, cheap for cash. Herring's No. 6 preferred. The Tolleson Commission Co., 28 South Pryor street. 3t

WANTED—A POSITION IN A SCHOOL OR private family, by a teacher of several years' experience. Teaches English Branches, Latin, French, Calisthenics and rudiments of Music on piano. Best of references given. Address Miss Lenora Bristow, Vernon Hill, Halifax Co., Va.

Wanted—Agents.

WANTED—ACTIVE AND INTELLIGENT Agents for the BEST selling subscription books ever published. Agents make from $50 to $100 per month. Address Capt. W. B. Kendrick, General Agent, Nos. 6 and 8 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Miscellaneous.

PURCHASING AGENCY—BY A LADY OF EXperience and taste with the best facilities. I refer by consent to Mrs. J. H. Porter and Mrs. Benjamin Conley, of Atlanta, Ga. Send for circular. Mrs. S. S. Jones, 179 Gates ave., Brooklyn, New York. 1m

Personal.

MRS. C. H. SMITH, NEE MISS LILLIE O'Meara, would be pleased to see her patrons and friends at M. Kutz & Co's. oct20 1w

IF YOU WISH YOUR HAIR CUT IN A CAREful manner by old experienced barbers who make hair cutting a strict specialty, go to Maltry's elegant shop, 29 Whitehall street. Usual charges.

H. FRANKLIN'S TELEPHONE FOR PLUMBing, gas and steam fitting, is No. 583. Oct 5 1m

Buying vs. Renting.

I WILL SELL YOU A HOME ON EASY INSTALments. Wm. A. Haygood, 17½ Peachtree street. oct10 1m

For Rent—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

TO RENT—HANDSOME SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, 51 Wheat street. Apply to Atlanta Elevator. G. W. Akers

FOR RENT—AT EDGEWOOD DEPOT, NICE cottage, nine rooms, superior water. Jno. L. Hopkins. su we-tf

FOR RENT—CHEAP TO PROPER PARTY—MY 7 room residence, with good 2 room servant house, stables, etc., orchard, vegetable garden, in all 10 acres, on West Foundry street, inside city limits. Philip Breitenbucher, 32 Marietta street.

Furnished Rooms.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.—TWO BED rooms, dining, kitchen and servants room also use of parlor, in a family without children. Pleasant location near the Ben. Hill monument. $20 per month, references exchanged. Address, A. B., P. O. box 33. oct12, we,fri.

For Rent—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—STORE AND DWELLING CORNER Peters and Humphreys sts. Has been recently remodeled. Will rent on reasonable terms to a good tenant. Jacob Haas, 8, Gate City Building. sun wed fri

FOR RENT—GOOD BEEF MARKET STAND on Whitehall street—traded out. Also house to rent cheap. Dr. D. Smith, 66½ Whitehall St. wed sun

FOR RENT—TWO STORES ON BROAD STREET, with basements, thorough ventilation. Anthony Murphy. 4t

"THE BRUNSWICK," 150 AND 152 WHITEhall street, has just been put in order to lease or rent. Call at 158 Whitehall street. 1w

CHAMBERLAIN, BOYNTON & CO. HAVE SEVeral first class offices for rent, either single or in suite. Elevator to all rooms. No choicer rooms in the city. Oct 17 7t

Money Wanted.

MONEY WANTED—$600 WANTED FOR 12 months. Secured by mortgage on merchandise worth $2,400. Will pay 10 per cent interest. Straight out. No bonus. Address "safe," care Constitution. 3t

Boarders Wanted

LARGE FRONT ROOM WITH BOARD; ALSO day boarders wanted at No. 9 Houston street, intersection Pryor, Peachtree and Houston sts.

PARTIES WISHING BOARD IN A NICE, QUIET place convenient to business, would do well to call at 46 Courtland avenue. Elegant new brick house, with all the modern convenience. 1mo

Auction Sales—Real Estate.

LEAK & LYLE, AUCTIONEERS.—AT AUCtion, Tuesday, October 26th, at three o'clock, those three beautiful vacant lots on Forrest avenue, adjoining the property of Mr. Lay. Lots 53½ feet front, running back 140 feet to 15 feet alley in the rear. These lots lie beautifully for residences. Are on one of the most fashionable streets of the city, only 2½ blocks from Peachtree street. Call at our office and get plats, and be sure to attend the sale. Terms ⅓ cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. Leak & Lyle, 37 Marietta street. 3t Sun Wen and Sun

CLOVER (BRAND) CONDENSED MILK

PURE, FRESH, UNSKIMMED.

Pure water is in reality one of the most important requisites of good milk. The country around Northville is peculiarly well adapted to dairying. The land is hilly and very fertile, and contains the very finest clover pastures of our State. Cold springs come to the surface all over, no farm being without them. This gives abundant water at all times accessible to the cows. To secure the very best of milk, Pure, Fresh and Sweet, we located our works directly at source of production, thereby avoiding all danger of

TAINTED MILK.

Many brands of condensed milk are made of milk hawked around cities from house to house, and what cannot be sold is afterwards condensed and thrown on the market. There is nothing manufactured that is so quickly tainted, and requires so much care and cleanliness, as milk. We therefore located our works in the center of a large farm of 160 acres, free from foul odors, gases and germs. The milk is received and evaporated within four hours from the time it is drawn from the cows. A large spring on one side of our works pours forth 600 gallons of pure and cold spring water every minute, giving us an abundance of water to cleanse with.

MOTHERS AND NURSES:

Would you prepare food for yourselves or children in Copper Pans? Ask, your Physician if it is advisable to do so. Do you know that the oldest and best established brands of condensed milk are made in Copper Pans? We are the first and only manufacturers to use Porcelain Pans.

SKIMMED MILK.

Why use skimmed condensed milk? You can easily for yourself determine whether condensed milk has been skimmed or not. Take one tablespoonful of condensed milk and ten tablespoonful of water, thoroughly dissolve by stirring, let it stand in a cup, (or, better still, in a tumbler) for 4 or 5 hours. If the cream is there it will show itself on top. Test our CLOVER with any other brand. Remember, the value of milk is in the amount of cream it contains.

BODEN CONDENSED MILK CO.

Works, NORTHVILLE, MICH.

Office, DETROIT, MICH.

All Jobbers have our CLOVER brand in stock.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT $1.00 PER MONTH, $2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR $10 A YEAR.

THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN THE PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

ADVERTISING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE PAPER, AND WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

CORRESPONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS SOLICITED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE ALL DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 20, 1886.

☾ BLUE. ★ RED.

Indications for Atlanta (taken at 1 o'clock, a. m.): Fair weather; slightly cooler. For Georgia, North Carolina, stationary temperature. South Carolina, Eastern, Western Florida and Alabama: Fair weather, easterly winds, nearly stationary temperature. Mississippi: Generally fair weather, southerly winds, nearly stationary temperature. Tennessee and Kentucky: Fair weather, southeasterly winds; slightly warmer.

THE Pinkerton men seem to be worse than than the strikers—at least in the destruction of life.

ABE HEWITT declines to enter into a joint controversy with Henry George, for reasons that will be satisfactory to his supporters.

Total Prohibition at Last.

With Mayor Hillyer's veto, which stopped the brewery delivery, and with the decision of the supreme court which forfeited the last quart license, Atlanta has total prohibition at last. It is impossible this morning, for the first time in the history of this city, to buy a drink of liquor under the law.

The crisis of the prohibition movement is finally reached. All entanglements and complications are swept out of the way, and the people are confronted with full and complete prohibition. It behooves us to consider the situation carefully and to agree on a line of behavior to which people and officials may unite.

There can be but one course in fairness, justice and wisdom. Prohibition must have a full and fair trial. It was carried in a full and fair and popular election. It was not fastened on this people by legislative enactment, but was submitted to the people themselves in accordance with the constitutional law and requirement. The people of Fulton county, in their sovereign capacity, voted that for two years liquor should not be sold within the county lines. The fairness of this election has never been impeached. It was full beyond precedent and fair in every detail. It represents the sovereign will of the people fairly expressed. It should be obeyed as such. The anti-prohibitionists have exhausted every remedy. They have appealed from the lowest court to the highest. They have fought through the city council. They have appealed to the mayor. They have clung to every expedient that prolonged the sale of liquor. To do this was their right under the law. The courts are established for just such appeals; but the ultimate decision has been finally reached. The city court, the county court, the circuit court, the supreme court, the city council, and the mayor have spoken. The last license has expired by limitation. Every legal recourse open to the opponents of prohibition, has been exhausted, and they should now join hands with the prohibitionists in obeying the law established by popular vote and confirmed by the highest judical tribunal.

We can conceive of no reason for evading or violating the law, except to abet personal gains or gratify personal appetites. Every good citizen must see that it is best for the city that her laws should be obeyed. Both those who favored the law and those who opposed it are interested in its being enforced. If it is a good law and works good results, it will be perpetuated. If it is a poor law and does not work well it will be repealed by popular vote. If it is broken, evaded and defied, the issue that it involves will never be settled. Twelve months of full and fair experiment will settle the matter forever. Twelve months of imperfect experiment would not settle it. Every one is therefore interested in letting it have a perfect trial, so that its declaration at the end of twelve months that must elapse before another election can be ordered may be definite, authoritative and convincing.

We urge, therefore, every citizen from the humblest to the highest, prohibitionist and anti-prohibitionist, every official who is charged with duty under the law, to see that prohibition does prohibit in Atlanta for the next twelve months, and that the law is faithfully carried out. At the end of twelve months, in light of an experience, the thoroughness of which cannot be gainsaid, we shall be able to decide whether or not total prohibition is best for this city.

Birds and Bird Problems.

The ornithological bureau of the agricultural department at Washington has recently been making investigations into the relations which several common species of birds in this country bear to agriculture. The facts which have been collected will shortly be made public in a series of bulletins.

It is the opinion of Dr. C. H. Merriam, the head of the ornithological division, that the English sparrow stands at the head of the list of those birds which threaten destruction to valuable branches of agriculture. In this he agrees perfectly with the little West End boy who declared recently, in a composition, that the English sparrows have taken possession of the roof of the Park Street church, and "we all think they are a nuisance."

According to Dr. Merriam, the increase of these pests is so prodigious that they invade annually an extent of territory equal to one hundred and thirty thousand square miles. They live and breed in cities, towns and villages, but during the year they make destructive raids into the fruit growing regions. The question of exterminating the English sparrow is regarded by Dr. Merriam as in the nature of a problem that must shortly be solved by the people of this country. He says that the aggregate damage they inflict upon the fruit-growing industry can hardly be computed.

Dr. Merriam has also given close attention to the bobolink, or rice bird, supplementing the results of his own observation with facts gathered by his correspondents. He has discovered that this bird, when it flourishes forth at the north as the bobolink, is rather helpful to the farmers of that region than otherwise. An examination of the crop of the bobolink shows that it lives on the seeds of destructive weeds and on equally destructive insects.

But its appetite varies with its name, and when it reaches the rice fields of the south, its ravages are enormous. It reaches these rich pastures when the grain is in the milky state, and such is its voracity that Dr. Merriam estimates the actual loss to planters at between three and four million dollars. No wonder the rice bird on toast is such a rich and juicy morsel.

Dr. Merriam extended his observations to the rice fields of South Carolina, and not only studied the habits of the rice bird, but experimented with a view to preventing its depredations. He found that a field of two hundred acres required the employment of fifty men and boys, who with guns, tin-pans and other noise-producing instruments, endeavor to create such a racket as will prevent the birds from settling on the rice.

Experiments were made with stuffed figures resembling hawks. These were swung on poles, and were successful for a few days, but the birds soon discovered the cheat. Dr. Merriam thinks that a system of falcon training would prevent the depredations of the rice birds, but as the training of hawks and falcons calls for great skill and patience, it is probable that the planters will be compelled to depend on the old methods. This means that rice-birds imported from the coast to Atlanta will continue to be the fat and toothsome morsels they have heretofore been—when there is no unnecessary delay between shotgun and griddle.

Morals and Civilization.

One of the most interesting books of the day is a work entitled "Moral Statistics," written by Von Oeltingen, a distinguished German writer.

Although this book is a record of crime in Europe, the lessons to be drawn from it apply more or less to America and all civilized countries.

To begin with, the facts show that, if we shade the map of Europe in proportion to the returns of known vice and crime, the darkest shadow will rest on Saxony, the shrine of modern culture, the fortress of "free thought." The divorce rate in all Germany is about one per cent, but in Saxony it rises to 2.58 per cent. Illegitimacy in Europe is about seven per cent of the total births, but in Saxony it is thirteen per cent.

A remarkable fact is that divorce seems to follow education and civilization. It has increased in Prussia twenty per cent in three years, and in France fifteen per cent in eleven years. In Switzerland there are five per cent of divorces to the total of marriages. Art and literature and other refined professions furnish the greater proportion of divorces. In France the marriages of "superior persons" are about two per cent, while their divorces are twenty-eight per cent.

Education evidently does not make people moral. Two per cent of the French are highly educated, but five per cent of their criminals are so. Germany shows about the same state of affairs. As might have been expected from the foregoing, Saxony leads in suicides, having reached at the last census 708 suicides per million. Poverty has nothing to do with it, or Ireland would not be at the bottom of the suicide list.

Of some of the European cities, our author says:

> In Hamburg licentious assaults grew from 20 to 48 in the years 1872-79. In Paris it is stated that nearly half the birth rate of the city finds its way to nurses who farm babies in the suburbs. Here whole families are found bonded together in the sexual sin, about ten per cent of shameless women being related to one another. In Berlin prostitution has grown twice as fast as population. Marriage decreases as harlotry increases, and half the population are old bachelors and spinsters, while of such marriages as there are over five per cent end in divorce. There were there in 1867 divorces 1,127 and divorces 2,464. In 1880 these had more than doubled. Hamburg, in respect to facilities for impurity, is said to be worse even than Berlin; while Leipsiz, Dresden and other centers of "culture," press very closely on these two cities in their foul record. Nearly twenty per cent of the loose women in Berlin live in their fathers' houses and pursue their calling at the domestic hearth; while of 730 brides there in 1880, 358 had forfeited the virgin crown. On the whole, great cities tend to loosen, and in extreme cases destroy, the feeling of home, and build the brothel, the household of lust, on the ruins. Such cities have an organized trades union of impurity. Their agents play into each other's hands in the vile trade of procuring, decoying, concealing and transporting. In Vienna alone 500 women are believed to be the agents of such work. Berlin is supposed to have 4,000 men of the vile trade, known in our Hogarth period as "bullies," but abroad as "Louis." Compared with Berlin the prostitution of Paris and London may be viewed as stationary. The former city has increased its population greatly in the last thirty years, its prostitution twice as fast. The dense package of the former leads directly to the latter result. There are 171 houses in Berlin where ten persons share one room, and eleven are reported with from thirteen to twenty crowded into a single apartment.

From the mass of statistics we pick the following: In the duchy of Wurtemburg one third of the births are illegitimate. Germany consumes per capita four times as much beer and three times as much brandy as France. In both countries the consumption of drink is on the increase. In the great cities everywhere the swollen currents of evil seem to be loosening and shaking the foundations of society. Crimes against women are increasing at a frightful rate.

In France and Germany infidel theories and pessimistic ideas have had much to do with the spread of immorality and crime. According to Von Oeltingen:

> Precisely where intellectual appetite is keenest, in the country where you might pave the roads with the books and pamphlets published there, the philosophy of life-turned-sour has raised suicide, as was said awhile ago of murder, to the sphere of fine arts. More atrocious in its renunciation of humanity than the epicureanism which said, "Let us eat and drink, for tomorrow we die," this philosophy says, "Let us growl and snarl at our portion in life and die today," and, like
>
> Sad Sir Balaam, curses God and dies.

The great barriers or checks to vice and crime are religion and the home. In large cities where there is little home life, divorce and illegitimacy flourish. Concerning religious influences, one strange fact stands out. The minorities of belief are relatively purer than the surrounding majorities.

It is to be hoped that the collection and publication of moral statistics will be continued. Rulers, legislators and citizens all have a common interest in that complex mystery called man, and just such statistics as we have synopsized here will do more than any other one thing to strip human nature bare.

He Has Not Killed Many Things.

The Hon. D. B. Harrell was in the city yesterday. We understand that he said to a member of the technological commission, that he intended to come back this winter to repeal the bill establishing the school. This threat made some of the commissioners uneasy, and it was suggested that perhaps the school had better be established at Athens, where it could lean on the university, even if Mr. Harrell should succeed.

Mr. Harrell will not succeed. For two years he has tried to pose as a persistent obstructionist, but he has not killed many things up to date. The graveyard that he has established for public and progressive enterprises, is not very badly crowded. We have no doubt he will try to kill the technological bill, because it is a good thing and ought not to be killed; but he will never succeed.

The people of this state demand practical education. The legislature passed the technological bill over Mr. Harrell's protest, because the people demanded it. They would refuse to repeal it, because the people will demand that it should not be repealed. It is recognized and accepted as the wisest step that the Georgia legislature has taken in the past twenty years. Mr. Harrell's position did not change this estimate of it. The legislature will not pass a law repealing the establishing act. If it did, it would have to pass it over the veto of whatever governor may be in the chair. We have not spoken to General Gordon on this subject, and are not authorized to speak for him, but we know that he is more enthusiastic on the subject of practical education in Georgia than on any one topic connected with his administration, and he will not see the most hopeful experiment in this direction killed without a trial.

Wherever the commissioners may decide to establish this school, it will be established permanently. It will best succeed where it can best demonstrate its usefulness. Let the commissioners put it in full operation, on a liberal basis, and it will never suffer for support no matter where it is placed. If Mr. Harrell really wants to kill something, he had better stay at home this winter and kill hogs. He has never killed anything in Atlanta, and we do not think he ever will, unless he kills time.

Local Weeklies.

The Eatonton Messenger, one of our brightest weekly exchanges, writes a column editorial in response to some complaints on the part of a few of its subscribers, to the effect that it does not print as much reading matter as, for instance, THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION. The point which the Messenger makes is well taken, and should be borne in mind by all who are called on to support a home weekly—namely, that while such a weekly lacks the resources of the weeklies issued from the offices of daily newspapers, and do not appeal to such a wide circle of readers, they nevertheless have one feature—a feature of the utmost importance—with which the larger weeklies cannot undertake to compete. This feature is the presentation of local and county news, and it is one in which the Messenger excels.

The complaints, therefore, to which the Messenger gives its attention are not well taken. Our contemporary not only prints all the town and county news, but gives to its chronicles an individuality that adds greatly to their interest. The Messenger also has a very bright editorial page. As the mouthpiece of local views and opinions, we should judge it to be indispensable to every intelligent man and woman in Putnam.

There cannot be any real rivalry between THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION and a local weekly which thoroughly fills its own field. A reader who takes one is more than likely to take the other.

The Technological School.

It may be said that there is but one member of the technological board who has no local choice for the location of the school. Mr. Hodgson, the Athens member, stands by Athens; Mr. Inman, the Atlanta member, by Atlanta; Mr. Harris, the Macon member, by Macon; Mr. Heard, the Greene county member, by Penfield. Mr. Porter alone, of all the members, is bound to no local choice. It is admitted that he is one of the strongest members of the board. He has perhaps given more study to the subject than any other member; indeed, he has made technical education a life long study.

Here we have one member of the board whose own town does not apply for the school. He is confessedly one of the ablest members of the board. Unembarrassed by any local feeling, he has heard the debate calmly and judiciously. He has examined the advantages that every city offers. After all this he has decided that Atlanta is the best place for the school; that its interests will be best served here, and that Atlanta ought to have it.

It is significant that the only member who has voted for other than his own town has voted for Atlanta. We believe it shows what the judgment of the members will be when they surrender other local preferences and come to make a final decision.

We have the utmost confidence in Mr. Porter's judgment, as well as in the impartial position in which he finds himself. Relying on this judgment, we believe that Atlanta will get the school. If it does, we pledge ourselves that it will be made a grand and lasting success, a glory to the state, and a monument to its projectors.

Three Rich Girls.

Three Philadelphia misses possess in their own right over four million dollars each.

What do they do with it?

In the first place they act very sensibly. They take plenty of outdoor exercise and spend seven months out of twelve in the country, consequently they have graceful figures and cast-iron constitutions.

The young ladies are all on the sunny side of thirty, the youngest being only twenty-two. They are daughters of the late Francis A. Drexel, who was the head of the banking firm of Drexel, Morgan and company. Their Philadelphia home is on Walnut street—a tall four story, brown stone house, of plain architecture. Their country home is at Forrcsdale, sixteen miles from New York, on the Pennsylvania railroad. It is a very plain looking place and one would not take it to be the home of three rich women. The young ladies are now traveling in Europe.

Now lets see how they live and how they spend their money:

Their only dissipation is their indulgence of a love for fine horses. On their farm they have three splendid Arabian steeds of rare beauty and speed. These are called into daily use and the fair riders are utterly fearless in the saddle. By sunrise they are dashing over the country and through their fields, and when they return to their home the steeds are covered with foam and dust. They keep six female servants in the house but no man is nearer than the stable. They have four spitz dogs and one Newfoundland. They keep one coachman and an assistant, but unlike some poorer but more pretentious people they have no liveried servant and no crest or coat of arms. There is no ostentatious display of their wealth, and on Sundays they quietly go to a little brown stone church and worship.

They have many charities, following the good example of their mother, who during her life spent $40,000 yearly in lightening the burdens of the poor. A young lady of fine executive ability is engaged regularly to manage the various charities supported by the Misses Drexel. They spend $100,000 yearly in good works, and their European tour is for the purpose of investigating charitable institutions. They are now having built a Protectory for Boys which will accommodate two hundred inmates.

The father who left these young ladies so much wealth, certainly left it in good hands.

The Two Sams in Canada.

Sam Jones and Sam Small have broken through the chilly reserve of the cold-blooded Canadians. Their meetings at the Mutual Street rink in Toronto, are crowded four times a day.

There was at first a great division of opinion concerning the evangelists and their work, but they are now indorsed by those who have heard them, by the clergy and by the press of the city.

In a recent issue the Toronto Mail says:

> It is to the classes who either refuse to listen to, or fail to profit by, the ministrations of the regular clergy that Sam Jones and revivalists of his stamp appeal. They are, as it were, raised up for the purpose of protesting against lifeless ceremony and the outward form which crushes, and of "flashing conviction right into the hearts of the heathen." That their language grates upon the ear, that their methods are coarse and unattractive to more cultured minds is unquestionably true, but it should not be forgotten that, despite these radical imperfections—in some degree, perhaps, because of them—they succeed in proclaiming the gospel to multitudes who have hitherto refused to hear it. This one fact counts heavily in their favor, and should, we think, dispose all Christians, and especially all clergymen, to overlook their seeming irreverence, and be to their faults of doctrine a little kind.

SAM JONES SAYINGS.

Principle is religion.

It is just as hard to be poor and pious as rich and pious.

Isn't the biggest rascal always one's self?

One walking stick, if you are a cripple, will help you along, but fifty on your back will crush you.

The man who has never suffered any affliction is not reliable.

Show me a praying pew and I will show you a powerful pulpit.

A PHILADELPHIA man has come to the rescue of the dogs, rabbits, etc., that are doomed to serve as food for the snakes in the zoological gardens. Live animals and birds are thrown into the cages of the reptiles and are devoured speedily. The merciful man thinks it is cruel to subject the little animals to such fear as they evidently suffer in the presence of the writhing snakes. The Philadelphian suggests that the zoological garden be supplied with stuffed snakes. Evidently he is against snakes.

AND now they say that Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, late editor of the Literary Life, really went on a strike; that she wanted half the magazine and three hundred dollars a month more pay than she was getting. During the four months in which she has been editor of the magazine she has drawn $1,400. Mr. Elder, the proprietor of Literary Life, will endeavor to pacify his striking editor. He says "Miss Cleveland is a remarkable woman, and has high and firm ideas." In that estimate Mr. Elder but voices the general opinion of the public. Miss Cleveland is indeed a remarkable woman, with high ideas, especially concerning the value of her services.

THE New York Tribune is mad because little Dory Goosemelt, the republican candidate for mayor, is a free trader. The Tribune should remember that little Goosemelt is anything anybody wants him to be.

TOMMY REED, of Maine, has been talking through his proboscis in Boston. Boston is a nice town, but it cannot escape all the evils that belong to a perverse and vicious generation.

BROTHER BLAINE ought to bear in mind that Pennsylvania cannot elect him president. Editor Moses Handy will do well to make a note of this.

ABOUT two months ago a man who appeared to be a tramp arrived at a mining town in Michigan, and after working around for a while offered 25 cents a ton for a pile of refuse rock at one of the mines. The offer was accepted, and the "tramp" put a force of men to work on the pile. The rock pans out one-half good ore and the tramp makes $5 50 on every ton. The fellow will make $5,000,000 before he gets through.

"GENERAL ADAM BADEAU," says an exchange, "has gone into literature." Farewell, Adam!

PHILADELPHIA proverb: "Canned meat is the foundation of green turtle soup."

AN exchange says that "the women doctors will win the day." Precisely so; but will they know how much "hydrarg pillulæ" to give a thoroughly bilious man?

THE biggest sort of a sensation has been stirred up in Camden, New Jersey. Frederick Fearn was a Camden photographer. He had three bright boys whose mother was dead. He married a young wife and a pretty little baby came to them. The stepmother was cruel to the boys and finally by misrepresention had them sent to a reform school. The citizens of Camden were very indignant that the boys should have been sent to a semi-penitentiary and they were not slow in making their feelings known. A mob of men and boys serenaded the Fearns with tin pans and bore banners with inscriptions as follows: "Ho for Jamesburg," "Tar and Feather the Rats," "The Old She Cat," "Tear the Wretches Out," "Driven from Home," etc. Fearn, who claims that he sent the boys to the reform school under a misapprehension, went to the door and facing the mob, exclaimed: "Here I am! Take me out and kill me!" Things were made so warm for the Fearns that they left Camden.

The St. Louis Win.

CHICAGO, October 19.—When time was called this afternoon for the second game of the world's championship series, there were between 8,000 and 9,000 people on the grounds. The St. Louis won by a score of 12 to 0. The scores of the two days presented a remarkable contrast—one that is unaccounted for, except on the basis that the batteries of the two teams had been materially changed.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

THE "big trees" of California will soon be extinct. Seventeen lumber companies, owning from 3,000 to 25,000 acres of redwood forest each, are waging the war of extermination with all the weapons known to the modern logging camp. The demand for the wood is unlimited and all the mills are kept at work to the limit of their capacity. The forests are large, but the forces employed against them are swift and irresistible.

A VERY wholesome movement has been organized in the thirteenth assembly district, New York, in which both republicans and democrats take part, having for its purpose the prevention of bad nominations for the assembly. The signers of a circular which has been issued by the organization declare that they will oppose any unworthy candidate, "for example, if he be a liquor dealer, a professional politician of doubtful reputation, a man who will not pay his debts, or one who boasts of his wickedness." If neither party nominates a good candidate this organization will present one of its own.

THE reconciliation reported between Mrs. Langtry and her husband has not proved true, but it is asserted now that they have so far come to an understanding that he will not oppose the divorce suit she proposes instituting while in this country. Mrs. Langtry is much more considerate than Miss Cameron, and has granted all along her quondam leige lord an allowance, provided he remains away from her. It seems to be settled that if Mrs. Langtry obtains a divorce (probably on the fashionable ground of abandonment and non-support) she will marry Frederick Gebhardt.

THE gossips of Murray Hill have published a rumor that Mr. Henry Hilton will soon lead the widow, Mrs. A. T. Stewart, to the altar, and in the future will pass his winters in the marble palace that the late merchant prince prided himself would never be eclipsed on the avenue. There is no truth in the report. The rumor probably originates from the fact that Mrs. Stewart, who occupied a suite of twelve rooms at the Grand Union hotel, Saratoga, one of the hotels of the estate, dressed more and went out more into society last summer than ever before. At Saratoga it is said that Mrs. Stewart is able to drive through eleven miles of beautiful avenues without once losing sight of her own trees and lawns.

THE Philadelphia Ledger says that inside of what seemed to be a hard and exacting exterior, the late Edward T. Parker had a humane heart, as will be seen by the bequest he has made of nearly the whole of his large fortune to found a home for aged, infirm, honest, respectable colored people. The will was admitted to probate by Register of Wills Kinsey. It was closely written in Mr. Parker's own hand on both sides of a small sheet of note paper. Edward M. Paxson, who qualified as executor, made no declaration as to the amount of the estate of the decedent, but it is estimated at upward of $250,000. The will was made in January last.

THE Jacksonville Times-Union says that a large number of sales of oranges on the trees have been made to northern parties, who have come to the state for this purpose. In Sumter the sales, as known, amounted to 40,000 boxes at $1.50 a box. This is a gratifying beginning and a great relief to grove owners, who have been borrowing money at varying rates of interest, mostly at high rates.

A PUMPKIN pie was left on a seat in a school house in Maryland, and one of the august directors who came in on a visit covered the pie. In revenge he discharged the school madam, and in return she had him burned in effigy and sued for her salary. However, such dangerous projects should not be left lying around loose.

A CINCINNATI doctor holds that it is possible for a somnambulist to arise, dress, walk a mile to a girl's house and ask her hand in marriage without waking up. That is, of course, if the girl has no father, and if her mother has no watch dog.

MLLE. RHEA said to Secretary Lamar in Washington not long ago: "Oh, yes! You are zee grand senator with zee Roman name. You are—ah! yees! You are Senator Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus Lamaribus!"

THE Rev. Dr. Gordon, the eminent Baptist minister of Boston, was one day walking through Quincy market, where he is an infrequent visitor and was unrecognized. Noticing some attractive looking fishes at a stall, he asked what they were. "We call 'em Baptists," said the marketman. "And why do you call them Baptists?" pursued the minister. "Because they generally go to the bad very soon after we take 'em out of the water."

THERE was a meeting of the preachers of Lynchburg, Va, and when it was breaking up, Dr. John Hannon could not find his hat. Turning to Rev. R. R. Acree, he said: "One of you Baptists has my hat." "Then," said Brother Acree. "your hat has more brains in it than ever before." A few days after that Dr. Hannon was passing by Brother Acree's yard gate, and when urged to come in, said: "I am on my way to preach." "You can't preach," replied Brother Acree. "So I felt for a long time," replied Dr. Hannon, "but, since hearing you the other day, I have changed my mind."—Religious Herald.

A FRIGHTFUL TRAGEDY.

A Wife After a Quarrel With Her Husband Drowns Herself and Four Children.

A cablegram from London to the New York Herald says the local coroner is now impanelling a jury to investigate a domestic tragedy of world wide interest. It seems that Saturday night a resident of Fulham, near the Thames, named Willcox, passed a boy, aged seven, sobbing so acutely that Willcox felt that something unusual had happened. To all his questions the little fellow, who was soaking wet, muddy and hatless, could only answer by heartbreaking sobs. Nothing was left except to take the wondering waif to to the police station hard by, where, before a roaring cannel fire, he managed to jerk out, "Mother is dead in the water, with baby, sister and my brothers, Harry and Frank. I want my father." It became evident that the boy was shockingly frightened, yet soon growing calmer under the reviving influence of heat and some food, he gave his home as "133 Denmark road, Camberwell," a suburban district on the Surrey side of the Thames and miles distant.

THE FATHER SENT FOR.

A telegram sent to the nearest station there soon produced the father, who is a well to do butcher, and who, on seeing his child, seemed to realize that some tragedy had occurred and almost fainted before the story was told. To his eager questions the child, reassured, now gave coherent answers, and these made up a story like this: His mother left home in the afternoon, carrying her babe, five months old, with her sons, Harry, aged nine, the narrator of the story himself, Charles, seven years old, and Frank, aged three. They took the tram car to the river side, boarded a penny steamboat, got off at Chelsea stairs, walked to Vauxhall and entered a penny tea garden, where buns, tea and milk were provided them.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

They left, walking, doubtless, aimlessly along the embankment, beyond Wandsworth bridge, when, perhaps by a sudden impulse, the mother turned into the Broomhouse dockyard, near the Burlingham polo grounds, and all at once pushed her three boys into the dock water, and with her babe in arms, herself jumped in. Charlie, who must have fallen in a somewhat shallow place, scrambled out, but was too much scared to give a coherent account of his escape. When the inspector questioned the father, who, sobbing as badly as the child, said: "My wife and I had a silly quarrel. It began on Sunday last and was daily deepened by mutual recrimination. Yesterday afternoon, as she still felt very badly, I suggested a little outing to a friend's house, and this—this is the horrible ending of a foolish tiff."

TWO OF THE BODIES FOUND.

The pair remained till dawn at the station, when a search police party was organized, the members of which, with much difficulty, found through the boy, the place of the catastrophe. Three little straw hats floating at the side of the dock gave the first corroboration of the youthful tale of murder and suicide. A little later the body of Harry was found in five feet of water. It was neatly dressed and had on a gray overcoat and knickerbockers. The face wore a look of great terror. Soon after midday one of the Thames vulture folk, described in the first chapter of Dicken's "Mutual Friend," recovered near Fulham bridge the body of Frank, clad in a neat gray frock and pinafore, once white, but now soiled with Thames sewerage. The bodies lie at the Chelsea mortuary, surrounded by an immense crowd of curiosity mongers, eagerly discussing the last London sensation. The mother and the babe have not yet been found.

A PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEM.

Those in the tea garden who saw the group of four when taking their last meal describe the mother as seeming perfectly sane and apparently happy. Unfortunately, little can be learned as to the cause of such an impulse and of the manner of such a resolve in a mother thirty-five years old, always heretofore lovingly maternal, the only witness available being young and having had his memory obscured by terror. Psychologists thus have no clew as to what was passing in the woman's mind, and as to whether her act was the result of premeditation or of impulse.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

Pencil Paragraphs and Editorial Shortstops Caught on the Run.

Newspaper men are contracting a habit of going to congress.

This habit has been growing rapidly for several years past and the next congress will be ahead of all its predecessors in the number and ability of its editorial members.

Sunset Cox, who made his first fame as a newspaper man, will return to congress in place of Joe Pulitzer of the New York World. With Mr. Cox from New York city will come Truman Merrimon for his second term and Amos Cummings for his first. Both these gentlemen will come from the Sun office, giving to that newspaper the honor of being the first on record to have two of its staff in congress at the same time. Editor Dana will have to quit employing such bright men if he wants his corps to be left undisturbed.

Half the present congressmen from Maine are newspaper men, and so it will be in the next congress. Ex-Governor Dingley edits the Lewiston Journal and Charley Boutelle thunders against the south through the columns of the Bangor Whig and Courier.

James N. Burnes, the strongest man in the Missouri delegation, is the principal stockholder in the St. Joseph Gazette and often contributes to its editorial page.

In spite of the opposition of Senator Harris and his friends, Editor Phelan, of the Memphis Avalanche, has been nominated and will be elected in the tenth Tennessee district.

Editor Stockslager, who was left out of this congress, will probably represent the third Indiana district in the next.

Delegate John T. Caine, of Utah, is manager of the Salt Lake Herald. General John B. Clark, of Missouri, clerk of the house, is an old newspaper man.

The death of Senator Anthony left General Hawley, of the Hartford Courant, the only active editor in the senate. Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, started life as an editor, and Senator Vest, of Missouri, has had some experience in that line. How the senate gets along with only one editor is a mystery to some people.

"Next to the Atlantic, Mississippi and Atlanta and the Atlanta and Hawkinsville railroads," said Judge John D. Cunningham yesterday, "what Atlanta needs most is a canned goods factory. It seems to me ridiculous that we should send fruit hundreds of miles to canning establishments who put it up and ship it back for us to buy. Last year I sold from my orchard near Griffin thousands of bushels of peaches to northern canning establishments, and I have no doubt that since I have bought some of my own peaches. If I did I paid the freight on them to the north and back, besides a good profit to the manufacturer, when there was no reason in the world why those peaches should not have been canned right here in Atlanta.

"One of the great benefits of such an enterprise," continued the judge, "would be to encourage fruit growing and truck gardening in this region. Last year I had more peaches than I could sell in northern markets. I would not sell them to distilleries, and fully ten thousand bushels of good fruit rotted on my trees. With a canning establishment in Atlanta I could have disposed of all my peaches and the consumers of canned goods in this city could have been supplied at prices much less than they have been compelled to pay. We have the finest country in the world for peach orchards, and the land would blossom with them if a steady home market for the fruit could be established. Instead of buying canned peaches from New York, Atlanta ought to be selling them to all the great cities of the country."

Judge Cunningham has been renewing a large portion of his orchard. He will have next season about 35,000 bearing trees which will probably bring 25,000 bushels of peaches. The orchards of Mr. Parnell, near West Point, are still more extensive, numbering fully 50,000 trees. It has been Mr. Parnell's good fortune to get the first peaches to New York every season for ten years past. Like all first fruits, they go to the highest bidder in the most extravagant city of the world and bring enormous prices. The average price of the first bushel of peaches in New York is $35, but Mr. Parnell has received as high as $50 for an exceptionally early and unusually fine bushel. These fancy prices do not amount to much after all. The marke is soon glutted and the peach grower is fortunate if he can get rid of his crop at paying prices. The freight to the northern markets is heavy, and the future prosperity of the orchard interest in this section must depend largely on the establishment of a large local demand.

A canning establishment for peaches alone would pay handsomely in Atlanta, and would improve the surrounding country by giving an incentive and an impetus to one of the most beautiful of our agricultural industries.

Half a dozen large canning concerns established in Atlanta and turning out a variety of fruits and vegetables would find no difficulty is disposing of their entire product. Properly managed they would make their proprietors rich, while they improved the surrounding country.

THE ROSE OF ANARCHY.

Mrs. Parsons Gives Her Husband as a Sacrifice on the Altar of Socialism.

In the course of a harangue delivered in New York last Sunday, Mrs. Parsons, the wife of the Chicago anarchist, said:

"Well, the seven men were arraigned for murder. The district attorney challenged every juror on the panel if he were a Knight of Labor. As a consequence the jury selected were foes of the working classes, and the fate of these seven men were decided before the case was opened. I tell you, District Attorney Grinnell is one of the most infamous scoundrels that ever disgraced this earth, and I will give you the proof. His creature Gilmore swore that Fischer took the bomb from Spies and threw it at the police. Now, God is my witness that at the time the explosion occurred Fischer was drinking a glass of beer with me in a saloon near by. Citizens testified that they wouldn't believe this man Gilmer under oath. It was his evidence that convicted the anarchists. Grinnell picked the fellow from the slums, and together they agreed on his lying story. That is why I brand Grinnell. Oh there has been a change in public sentiment. People are beginning to see that these men were sent to their fate in a moment of passion on threadbare evidence. I do not come here to plead for my husband. I give him as a sacrifice on the altar of socialism. But the cause of liberty never had a nobler victim. On the day of the black execution all the factories should be closed and the workingmen's children should lay laurels on the graves of those seven martyrs."

Mrs. Parsons closed with a fervid apostrophe to liberty. The drop of the hangman's trap, she said, would be the signal that freedom of speech was dead in America.

A Mr. Thompson offered a resolution, adopted by the audience, the gist of which was:

We look upon the Chicago trials as a legal farce and a parody on justice that culminated in a judicial murder.

Senators' Sons Must Take a Back Seat.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Last week the president sent for Fourth Auditor Shelley, of the treasury, who is an ex-congressman from Alabama. When Mr. Shelley arrived at the white house, Mr. Cleveland said: "I see that you have sent up the name of a man by the name of Pugh for appointment as deputy auditor. Who is he?"

"He is the son of Senator Pugh, of Alabama," was the auditor's response.

"And I also," continued the president, "see you have recommended a man named Harris to be chief of a division of your office. Who is he?"

"He is the son of Senator Harris, of Tennessee."

"Well, Mr. Shelley," continued the president, "I do not think a senator can afford or ought to appoint his son to office. If, however, they do, I will not allow it to be done. You must not appoint either of them."

Dr. Caldwell Sick.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., October 19—[Special.] Dr. H. M. Caldwell is confined to his bed seriously ill. It is feared that he will have an attack of brain fever, as he is suffering severe pains in the head. During the past four months Dr. Caldwell has been doing immense mental labor. His duties as president of the Elyton Land company have been onerous, and have taxed his brain severely. His physicians say all he needs is rest.

THE MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

THE MARIETTA AND NORTH GEORGIA ROAD CROSSES THE LINE.

Western North Carolina at the Door of Atlanta—Governor McDaniel and Party Inspects the New Work—The Details of Their Trip The New Road—Notes, Etc.

The Marietta and North Georgia railroad has encountered many difficulties since it was first projected. Our people have been waiting patiently for it to reach the state line for some time. So many obstacles were thrown in its way from time to time that there was little hope for a speedy termination of the construction of the road, until the legislature at its last session undertook a settlement of some of the difficulties in the way. The state had about sixty thousand dollars of the first mortgage bonds of the road for the hire of convicts. There had been an agreement made by the state to furnish two hundred and fifty convicts to finish the road to the state line. This the state failed to do, and in settlement of this claim the state, through the legislature, agreed to release the bonds, provided the company would finish the road in good style to the state line by 1st November. The owners of the road promptly complied with the terms, and went to work with great vigor to complete the road according to the requirements of the act making the settlement.

Governor McDaniel was notified by Mr. George R. Eager, the manager of the company, that the road was ready for his inspection, and on Monday Governor McDaniel and a party of his friends went over the road on a new train of cars beyond the state line, the road being now completed about a quarter of a mile into North Carolina.

The party was composed of Governor McDaniel, Attorney General Anderson, Colonel D. N. Speer, Judge Wm. Reese, Captain E. P. Howell, Mr. Albert Howell, and a quartette of charming ladies, Mrs. Louis Beck, Mrs. Geo. Speer and Misses McDaniel and Anderson. At Marietta they were met by a special Marietta and North Georgia train bearing Superintendent Glover, Vice President Eager, Construction Superintendent Walton and Mr. Malcolm, all of whom were assiduous in their attentions to the party. The special train was composed of a cuisine and dining car and a handsome passenger coach, and was drawn by the sturdy little locomotive, the Evan P. Howell. The party was rapidly whirled along through cuts and over fills and bridges, with a smoothness which spoke well for the ballasting of the roadbed. Frequent stops were made for the purpose of admiring the beauties of the surrounding landscape and of inspecting the admirable construction of the road. An elegant dinner was served by the company and was enjoyed by the party while traveling at the rate of twenty five miles an hour.

After a delightful run the train reached the present terminus, a short distance beyond the state line. There carriages were in waiting to convey the party to Murphy, N. C., thirteen miles distant. The inhabitants for miles around had congregated at the terminus to witness the advent of the much-talked of railroad train. Their expressions of wonder and admiration were frequent and extravagant. One good old lady remarked that "She had hearn of them things, but she had lowed as how it wasn't so." Another accounted for the recent terrestrial disturbances by the existence of the locomotive, and in fact seemed to regard the seismic wave as a sort of premonition of "the great thing that was to come."

With much winding among the picturesque hills the carriages crossed the crest of the Blue Ridge and soon conveyed the party into Murphy, an embryo metropolis which is cosily nestled in the heart of the valley. Entertainment for the guests had been prepared at the residence of Professor Beal who has for thirty years resided at the old homestead. The evening was pleasantly passed discussing the different phases of Carolina life, its climate and natural advantages, with all of which Professor Beal proved intimately familiar.

Next morning, under the leadership of Mr. Eager the party made an excursion to the top of Fain mountain, where a view of the entire valley could be obtained. This valley, circular in shape, and resembling very closely the Shenandoah valley of Virginia in its physical aspects, is an immense basin of fifty miles radius. On account of its great fertility and the tropical abundance of its vegetation, this valley was once the favorite resort of the Cherokee Indians. Indeed, some of them have never left the homes of their fathers, but still linger beneath the shadows of the mountains where their ancestors once chased the stag of the forest. While civilization has greatly decreased the abundance of what sportsmen term noble game, many deer and bears still roam around the hills, and he is a lucky farmer who fails to lose annually a small quota of his sheep by the raids of the mountain wolf. The grand stretch of landscape, comprising the most beautiful mountain scenery of Georgia, Tennessee and North Carolina, is one to which no artist's brush could ever do justice. The bold, rugged mountains in front of the observer, the gentle slopes of verdant hills, the sparkling thread of the silvery rivulet, the majestic height of the towering bluffs and the pale blue of the distant range as it fades into the horizon forms one grand panorama which one brush alone can paint—the brush of the God of nature.

Murphy is a dilapidated looking village with about three hundred and fifty population. It is finely located amidst charming scenery, and lays between the Hiwassee and Valley rivers—the latter emptying into the former just below the town. The great need of the place has been an outlet to the balance of the world. Everything is cheap. The hotels charge fifty cents per day, chickens five cents a piece, beef—and fine beef—from three to five cents per pound, corn thirty cents per bushel, and good board by the month from $10 to $15 per month. The people all look forward with great hope to the extension of the road next spring. There will undoubtedly be a great boom then. It is needed and it is deserved.

After leaving Fain's mountain the party returned to Murphy by nine o'clock, an from thence returned in carriages to the stat line to meet the train on its return to Ma rietta. The train left North Carolina at on p. m. yesterday afternoon, and reached M rietta at five p. m., in time to meet the Wes ern and Atlantic train that arrives in Atlan at 6.35 p. m. It is now possible to reac North Carolina in just five hours from A lanta, and it may be added that the prettie and most picturesque part of the state nearest to us, furnishing an ever pleasa park where Georgians may spend their su mers with pleasure, profit and economy, a opening a field of abundant resources which Atlanta will be the distributive cent

Judge William Reese, who is probably o of the most careful men in passing judgme on anything, and an old director of the Ge gia railroad, said that he considered the co struction and equipment of the road excee ingly good. He said he never saw better cro ties, and in fact no part of the work was slig ed; that it was as good as any new road he h ever inspected. Judge Reese was much s prised at the country through which it pass He said: "I always knew this part of the st had a great variety of minerals, but I had idea that it was such a fine farming countr The road runs all the way through a ser very productive valleys. Judge Reese says considers the first mortgage six per cent bo of this road—which is only seven thous dollars per mile—as one of the best inv ments in the state at par.

Colonel D. N. Speer, who is president of Atlanta exposition mills, and also a direc of the Georgia railroad and the Western r road of Alabama, said he was much plea with the construction of the road. "I ha idea," said Colonel Speer "that there was a country up there." "This road," he c tinued, "will be one of the best local roa Atlanta. The trade from here will be ste and reliable. There is a great future for road and for the country it passes through

Judge Clifford Anderson, the attorney ral, was much pleased with the prompt er in which the company had complied the terms imposed by the legislature, and

CONSTITUTIONALS.

ragraphs and Editorial Shortstops Caught on the Run.

per men are contracting a habit of ngress.

t has been growing rapidly for several nd the next congress will be ahead of cessors in the number and ability of its embers.

ox, who made his first fame as a news , will return to congress in place of Joe The New York World. With Mr. Cox ork city will come Truman Merrimon nd term and Amos Cummings for his these gentlemen will come from the ging to that newspaper the honor of rst on record to have two of its staff in the same time. Editor Dana will have ploying such bright men if he wants his left undisturbed.

present congressmen from Maine are men, and so it will be in the next con- Governor Dingley edits the Lewiston d Charley Boutelle thunders against the ugh the columns of the Bangor Whig r

Burnes, the strongest man in the Mis gation, is the principal stockholder in eph Gazette and often contributes to its age.

of the opposition of Senator Harris and Editor Phelan, of the Memphis Ava s been nominated and will be elected in Tennessee district.

Stockslager, who was left out of this con probably represent the third Indiana the next.

John T. Caine, of Utah, is manager of Lake Herald. General John B. Clark, of clerk of the house, is an old newspaper

ath of Senator Anthony left General the Hartford Courant, the only active the senate. Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, e as an editor, and Senator Vest, of Mis- had some experience in that line. senate gets along with only one editor ry to some people.

o the Atlantic, Mississippi and Atlanta Atlanta and Hawkinsville railroads," e John D. Cunningham yesterday, "what eeds most is a canned goods factory. It me ridiculous that we should send fruit of miles to canning establishments who and ship it back for us to buy. Last d from my orchard near Griffin thou- bushels of peaches to northern canning nents, and I have no doubt that since I ught some of my own peaches, d I paid the freight on them to and back, besides a good profit to the turer, when there was no reason in the y those peaches should not have been gh here in Atlanta.

f the great benefits of such an enterprise," the judge, "would be to encourage fruit and truck gardening in this region. Last d more peaches than I could sell in north- ets. I would not sell them to distilleries, ten thousand bushels of good fruit rotted ces. With a canning establishment in could have disposed of all my peaches consumers of canned goods in this city ve been supplied at prices much less than e been compelled to pay. We have the untry in the world for peach orchards, and would blossom with them if a steady rket for the fruit could be established. f buying canned peaches from New York, ought to be selling them to all the great the country."

Cunningham has been renewing a large of his orchard. He will have next season 35,000 bearing trees which will probably ng 25,000 bushels of peaches. The orchards of r. Parnell, near West Point, are still more ex- ve, numbering fully 50,000 trees. It has been nell's good fortune to get the first peaches York every season for ten years past. Like fruits, they go to the highest bidder in the t extravagant city of the world and bring us prices. The average price of the first of peaches in New York is $35, but Mr. Par- received as high as $50 for an exception- ly and unusually fine bushel. These fancy o not amount to much after all. The marke utted and the peach grower is fortunate n get rid of his crop at paying prices. The to the northern markets is heavy, and the prosperity of the orchard interest in this must depend largely on the establishment ge local demand.

anning establishment for peaches alone pay handsomely in Atlanta, and would im- he surrounding country by giving an in- e and an impetus to one of the most beau- f our agricultural industries.

a dozen large canning concerns established anta and turning out a variety of fruits and bles would find no difficulty is disposing of entire product. Properly managed they make their proprietors rich, while they im- he surrounding country.

THE ROSE OF ANARCHY.

Parsons Gives Her Husband as a Sac- rifice on the Altar of Socialism.

he course of a harangue delivered in ork last Sunday, Mrs. Parsons, the wife of cago anarchist, said:

l, the seven men were arraigned for murder. strict attorney challenged every juror on d if he were a Knight of Labor. As a uence the jury selected were foes of the g classes, and the fate of these seven men ecided before the case was opened. I tell istrict Attorney Grinnell is one of the most us scoundrels that ever disgraced this nd I will give you the proof. His creature e swore that Fischer took the bomb from d threw it at the police. Now, God is my s that at the time the explosion occurred r was drinking a glass of beer with me in a near by. Citizens testified that they n't believe this man Gilmer under oath. It s evidence that convicted the anarchists. ll picked the fellow from the slums, and to- they agreed on his lying story. That is brand Grinnell. Oh there has been a in public sentiment. People are beginning hat these men were sent to their fate in a t of passion on threadbare evidence. I come here to plead for my husband. I give a sacrifice on the altar of socialism. But se of liberty never had a nobler victim. On y of the black execution all the factories be closed and the workingmen's children lay laurels on the graves of those seven

Parsons closed with a fervid apostrophe to . The drop of the hangman's trap, she said, be the signal that freedom of speech was n America.

r. Thompson offered a resolution, adopted audience, the gist of which was: look upon the Chicago trials as a legal farce parody on justice that culminated in a judi- urder.

ators' Sons Must Take a Back Seat.

the Cincinnati Enquirer.

t week the president sent for Fourth Shelley, of the treasury, who is an ex- essman from Alabama. When Mr. Shelley d at the white house, Mr. Cleveland said: that you have sent up the name of a man e name of Pugh for appointment as deputy or. Who is he?"

is the son of Senator Pugh, of Alabama," e auditor's response.

d I also," continued the president, "see you recommended a man named Harris to be of a division of your office. Who is he?"

e is the son of Senator Harris, of Tennessee." ell, Mr. Shelley," continued the president, not think a senator can afford or ought to hit his son to office. If, however, they do, I t allow it to be done. You must not ap- either of them."

Dr. Caldwell Sick.

RMINGHAM, Ala., October 19.—[Special.] . M. Caldwell is confined to his bed seriously It is feared that he will have an attack of fever, as he is suffering severe pains in the During the past four months Dr. Caldwell een doing immense mental labor. His duties esident of the Elyton Land company has been us, and has taxed his brain severely. His icians say all he needs is rest.

THE MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

THE MARIETTA AND NORTH GEORGIA ROAD CROSSES THE LINE.

Western North Carolina at the Door of Atlanta—Governor McDaniel and Party Inspects the New Work—The Details of Their Trip The New Road—Notes, Etc.

The Marietta and North Georgia railroad has encountered many difficulties since it was first projected. Our people have been waiting patiently for it to reach the state line for some time. So many obstacles were thrown in its way from time to time that there was little hope for a speedy termination of the construction of the road, until the legislature at its last session undertook a settlement of some of the difficulties in the way. The state had about sixty thousand dollars of the first mortgage bonds of the road for the hire of convicts. There had been an agreement made by the state to furnish two hundred and fifty convicts to finish the road to the state line. This the state failed to do, and in settlement of this claim the state, through the legislature, agreed to release the bonds, provided the company would finish the road in good style to the state line by 1st November. The owners of the road promptly complied with the terms, and went to work with great vigor to complete the road according to the requirements of the act making the settlement.

Governor McDaniel was notified by Mr. George R. Eager, the manager of the company, that the road was ready for his inspection, and on Monday Governor McDaniel and a party of his friends went over the road on a new train of cars beyond the state line, the road being now completed about a quarter of a mile into North Carolina.

The party was composed of Governor McDaniel, Attorney General Anderson, Colonel D. N. Speer, Judge Wm. Reese, Captain E P. Howell, Mr. Albert Howell, and a quartette of charming ladies, Mrs. Louis Beck, Mrs. Geo. Speer and Misses McDaniel and Anderson. At Marietta they were met by a special Marietta and North Georgia train bearing Superintendent Glover, Vice President Eager, Construction Superintendent Walton and Mr. Malcolm, all of whom were assiduous in their attentions to the party. The special train was composed of a cuisine and dining car and a handsome passenger coach, and was drawn by the sturdy little locomotive, the Evan P. Howell. The party was rapidly whirled along through cuts and over fills and bridges, with a smoothness which spoke well for the ballasting of the roadbed. Frequent stops were made for the purpose of admiring the beauties of the surrounding landscape and of inspecting the admirable construction of the road. An elegant dinner was served by the company and was enjoyed by the party while traveling at the rate of twenty five miles an hour.

After a delightful run the train reached the present terminus, a short distance beyond the state line. There carriages were in waiting to convey the party to Murphy, N. C., thirteen miles distant. The inhabitants for miles around had congregated at the terminus to witness the advent of the much-talked of railroad train. Their expressions of wonder and admiration were frequent and extravagant. One good old lady remarked that "She had hearn of them things, but she had lowed *as how it wasn't so.*" Another accounted for the recent terrestrial disturbances by the existence of the locomotive, and in fact seemed to regard the seismic wave as a sort of premonition of "the great thing that was to come."

With much winding among the picturesque hills the carriages crossed the crest of the Blue Ridge and soon conveyed the party into Murphy, an embryo metropolis which is cosily nestled in the heart of the valley. Entertainment for the guests had been prepared at the residence of Professor Beal who has for thirty years resided at the old homestead. The evening was pleasantly passed discussing the different phases of Carolina life, its climate and natural advantages, with all of which Professor Beal proved intimately familiar.

Next morning, under the leadership of Mr. Eager the party made an excursion to the top of Fain mountain, where a view of the entire valley could be obtained. This valley, circular in shape, and resembling very closely the Shenandoah valley of Virginia in its physical aspects, is an immense basin of fifty miles radius. On account of its great fertility and the tropical abundance of its vegetation, this valley was once the favorite resort of the Cherokee Indians. Indeed, some of them have never left the homes of their fathers, but still linger beneath the shadows of the mountains where their ancestors once chased the stag of the forest. While civilization has greatly decreased the abundance of what sportsmen term noble game, many deer and bears still roam around the hills, and he is a lucky farmer who fails to lose annually a small quota of his sheep by the raids of the mountain wolf. The grand stretch of landscape, comprising the most beautiful mountain scenery of Georgia, Tennessee and North Carolina, is one to which no artist's brush could ever do justice. The bold, rugged mountains in front of the observer, the gentle slopes of verdant hills, the sparkling thread of the silvery rivulet, the majestic height of the towering bluffs and the pale blue of the distant range as it fades into the horizon forms one grand panorama which one brush alone can paint—the brush of the God of nature.

Murphy is a dilapidated looking village with about three hundred and fifty population. It is finely located amidst charming scenery, and lays between the Hiwassee and Valley rivers—the latter emptying into the former just below the town. The great need of the place has been an outlet to the balance of the world. Everything is cheap. The hotels charge fifty cents per day, chickens five cents a piece, beef—and fine beef—from three to five cents per pound, corn thirty cents per bushel, and good board by the month from $10 to $15 per month. The people all look forward with great hope to the extension of the road next spring. There will undoubtedly be a great boom then. It is needed and it is deserved.

After leaving Fain's mountain the party returned to Murphy by nine o'clock, and from thence returned in carriages to the state line to meet the train on its return to Marietta. The train left North Carolina at one p. m. yesterday afternoon, and reached Marietta at five p. m., in time to meet the Western and Atlantic train that arrives in Atlanta at 6:35 p. m. It is now possible to reach North Carolina in just five hours from Atlanta, and it may be added that the prettiest and most picturesque part of the state is nearest to us, furnishing an ever pleasant park where Georgians may spend their summers with pleasure, profit and economy, and opening a field of abundant resources for which Atlanta will be the distributive centre.

Judge William Reese, who is probably one of the most careful men in passing judgment on anything, and an old director of the Georgia railroad, said that he considered the construction and equipment of the road exceedingly good. He said he never saw better cross-ties, and in fact no part of the work was slighted; that it was as good as any new road he had ever inspected. Judge Reese was much surprised at the country through which it passes. He said: "I always knew this part of the state had a great variety of minerals, but I had no idea that it was such a fine farming country." The road runs all the way through a series of very productive valleys. Judge Reese says he considers the first mortgage six per cent bond of this road—which is only seven thousand dollars per mile—as one of the best investments in the state at par.

Colonel D. N. Speer, who is president of the Atlanta exposition mills, and also a director of the Georgia railroad and the Western railroad of Alabama, said he was much pleased with the construction of the road. "I had no idea," said Colonel Speer "that there was such a country up there." "This road," he continued, "will be one of the best local roads for Atlanta. The trade from here will be steady and reliable. There is a great future for this road and for the country it passes through."

Judge Clifford Anderson, the attorney general, was much pleased with the prompt manner in which the company had complied with the terms imposed by the legislature, and endorsed the statements made by Judge Reese and Colonel Speer about the importance of the road and the future of the country when developed.

Governor McDaniel will look over the act carefully and the report of the superintendent, Mr. J. B. Glover, and make up his opinion in regard to the matter by the time the legislature meets. Mr. Eager, Superintendent Glover, Mr. Walton, the superintendent of construction, and Mr. Malcolm all were very kind and attentive to the party.

TO SET ASIDE A LEASE.

The Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Road Seeks Freedom.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 19.—[Special.]—A bill of complaint was filed in the superior court of the Augusta Judicial circuit today, to set aside the lease of the Charlotte, Augusta and Columbia railroad to the Richmond and Danville railroad. The bill is brought by A. H. Millen and C. A. Cohen, in behalf of J. H. Lowery, et al., and is based principally on the ground that the lease is working against the interest of the stockholders of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta railroad, and was executed without the consent of the stockholders thereof. At the solicitation of ex-Senator Pope Barrow, attorney for the Richmond and Danville, the hearing has been postponed till November 15. The road is now one of the most important holdings of the Richmond and Danville, and should the attempt to break the lease obtain, it would seriously affect the southern work of the Richmond and Danville. It is reported that J. H. Lowery's complaint is backed by moneyed men and the fight will be pushed for all it is worth, and every endeavor will be made to restore the line to the control of its original stockholders.

HEADLIGHT FLASHES.

Mr. H. H. Plumb, passenger agent of the Central railroad, has recovered from his recent sickness.

During the Georgia state fair at Macon, the East Tennessee trains will stop at the gate of the fair grounds.

Mr. F. G. Robinson, southern traveling passenger agent of the Bee Line, with headquarters at Louisville, Ky., was in the city yesterday.

Mr. T. F. McCandless, traveling passenger agent of the Southern Pacific, and Mr. M. C. Sharp, traveling passenger agent of the Atlanta and West Point, are in North Carolina.

The Tribune is responsible for the following: "Is this the right train?" a lady asked of a brakeman the other day. "Where are you going, ma'am?" replied the brakeman. "None of your business, sir," retorted the lady, "I shall report you to the superintendent for impudence." And she actually did.

At the annual convention of the Master Car and Locomotive association, held at Chicago last month, M. L. Sims, of Atlanta, Ga., of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia; Joseph Murphy, of the Louisville and Nashville, and W. T. Ledford, of the Richmond and Danville, held up the purely southern end of the work. A. C. Sensenbach, of Pensacola, Pensacola and Atlantic, became a member. The meeting was largely attended.

Mr. Geo. W. Jones, secretary of the southern passenger association, returned from New York last night, where he attended the meeting of the organization in that city. He reports the convention as being a large one, and that the agreement for continuing the Florida round trip rates at the same prices, and under the same conditions as last year was generally signed. The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad people are particularly jubilant over the decision arrived at by the association.

Six thousand miles of railroad track will have been laid during this year when it closes, and noting this fact, the Wall Street News says: "The year 1886 will be memorable by reason of having been the turning point in one of the worst periods of railway depression ever known. Foreign investors are being rapidly convinced that the liquidation of the American roads has been so thorough as to make it safe to put money in them once more. A large number of loans are at present being effected abroad."

EXPLORING ALASKA.

An Interesting Report from Lieutenant Stoney to the Secretary of the Navy.

The recent North Alaska exploring expedition was commanded by Lieutenant George M. Stoney, one of the most prominent of the younger officers of the United States navy. Lieutenant Stoney is a brother of Mr. C. L. Stoney, the well-known druggist of this city. His report to the secretary of the navy giving the results of his explorations is an interesting and valuable document.

The following is given by Lieutenant Stoney as a synopsis of his work in Alaska:

"Accurate meteorological observations, magnetic dip, ice records, all phenomena, etc., were observed at Fort Cosmos. During December, accompanied by Ensign Howard, I made a sledging expedition to the north and west and passed over many miles of unexplored country. The headwaters of the No-to-Aik, or inland river, were discovered. During January and February Passed Assistant Engineer Zane, accompanied by George Scoloff, made a very successful and creditable sledging expedition to St. Michael's and return. He sledged over 1,000 miles, part of which had never been crossed before and made a thorough survey of the country. Mr. Zane is the first white man who has made or attempted the trip. During January I sledged over the Selewik lake country, discovered that the Selewik river was of considerable extent, and passed over many miles of new country. During March Ensign Read sledged over part of the Putnam river valley, making some important discoveries, the most notable being a hot spring. During the latter part of February I started on a sledging expedition to the north and east. My intention was to cross northern Alaska to the Arctic ocean, if possible. Most of the country crossed was uninhabitable, and, there being little game, I was short of food at times. I reached the limit of the mountains and found the headwaters of a large river running to the north. Beyond this point no natives or game are found until late in the spring. For days I have been dependent upon the country for food. The natives could not be induced to go further. Large offers were made, but they said no, that if they went there they would starve; but this, however, I doubt. These natives said that later, when the river broke and the reindeer, their principal food, moved to the north, they would take me to the arctic. They also stated that some of them went that route every year. The season was no so advanced that had I succeeded in reaching the ocean my retreat would have been cut off by the melting of the snow, which would have separated me from my command until late in the summer. Most of these natives had never seen a white man before. I found them, like all Esquimaux, very friendly. Seeing the feasibility of making the trip, and not being able to wait and go with them myself, I decided to get back to headquarters as soon as possible. I made arrangements with the natives still further up this river and nearer Fort Cosmos to take two white men to the ocean. By a forced march, with some days not five hours' rest, I reached the fort April 8.

"Ensigns Howard (in command) and F. J. Price were detailed to make the trip. April 12 Ensign Howard and party left the fort, with one month's provisions. He made a forced march and reached these natives before the snow melted, accompanying them to the coast, which was reached June 25, sixty miles eastward of Point Barrow. At this point he was detained by the ice until July 12. He reached Point Barrow July 16, where he found some white men stationed for the purpose of trading and whaling. On August 13 Ensigns Howard and Price embarked aboard the Bear. Captain Healy was informed of Mr. Howard's trip, when he communicated with my party, and was asked to pick him up. Mr. Howard made many important discoveries. He found a large river flowing to the north, and upon its waters he drifted to the Arctic. He was for several days upon the Colville river, and found its headwaters. Mr. Howard deserves great credit for his work and the judgment displayed. He had to take Esquimau food and life for three months, sometimes short of food, and underwent extreme hardships and hard work. During my northern trip many important discoveries were made. Large, extensive lakes were found, one very large. These lakes were found all through arctic Alaska. June ten the ice in Putnam river broke and I immediately moved my party to the coast. I triangulated out the Putnam and the Selewik rivers, rounded out Hotham inlet and Selewik lake and made an expedition up the Noto-Aik river. By the different sledging expeditions we crossed the entire territory of Alaska between Norton sound and the Arctic ocean to the north, all of which, except near the Yukon, had never been crossed by white men before. The Bear will be detained in Alaskan waters until October for the purpose of protecting the seal fisheries, hence I do not expect to reach San Francisco until late in October."

The Stranglers of Paris in Charleston.

From the News and Courier.

The "Stranglers of Paris" was played last night for the first time in Charleston before a conspicuously large audience at the Academy of Music. Judging solely from the quantity and quality of the applause with which its principal features and characters were received, it is a strong play, and one which contains all the elements necessary for a successful dramatic presentation.

A Remedy For Lung Diseases.

Dr. Robert Newton, late president of the Eclectic college, of the city of New York, and formerly of Cincinnati, Ohio, used Dr. William Hall's Balsam very extensively in his practice, as many of his patients, now living, and restored to health by the use of this invaluable medicine, can amply testify. He always said that so good a remedy ought to be prescribed freely by every physician as a sovereign remedy in all cases of lung diseases. It cures consumption, and has no equal for all pectoral complaints.

FINE MUSIC.

The Grand Organ Concert at the First Methodist Church.

Atlanta should have more of such entertainments as that given last night at the First Methodist church. There is plenty of talent in the city, and that there is no lack of its appreciation was demonstrated by the large and elegant audience which filled the spacious auditorium of the First Methodist church and enjoyed the grand organ concert last evening.

The concert was given by the choir of the church and was under the direction of Mr. Sumner Salter, the accomplished organist. The choir is composed of Mrs. Mary Turner Salter, soprano; Miss Jennie Slee, contralto; Mr. John Lively, tenor; Mr. George B. Hinman, bass. They were assisted by the choir of the Second Baptist church composed of Mrs. J. Weston Katzenberger, soprano, Mrs. Alex W. Smith, contralto, Mr. Alex W. Smith, tenor, and Mr. Samuel M. Burbank, bass; by Mrs. Annie Mays Dow, of the First Baptist church choir; and by a select choir composed of the following ladies and gentlemen.

Mrs. Howell Jackson, Miss Bessie Redding and Miss Clara Werner, sopranos; Mrs. W. L. Peel, Miss Bessie Hammond and Miss Willie Howard, contraltos; Messrs. H. B. Deas, F. H. Gates and M. L. Roberts, tenors; and Messrs. Geo. H. Cole, F. M. Fremont, and Joseph Spiro, basses.

The programme presented a variety of musical gems. There were four organ solos by Mr. Salter. They were the Grand March from Tannhauser, The Last Rose of Summer (Buck), Farewell to Elsa (Wagner), and Offertoire in E flat, (Wely), and the Grand March for the Schiller Centennary Festival (Myerbeer). These performances, each so different from the others, and all so beautiful, were well calculated to exhibit the skill of the organist and bring out the power of the superb organ of the First Methodist church. These solos alone would have made an excellent programme.

Mrs Mary Turner-Salter sang "Holy, Holy," from Gounod's Messe Solenelle, assisted by the full select choir, which had been admirably trained.

Later Mrs. Salter sang a recitative from Costa, "Open Unto Me the Gates of Righteousness," and sang it superbly. She received an ovation from her delighted hearers. Mrs. Annie Mays Dow, who is always heard with pleasure, sang the exquisite "Hear Ye, Israel," from Mendelssohn's "Elijah," with all her usual excellence of expression.

Mrs. J. Weston Katzenberger's solo was "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth," from Handel's Messiah. In this selection pure soprano voice has fine scope, and her song was one of the most striking features of the programme.

"The Legend of the Crossbill" (Lemmens) was beautifully rendered by Miss Jennie Slee.

Mrs. Katzenberger, Mrs. Alex. W. Smith, Mr. Alex. W. Smith and Mr. Samuel M. Burbank sang in magnificent style "Bella Figlia," from Verdi's "Rigoletto."

Mr. Burbank's solo, "Thus Saith the Lord," (Handel), brought out his rich and true bass voice with fine effect.

The First Methodist church choir gave one of the best performances of the evening in their rendition of "The Cradle Song," (Smart) and "The Bells of St. Michael's Tower," (Sir R. P. Stewart.)

Mr. George B. Hinman sang "Nazareth," (Gounod-Buck), assisted by the select choir.

The concert throughout was excellent in the quality of the selections and the excellency of their rendering. It was highly enjoyed by all who heard it, and another similar entertainment would be hailed with very general approval

THORN'S CASE.

The Supreme Court Decides Against Him—Mayson Closes.

As was intimated in yesterday's CONSTITUTION, the supreme court decided against Mr. C. C. Thorn in the case of Thorn vs. the city of Atlanta. The gist of the decision is that the discretion vested in the board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Fulton county to grant or refuse licenses to sell spirituous or malt liquors is in the commissioners, not in their clerk. A license granted by the clerk in the absence of the commissioners and without their express order and without their knowledge, was void; and the recorder of the city had the authority, under the city's ordinance, to impose punishment for the violation of the ordinance. The decision in full will be found elsewhere in this issue.

Mr. Thorn will have to pay the five hundred dollar fine imposed upon him by Recorder Anderson.

As soon as it was known that the supreme court had decided against Mr. Thorn, T. C. Mayson closed his saloon on Marietta street. Over the door he placed the following sign:

CLOSED, CLOSED,
FOR GOOD!

Mr. Mayson said that he closed his saloon because there was nothing else for him to do.

Many people who went to the saloon to buy liquor were disappointed, and went away in anything but a pleasant frame of mind.

THE BREWERY NOT DELIVERING.

The brewery delivered no beer at all yesterday. Early in the morning Mr. Kuhrt, the president of the company instructed every one in the services of his company not to sell or deliver any beer to any one in the county. Later in the day Chief Connolly called upon Mr. Kuhrt and notified him that the ordinance originally adopted by the council would be rigidly enforced. Mr. Kuhrt does not know what steps he will take yet. The matter is in hands of the attorneys.

DEATH OF MR. THEO. H IVIE.

After a Brief Illness He Crosses the Mystic River.

Theo. H. Ivie is dead!

Many are the hearts which will be saddened this morning by reading these words. Taken away from a devoted family and loving friends after an illness of only a few days, makes the death of this excellent gentleman only the harder to bear. Sunday one week ago he was taken sick with a slight attack of fever, but on Monday was able to go to his photograph gallery and resume work. Friday last he became suddenly worse, and was forced to go home and take his bed. Drs. Green and Pinckney were summoned, and pronounced him in a very precarious condition. His devoted wife and sympathizing friends, aided by the physicians, did all in their power to relieve his sufferings. At noon yesterday he grew a great deal worse, and even his physicians lost all hope, and from that hour till he died, half past twelve last night, his death was expected at any moment. When the last moment came, he passed away quietly and calmly, surrounded by his heart broken wife and little children, and dear friends.

Mr. Ivie was one of the foremost photographers of the state. Though comparatively a young man, he stood in the front ranks in his profession, and throughout Georgia, his fame as an artist was known. As a citizen, he was honored and respected. While always attentive and devoted to his business, he was courteous and kind and in social life was a favorite. A more devoted husband and father never lived. Around his hearthstone at his home his true worth was best known. His chief study was the happiness of his family and friends. He is gone to a brighter and better world where he awaits the coming of loved ones left behind. The grief stricken wife is very sick and the constant attendance of physicians is necessary.

The funeral arrangements have not been perfected.

If you suffer from looseness of the bowels ANGOSTURA BITTERS will surely cure you Beware of counterfeits and ask your grocer for druggist for the genuine article, prepared by Dr. J. G B. Siegert & Sons.

Funeral Notice.

WEAVER—The friends and acquaintances of M. F Holland and Mrs. Rebecca Holland, are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs Elizabeth Weaver, widow of the late John M. Weaver, from her late residence, 87 Walton street, this afternoon at three o'clock. Interment at Oakland cemetery.

Hymeneal.

WELCH—KENNEDY—Married, last evening at 8 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Kennedy, No. 4 Bell street, Mr. T. W. Welch, of DeKalb county, to Miss Hattie A. Kennedy, Rev. Virgil C. Norcross officiating.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT ROYAL PURE ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

STADIGER'S

AURANTII

Most of the diseases which afflict mankind are originally caused by a disordered condition of the LIVER. For all complaints of this kind, such as Torpidity of the Liver, Biliousness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Irregularity of the Bowels, Constipation, Flatulency, Eructations and Burning of the Stomach (sometimes called Heartburn), Miasma, Malaria, Bloody Flux, Chills and Fever, Breakbone Fever, Exhaustion before or after Fevers, Chronic Diarrhœa, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Foul Breath, Irregularities incidental to Females, Bearing-down Pains, Backache, &c., &c, STADIGER'S AURANTII is invaluable. It is not a panacea for all diseases, but will CURE all diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH and BOWELS. It changes the complexion from a waxy, yellow tinge, to a ruddy, healthy color. It entirely removes low, gloomy spirits. It is one of the BEST ALTERATIVES and PURIFIERS OF THE BLOOD, and is A VALUABLE TONIC.

STADIGER'S AURANTII

For sale by all Druggists. Price $1.00 per bottle.

C. F. STADIGER, Proprietor,
140 SO. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, Pa
Name this paper. 1&wk6m flur—

For Sale Wholesale by
ASA G. CANDLER, Atlanta, Ga.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM For the LUNGS!

Cures Coughs, Colds, Pneumonia, Consumption, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and the tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable malady. HALL'S BALSAM will cure you, even though professional aid fails. For sale by all Druggists.

Price, 25 cts., 50 cts and $1.

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York.

☞ Write for Illuminated Book.

nov28—1y sun tues wed thu wky n r m

G. W. ADAIR..............................AUCTIONEER.

GARTRELL PROPERTY,

DECATUR STREET.

I WILL SELL UPON THE PREMISES, ON Wednesday afternoon at 3½ o'clock, 20th October, 1886, 27 vacant lots, as shown on the plat, fronting on Decatur, Antoinette and Lucy streets. These lots are a subdivision of the handsomest site inside the city limits. Every lot is a beauty. On a number of them stand magnificent forest shade trees. The owners of houses around this property on Young, Gartrell and Fitzgerald streets are of the very best of citizens, and have some of the nicest cottages in the city. Decatur street has street cars, water and gas, brick sidewalks and rubble stone, making it of easy approach. This is the only plat of lots that can be had so near the center of the city. All things considered, elevation, surrounding, accessibility, clear, cold well water—they should attract the careful attention of parties wanting nice vacant lots upon which to build homes. Remember the day, hour, terms and location. Indisputable titles. Come to the ground and see once more what such property can be sold for. Terms: ⅓ cash, ⅓ 12 months. 8 per cent interest.

G. W. ADAIR.

Receiver's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Honorable Marshall J. Clarke, judge of the Superior Court of the Atlanta Circuit, in the case of Aaron Haas versus The Capital City Steam Bakery and Manufacturing Company et al., the undersigned, as Receiver in said case, will sell at public outcry, on the premises 68 and 70 East Alabama street in the city of Atlanta, the late place of business of said defendant corporation, commencing Monday, the 22nd day of November next, at 11 o'clock a. m. and continuing from day to day until sold, the following property, as the property of the Capital City Steam Bakery and Manufacturing Company, viz.: One revolving oven, one Dutch oven, engine and boiler, dough mixers, cracker cutting machines, bread and cracker pans, etc., etc., to make a complete outfit for a first-class bread and cracker bakery; also a complete outfit for a first-class candy factory; office furniture, three horses and four bread delivery wagons.

Also, a miscellaneous lot of merchandise, consisting of about 350 barrels of flour, a lot of crackers, candy, etc., etc. An itemized list of all the foregoing machinery, merchandise and fixtures, etc., etc., will be supplied by application to the undersigned.

Terms cash.

Private bids will be entertained for any or all of the above described property until the time of public sale as above stated, and the right to reject any or all of said bids is reserved.

LOUIS GHOLSTIN,
Receiver.

nov4-sat3w&thendtd

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday and Thursday, October 20 and 21. Special Thursday Matinee.

The charming little Soubrette and Comedienne,

FLORENCE BINDLEY,
(BABY BINDLEY)

Wednesday Night and Thursday Matinee.

In Bartley Campbell's Great Sensational Comedy Drama,

HEROINE IN RAGS,

Supported by the talented actor, HENRY TALBOT, and a Grand Metropolitan cast. A car load of magnificent scenery. Elegant stage appointments. Beautiful costumes. New and catchy music. The most unique and novel production of the age, THURSDAY NIGHT, in Bartley Campbell's intensely interesting play.

"VIGILANTES."

Prices—75c., 50c., 25c. Reserved seats at Miller's book store. 17-tf

FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

Grand Saturday Matinee---October 22, 23.

Love,	THE
Romance,	STRANGLERS
Parental Devotion,	STRANGLERS
Pathos and the Picturesque,	STRANGLERS
Absorbing Interest,	OF
Intense Situations,	PARIS
Startling Climaxes.	PARIS

The Grandest of all Melo-dramas.—N. Y. Herald.

With the great Metropolitan Company: FRANK A. TANNEHILL, SR.; MISS EDNA COURTENEY.

A Car Load of Massive Scenery!

Fifty performances in New York at the Park Theater. Witnessed by over 100,000 people. Thirty characters in the cast. Seven stirring acts.

Six massive scenic pictures:

I—The Home of Jeannie. II—The Prison Yard.
III—The Great Bridge. IV—The Convict Ship.
V—Escape in Mid-Ocean. VI—Mathilde's Chateau.

Episodes in the Great Play:

Five hundred and thirty thousand francs at law—Each father for his own daughter—An innocent man condemned—His loyal wife—The escape from the convict ship in mid ocean—The revelation to Mathilde—"The wife of one assassin, the daughter of another!"—Justice at last.

Usual prices. Reserved seats at Miller's book store. 17, 20, 21, 22, 23

ROLLER SKATES!

A Grand Opening Tonight at the

METROPOLITAN RINK

Messrs. JACK & CHASE, pioneers of roller skating rink for the winter of '86-7, will open the Metropolitan Rink

—ON FORSYTH STREET TONIGHT.—

The Rink will then be open every afternoon from three to five o'clock, and every evening from seven to ten. oct20 2w

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,

DIAMONDS,

WATCHES,
FINE
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE,
Art Goods,

47 WHITEHALL STREET.

TAX NOTICE.

MY BOOKS ARE NOW OPEN FOR THE COLlection of State and County Tax for 1886. Office hours from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m.

JAMES M. WILSON,
T. C. F. C.

The Following Just Received:

NEW YORK, October 16, 1886.—Messrs. Dobbs, Wey & Co., Atlanta, Ga.: Your import order is in and will be shipped as soon as released from the custom house. YOUR AGENT.

The order referred to above was placed last May. It has taken

OVER SIX MONTHS' TIME TO FILL THE BILL

and transport the goods across the Atlantic. Consider this, and you may form an idea of the magnitude and endless variety of this purchase.

We have been very quiet about it, waiting for the proper time to give the people of Atlanta a genuine surprise. Now, we do not care longer to withhold the fact, and announce that in a few more days

WE WILL PLACE ON EXHIBITION

in our salesroom, No. 45 Peachtree street, this immense stock of choice and elegant

French China and Porcelaine,
Exquisite Art Pottery in
"Royal Worcester," "Leeds,"
"Doulton," "Yellow Hungarian,"
"Faience" and "Crown Derby" Ware
Gems in "Barouque," Bohemian
and "Baccarat" Glass,
"Royal Vienna" and
"Royal Dresden" Porcelaine.

In fact, nothing but what is

—NEW AND NOVEL, RICH AND RARE.—

Space is limited. We cannot describe or enumerate the many novelties, but will only say we are sure to please even the most critical and exacting. We invite everyone to call, and will gladly show the stock to you.

NO MATTER IF YOU WISH TO BUY OR NOT,
—COME!—

You will be welcome, and find yourself well paid by spending an hour in the "Handsomest China Store in Georgia."

DOBBS, WEY & CO.,
oct19 d6m 45 Peachtree Street.

A. P. TRIPOD,

45 DECATUR STREET,
ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

HIGH GRADE

Lubricating Oils and Greases!

SPECIALTIES.

"Nonpareil Cylinder," "Lardoline," "Eureka Engine," "Extra Machine," "Gate City Grease."

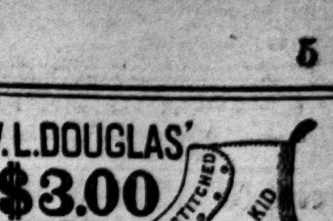
West Virginia Black Oil, all grades; Signal, Lard, Castor, Paraffine, etc.

Orders Solicited and Quality Guaranteed.

CURE FOR THE DEAF

PECK'S PATENT IMPROVED CUSHIONED EAR DRUMS perfectly restore the hearing and perform the work of the natural drum. Invisible, comfortable and always in position. All conversation and even whispers heard distinctly. Send for illustrated book with testimonials, FREE. Address or call on F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York. Mention this paper.

apr29—dly wed fri mon wky



The above warranted and celebrated Shoes in button, lace and congress.

SHOES FOR MEN.
SHOES FOR LADIES.
SHOES FOR BOYS.
SHOES FOR GIRLS.
SHOES FOR CHILDREN.
SHOES FOR INFANTS.

The above in the latest styles, all qualities and LOWEST PRICES.

Our $5.00 Men's calf, hand-sewed seamless, best in the city.

Our $2.75 Men's seamless Dongola top, in button, lace and congress, is the leader.

Our Men's $1.50, $2 and $2.25 Shoes are warranted solid leather and stylish.

Stich Down Shoes for mechanics and laboring men, best out.

School Shoes for boys and girls are desirable for style and durability.

Bound Cork and Lamb's wool soles for Crocket Slippers.

Porpoise laces, French Dressing and all styles of button hooks at

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,
33 WHITEHALL ST.

wed fri sat

O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga.

—ALSO—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR,

Manufacturer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,
Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts,

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING,

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISHES, ETC.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

HAMBURG LINIMENT,

The Best External Application Known.

CURES LUMBAGO.
CURES WRY NECK.
CURES HEADACHE.
CURES LAME BACK.
CURES NEURALGIA.
CURES TOOTHACHE.
CURES RHEUMATISM.
CURES SORE THROAT.
CURES SPRAINS AND SWELLINGS.

Sold by HUTCHISON & BRO.,
14 Whitehall Street.

Office: P. O. BOX 297. Works:
16 N. BROAD ST. MEANS STREET.

HOPE IRON WORKS,

E. C. BARTH

—ATLANTA, GA.—

Steam Engines, Boilers, General Machinery.

Tirill Equalizing Gas Machine,
McKinley Hot Air Engine,
Passenger and Freight Elevators,
Pumps, Tanks and Towers,
Clerk Gas Engine.

Engine cylinders rebored by special machinery WITHOUT removing them from engine bed.

Machine work in all its branches done at reasonable rates.

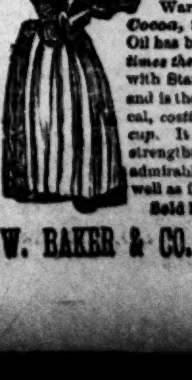
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO the Superior Court of said county: The petition of Howard Van Epps, George Hillyer, H. G. Hutchison, W. M. Middlebrooks, J. A. Anderson and John B. Goodwin, all of said county, showeth that they, and such others as may be associated with them, and their successors, desire to be incorporated under the name and style of "The House of Refuge, for the reformation of juvenile offenders." The object of the incorporation prayed for is the establishment and maintenance in said county of a house or home for the reception, education, training, employment, discipline and safe keeping of juvenile offenders and infants guilty of incorrigible or vicious conduct or vagrancy, and infants who are homeless or without protection, as and in the manner that may be authorized by law. Petitioners pray for said corporation the power of acquiring by purchase, bequest or donations real and personal property for the carrying out the object aforesaid, and of holding and disposing of the same for like purpose; of providing for membership therein, or contributors thereto; of making such by-laws, rules and regulations for the government of said House of Refuge and the inmates thereof, and for carrying out the object of said corporation as may be deemed proper, not in conflict with the laws of said state or the United States; in proper cases and as may be authorized by law, to bind or indenture inmates of said house to fit and proper persons; to have and use a common seal, by said corporate name to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded in all the courts of law and equity in said state, and to have such other powers as are incident to corporations in said state, and especially such as are provided in section 1676 (b.), Code of Georgia of 1882 and preceding sections of same chapter. Said corporation desires to carry on its said work and transact its business in said county. Petitioners have no capital stock, and the incorporation prayed for is not for individual pecuniary gain, but for the charitable purpose aforesaid. Petitioners and their successors desire to be incorporated as aforesaid for the period of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of said time.

JOHN B. GOODWIN,
JOHN T. PENDLETON,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

Filed in office and recorded October 11, 1886.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

The above and foregoing is a true copy of the original as appears of record in this office October 11, 1886. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.
wed1awk6wks.



GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Showing the arrival and departure of all trains from the city. City time.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA R. R

*Day Express from Sav'h & Fla. No. 14 12 05 n'n	*Day Express North, E. and West No 14 12 15 pm
New York Lim. From North. No 15.. 9 10 am	* Day Express Phil & N. Y., No 12. ... 6 15 am
*Cin. & Mem. Ex. from North, No. 11. 11 55 pm	*New York Lim. North N. Y. Phila. etc. No. 16 .... 5 40 pm
Day Express from North No. 13.......... 4 00 pm	*Cannon Ball South for S'v'h & Fla. No. 15 ....9 15 am
*Day Ex. from Savannah and Brunswick, No. 16........... 5 35 pm	*Fast Express South for S'vh & Fla. No. 18 5 00 pm

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.
(Richmond and Danville R. R.)

Through Express from New York and Washington arrives at 12:30 noon.	Limited Day Express to Washington, New York and all points east, leaves at.........7 40 am
Limited Express, New York and Washington, arrives at........ 9 40 pm	Through Night Express to New York and all points via Washington leaves at.......... 5 00 pm
Gainesville Accommod'tn arrives at 8 25 am	Gainesville Accommo'n leaves at ....4 00 pm

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
From Savannah* 7 32 am	To Savannah*... 6 00 am
" Barn'sv'll* 7 50 am	To Macon*....... 3 10 pm
" Macon*.... 1 35 pm	To Savannah*.. 6 50 pm
"Savannah*... 9 35 pm	To Ba'nesville*. 4 30 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Chata'ga* 7 25 am	To Chattanooga* 7 50 am
" Marietta... 8 58 am	To Chattanooga* 1 50 pm
" Rome........ 11 05 am	To Rome............ 3 45 pm
" Chata'go*.. 2 30 pm	To Marietta....... 5 15 pm
" Chata'ga*.. 6 35 pm	To Chattanooga* 5 55 pm
	To Chattanooga* 11 00 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From M'tgo'ery* 3 25 am	To Montgo'ery* 1 45 pm
" LaGrange. 8 45 am	To LaGrange..... 5 30 pm
" M'tgo'ery* 1 45 pm	To Montgo'ery*.11 20 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta*. 6 40 am	To Augusta*...... 8 00 am
" Covingt'n.. 7 55 am	To Decatur....... 9 00 am
" Decatur..... 10 15 am	To Clarkston.... 12 10 pm
" Augusta*... 1 00 pm	To Augusta*...... 2 45 pm
" Clarkston.. 2 20 pm	To Covington.... 6 10 pm
" Augusta*.. 5 45 pm	To Augusta*...... 7 30 pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

From Bir'g'm*.. 7 20 am	To Birming'm*.. 8 05 am
" Bir'g'm*... 4 40 pm	To Birming'm*.. 4 30 pm

Trains marked thus (*) are daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Bankers and Brokers.

W. H. PATTERSON.

Bond and Stock Broker, 24 Pryor Street.

FOR SALE—Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad 1st mortgage 7 per cent bonds, due 1906.
Marietta and North Georgia railroad 1st mortgage 6 per cent bonds, due 1911.
Georgia Railroad stock.
Atlanta Home Insurance stock.
Georgia Pacific railroad 1st mortgage 6 per cent bonds, due 1902.
WANTED—Investment securities.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN,

BROKER AND DEALER IN

BONDS AND STOCKS,

Office 12 East Alabama Street.

WANTED—Ga. R. R., bonds and stock. S. W. R.R. stock. Atlanta and West Point R.R. stock and certificates. Central R. R. stocks and certificates. Atlanta 6, 7, and 8 per cent bonds Georgia bonds, and Georgia Pacific R. R. 1st mortgage.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.,

28 SOUTH PRYOR STREET.

—Brokers in—

Stocks, Bonds, Money and Securities.
Will Make Loans on Good Collaterals.

WANTED — GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK Stock, City Bonds, Atlanta and West Point Stock, Capitol City Land and Improvement Co. Stock. Correspondence solicited. tf

W. H. HUGULEY & CO.,

BANKERS

WEST POINT, - - GEORGIA.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS:

Chemical National Bank, New York.
Atlanta National Bank, Atlanta.

Correspondence Invited.

The GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK

—OF ATLANTA, GA.—

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
Capital & Surplus $300,000.
Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand With interest.

Three per cent per annum if left four months.
Four per cent per annum if left six months.
4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Bridge Building and Iron Working Grounds, Plant, etc., to be Sold at Public Outcry.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE TERMS OF, AND UNDER the powers conferred by, a certain trust deed, or mortgage, executed on January 23d last, by the Atlanta Bridge and Iron Works to L. J. Hill and R. H. Richards, as trustees for certain bondholders therein named, the undersigned, L. J. Hill, trustee as aforesaid (the said R. H. Richards declining to act further in said matter), will sell upon the premises, at public outcry, on Thursday, the 25th day of November next, at 11 o'clock a.m., to the highest bidder for cash, if not before sold at private sale upon satisfactory terms being offered, the following described property, viz:

All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, which was deeded to E. M. Cravath and E P. Smith by Wm. Jennings, trustee, and Francis M. Jennings, on the 19th day March, 1866, such deed being recorded in the clerk's office of Fulton superior court in book "H," page 708, and the said land being therein more fully described thus: "All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Fulton, and state of Georgia, near the northeast limits of the city of Atlanta on the Marietta road, and bounded on the north by W. C. Moore, on the east by Peters and Brewer, and on the south by Griffith, now J. J. Morrison, and on the west by the right-of-way of the Western and Atlantic railroad, the same containing six acres, more or less, being the premises formerly owned and improved by George W. D. Cook, and conveyed by him to Adam Jones, and by Jones to James O. Harris, and by James O. Harris to grantors;" being the premises whereon are situated the Bridge building works and apparatus of the late firm of Wilkins, Post & Co., together with all and singular the buildings, fixtures and other rights, members and appurtenances thereto in any wise appertaining or belonging; and also the tools for use in the bridge-building and iron-working business situate on the above described premises, including machinery and other appliances; and also rolling mill machinery, including a one hundred-horse power engine, and nine-inch train, with housings, bed plates and brasses complete, also located upon the above described premises; and also the stock on hand and located on said premises, including bolts, bar iron nuts, washers, plate and scrap.

The foregoing will be sold as the property of the Atlanta Bridge and Iron Works, in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed above referred to, which is recorded in the clerk's office of Fulton Superior Court, in book "O" of Mortgages, pages 622, 623 and 624, and to this record particular reference is hereby made.

Said trust deed was made to secure the payment of thirty thousand dollars, represented by sixty bonds of five hundred dollars each, with interest thereon at eight per cent per annum, represented by certain coupons attached to said bonds, which coupons were to become due and payable on the first day of each succeeding July and January, beginning July 1st last and ending with the maturity of said bonds, viz.: January 1, 1896. And in said deed it is provided that should the Atlanta Bridge and Iron Works fail to pay said bonds or any of the coupons at maturity, it hereby constitutes the said L. J. Hill and R. H. Richards trustees, as aforesaid, or their successors, its agents to sell said property at public or private sale, as they may deem will command the highest price, and to execute titles thereto in the name of said The Atlanta Bridge and Iron Works, after having advertised the same for ninety (90) days in one of the daily newspapers of the city of Atlanta, and apply the proceeds from sale to the expenses incident thereto, and to the payment of said bonds and coupons, and if there be a balance remaining, the same to be paid to it and its successors.

On July 1st last the coupons attached to each of said bonds, representing the interest then accrued thereon, became due and payable, but the same were not then paid, nor have they since been paid, and this sale is made for the purpose of carrying out the objects in said deed expressed.

Terms of sale, cash. L. J. HILL, Trustee.
Aug. 18, 1886—dtf

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 19, 1886.

New York exchange buying at ¼ off selling at par.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
New Ga., 4½ 30 year	107	108
Ga. 6s 1889	103½	105
Ga. 7s, gold	109	111
Ga. 7s, 1896	120	123
S. C. Brown	107	109
Savannah 5s	100	102
Atl'ta 8s, 1902	124	126
Atl'ta 8s, 1892	112	114
Atl'ta 7s, 1904	121	123
Atl'ta 7s, 1899	117	119
Atl'ta 6s, L.D.	110	112
Atl'ta 6s, S.D.	100	105
Atlanta 5s	105	107
Augusta 7s	103	105
Macon 6s	110	112
Columbus 5s	100	103
ATNANTA BANK STOCKS.		
Atlanta Nat'l	200	—
Merch'ts B'k	129	—
B'k State Ga	120	—
Gate City Nat	120	—
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Ga. R. 6s. 1897	107	109

R. R. BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. 6s, 1910	111	113
Ga. R. 6s, 1922	112	114
Cen. R. 7s, 1893	111	113
C. C. & A. 1st	111	113
A. & C. 1st	122	125
A. & C. inc	105	107
M. & A. ind	100	103
W. of Ala. 1st	104	106
do. 2d	107	109
Ga. Pac. ind	109	112
Ga. Pac. 2d	50	55
Am'cus, Prest. & L'mkn 1st 7s	103	104
M. & N. G. 1st		102
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Georgia	189	191
At. & Char	90	95
Southwest'n	120	122
S. Carolina	5	10
Central	92	94
Central deb	100	102
Aug. & Sav	119	121
A. & W. Pt	101	102½
do. deb	103	105
C. C. & A	25	30

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, October 19—The news affecting values today, received upon the street, was very meagre but was generally of a favorable nature. The general market was quiet and at times dull. The principal interest being centered in coal stocks and Louisville and Nashville. Jersey Central and Reading suffered from the drive on the first hour but rallied somewhat later under support. Louisville and Nashville have been steady and strong throughout the day. None of the specialties which have lately been so prominent showed any life today. The opening was irregular but generally lower, changes being for small fractions only except Delaware and Hudson which was up ⅝ and Hocking Valley ¾. Early dealings were marked with much feverishness and irregularity, especially in Jersey Central but the general list was firm with frequent fluctuations until about one o'clock. The market at that time became dull and prices remained stationary. There was some weakness in the last hour but the market closed steadily. The most active list are higher tonight though important changes are few in number. Louisville and Nashville and New England are each up to 1⅛ and Hocking Valley is 1¼ lower. Other changes are for fractions only. Sales 362,000 shares.

Exchange 480¾. **Money** 9@4. **Sub-treasury balances:** Coin, $125,898,000; currency $22,952,000. Governments dull: 4s 128⅝; 3s 100 bid State bonds dull.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	103	N. & O.	66⅛
do. Class B 5s	108	N. O. Pac. 1sts	77
Ga. 6s	—	N. Y. Central	118⅛
Ga. 7s mortgage	109¼	Norfolk & W'n pre.	44¼
N. C. 6s	128⅞	Northern Pacific	28⅝
do. 4s	99½	do. preferred	63⅜
S. C. con. Brown	109	Pacific Mail	53
Tenn. settlement 6s	76½	Reading	35¼
Virginia 6s	47	Rich. & Alleghany	8½
Virginia consols	57⅞	Richmond & Dan	150
Chesap'ke & Ohio	10½	Rich & W. P. Ter'l	30¼
Chicago & N. W.	117⅜	Rock Island	125
do. preferred	141	St. Paul	91⅞
Del. & Lack	141⅜	do. preferred	121
Erie	35⅛	Texas Pacific	20¼
East Tenn., new	13¼	Union Pacific	61⅛
Lake Shore	92⅝	N. J. Central	52⅞
L. & N.	54¾	Missouri Pacific	115¼
Memphis & Char.	41	Western Union	76¼
Mobile & Ohio	16		

*Bid. †Ex-dividend. †Offered. ‡Asked.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 19, 1886.

New York—The cotton market appears dull and considerably depressed. Spots, middling 9 5-16c.

Net receipts 3 days 147,334 bales, against 145,902 bales last year; exports 75,128 bales; last year 77,419 bales; stock 510,875 bales; last year 510,175 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

October	9.06@9.08	9.02@9.03
November	9.07@9.09	9.03@9.04
December	9.12@9.13	9.07@9.08
January	9.20@	9.15@9.16
February	9.27@9.28	9.22@9.23
March	9.35@9.36	9.30@9.31
April	9.44@9.45	9.38@9.39
May	9.53@	9.47@9.48
June	9.61@	9.56@9.57
July	9.69@9.70	9.64@9.65

Closed dull but steady; sales 57,900 bales.

Local—Cotton steady at the following quotations: Strict good middling 8 11-16c: good middling 8 9-16c; middling 8½c; strict low middling 8⅜c; low middling 8 3-16c; strict good ordinary 8c; good ordinary 8c; tinges 8½c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for today:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	201	
Air-Line Railroad	133	
Georgia Railroad	453	
Central Railroad	283	
Western and Atlantic Railroad	89	
West Point Railroad	63	
E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. Railroad	255	
Georgia Pacific Railroad	55	
Total	1,531	
Receipts previously	36,490	
Total	38,021	
Stock September 1	2,506	
Grand total		40,527

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments today	2,319	
Shipments previously	31,617	
Local consumption since September 1	1,460	
Total		35,396
Actual stock on hand		5,131

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts today	1,531
Same day last year	1,951
Showing a decrease of	420
Receipts since September 1	38,021
Same time last year	36,456
Showing an increase of	1,565

NEW YORK, October 19—C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: A weak tone has prevailed with prices 4@5 points lower, and the close was dull at about the lowest. Shorts have covered with less freedom. The depressing influence appears to be almost wholly in the full run of receipts, which act as a discouraging factor both at home and abroad.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, October 19—12:15 p. m.—Cotton quiet and in moderate inquiry; middling uplands 5¼; middling Orleans 5⅜; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 10,000; all American; uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 3-64, 5 9-64; October and November 5 1-64, 5 2-64; November and December delivery 5; December and January delivery 5; January and February delivery 5; February and March delivery 5 2-64, 5 1-64; May and June delivery 5 7-64; futures opened dull and inactive.

LIVERPOOL, October 19—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 6,500 bales; uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 9-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 2-64, sellers, November and December delivery 5, buyers; December and January delivery 5, value; January and February delivery 5, value; February and March delivery 5 1-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 2-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 6 64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 8-64, buyers; futures quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, October 19—5:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 8-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5, buyers; November and December delivery 1 63-64, buyers; December and January delivery 4 63-64, value; January and February delivery 4 63-64, value; February and March delivery 5 buyers; March and April delivery 5 2-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 4-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 7-64, sellers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, October 19—Cotton dull and easy; sales 316 bales; middling uplands 9 5-16; middling Orleans 9½; net receipts none; gross 1,472; consolidated net receipts 56,201; exports to Great Britain 11,827; to continent 8,690; stock 89,930.

GALVESTON, October 19—Cotton dull; middling 8⅞; net receipts 4,404 bales; gross 4,494; sales 465; stock 76,755; exports to Great Britain 5,461.

NORFOLK, October 19—Cotton easy; middling 9; net receipts 6,465 bales; gross 6,465; stock 24,693; sales 1,525; exports coastwise 3,177.

BALTIMORE, October 19—Cotton dull; middling 9; net receipts none bales; gross 1,212; sales 11; stock 7,990; sales to spinners —; exports coastwise 552.

BOSTON, October 19—Cotton quiet; middling 97-16; net receipts 165 bales; gross 5,602; sales none; stock none; exports to Great Britain 866.

WILMINGTON, October 19—Cotton firm; middling 8⅞; net receipts 2,035 bales; gross 2,035; sales none; stock 21,472

PHILADELPHIA, October 19—Cotton dull; middling 9⅝; net receipts 209 bales; gross 350; sales none; stock 8,115.

SAVANNAH, October 19—Cotton dull; middling 8⅝; net receipts 9,406 bales; gross 9,663 sales 1,901; stock 100,565; exports to Great Britain 5,600.

NEW ORLEANS, October 19—Cotton weak; middling 8 13-16; net receipts 21,919 bales; gross 25,451; sales 2,000; stock 108,947; exports coastwise 5,717.

MOBILE, October 19—Cotton dull; middling 8¾; net receipts 4,125 bales; gross 4,179; sales 250; stock 12,175; exports coastwise 3,010.

MEMPHIS, October 19—Cotton steady; middling 8¾; net receipts 2,894 bales; shipments 2,524; sales 4,100; stock 44,360; sales to spinners —.

AUGUSTA, October 19—Cotton quiet; middling 8 7-16; net receipts 2,058 bales; shipments —; sales 2,366

CHARLESTON, October 19—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 8¾; net receipts 4,136 bales; gross 4,136; sales 2,800; stock 64,314.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, October 19—There was a fairly active trade in wheat today with a stronger tone and a higher range of prices. Foreign advices were firmer, and it was rumored that freight engagements had been made for considerable wheat here. Prices advanced 1c, receded a trifle and finally closed for the day within ⅜c of outside figure.

The speculative market for corn was dull and weak, influenced by liberal offerings for November delivery, but cash corn ruled steady under a good shipping demand. Receipts continue pretty large. The fluctuations were within a narrow range, and the market finally closed at about yesterday's figures.

Oats ruled steady and firm, prices ruling ⅛@¼c higher, but closed for the day at about yesterday's figures.

Provisions were fairly active. There was a pressure to sell early in the session and mess pork declined 7½@10c, rallied and closed at about medium figures.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 19, 1886.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing
WHEAT.				
October	72⅜	72⅞	72⅜	72¾
PORK.				
October	8 75	8 75	8 70	8 70
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
October	7 80		6 80	6 80

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, October 19—Flour—Best patent $5.50@$6.00; extra fancy $5.00@$5.25; fancy $4.50@4.75; extra family $4.25@$4.50; choice family $4.00; family $3.25@$3.50; extra $3.00@$3.25. Wheat—No. 2 85@90c. Bran—Large sacks 80c; small 82½c. Corn meal—Plain 60c; bolted 60; pea meal —. Grits—$3.75. Corn—No. 2 white Tennessee 60c; No. 2 white mixed 58c; No. 2 mixed 57c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 38@40. Rye—Georgia $1.05; western $1.00. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 85c; small bales 85c. No. 1, large bales, 85c; small bales 85c; clover 90c; wheat straw baled 75c. Peas—Stock $1.00.

CHICAGO, October 19—Flour steady and firm; southern winter wheat $4.45@$4.50. Wheat, No. 2 red cash 73½; October 72⅝@71⅝; closed at 72½; November 73⅜@72⅞; closed at 73⅜; December 75⅜@74⅝; closed at 75⅜; May 82⅛@81⅜; closed at 82. Corn, No 2 cash 34½@34⅝; October 34⅛@34; closed at 34½; November 35⅜@35⅛; closed at 35½; December 36⅜@36⅛; closed at 36¼; May 40⅞@40⅜; closed at 40⅞. Oats, No 2 cash 25½; October 25@25; closed at 25; November 25⅞@25⅝; closed at 25¾; December 26⅛@26⅛; closed at 26⅛; May 30⅞@30⅝; closed at 30⅝.

BALTIMORE, October 19—Flour steady and quiet; Howard street and western superfine $2.25@$2.65; extra $2.75@$3.50; family $3.75@$4.50; city mills superfine $2.25@$2.75; extra $3.00@$3.75; Rio brands $4.88@$4.62. Wheat, southern quiet; western active and higher; southern red 83@86; amber 85@87; No. 1 Maryland —; No. 2 western winter red spot 81¼@81⅜. Corn, southern quiet and easy; western dull and steady; southern white 47@48; yellow 45@46.

NEW YORK, October 19—Flour, southern steady; common to fair extra $3.25@$2.90; good to choice $3.60@$5.10. Wheat ⅛@¼c higher; No. 2 red October nominal; November 84⅝@85. Corn a shade higher; No. 2 October nominal; November 45 5-16@45 13-16. Oats a shade stronger; No. 2 October 32; November 32⅝@32⅝. Hops quiet and steady; state 14@23.

ST. LOUIS, October 19—Flour unchanged; choice $3.25@$3.40; family $2.55@$2.70. Wheat active and stronger; No. 2 red cash 74@74½; November 74⅝@75¼. Corn very dull and ⅛@¼c lower; No. 2 mixed cash 33@33⅛; November 33⅝. Oats extremely dull; No. 2 mixed cash 25⅜@26; November 25⅝.

CINCINNATI, October 19—Flour firmer; family $3.25@$3.40; fancy $3.50@$4.10. Wheat firm and higher; No. 2 red 75. Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed 37½@38. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 27½.

LOUISVILLE, October 19—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 No. 2 red 72 Corn, No. 2 white 40. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 27½.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, October 19—Coffee—Fancy Rio 14c; choice 13@13½c; prime 11½@12c; fair 10½@11; ordinary, 10½@11c. Sugar—Standard granulated 6¾@7c; standard A 6½@6½c; off A 6; white extra C 5¾c; yellow C 5¼@5½c. Syrups—New Orleans fancy kettle 45c; choice kettle 43c; prime kettle 30@35c; choice centrifugal 35c; primecut 23@30c; fair do. 20@25c; fancy sugar syrup 45c; do. choice 40c; do. prime 27@30. Teas—Black 35@65; green 35@60. Nutmegs 70c. Cloves 23c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. African ginger 12c. Mace 60c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 6½c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 8c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $6.50; ½ bbls, $2.75; kits 40; pails 40. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 12½. Matches—Round wood, ₩ gross, $1.15; ₩ 200, $2.00; ₩ 300, $3.50; ₩ 400, $4.50. Soda, in kegs, 4½c; in boxes, 5½c. Rice, prime, 5; fair, 4. Salt—Virginia, 80c. Cheese — Full cream. — factory, 11.

NEW YORK, October 19—Coffee fair Rio quiet at 11½. Sugar steady and quiet; fair to good refining 4⅝@4¾; refined, C 4⅜@4½; extra C 4@4½; white extra C 5½@5 7-16; yellow 4½@4½; off A 5 11-16@5¾; mould A 6; standard A 5¾; confectioners A 6; cut loaf and crushed 6 5-16; powdered 6¼@6½; granulated 5⅝@5 13-16; Cubes 6¼@6 3-16. Molasses quiet; old black strap 10 Rice steady; domestic 4@7.

NEW ORLEANS, October 19—Coffee quiet but firm; Rio cargoes, common to prime 6¾@12½. Sugar, Louisiana open kettle nominal; centrifugals, new in fair demand; prime yellow clarified 5½@5¾. Molasses steady. Rice steady; fair to good 3½@3⅝.

CINCINNATI, October 19—Sugar quiet; hards refined 7@7½; New Orleans 4¾@5½.

CHICAGO, October 19—Sugar unchanged; standard A 5 94-100@6.

Provisions.

CHICAGO, October 19—Mess pork, cash $8.65@$8.80; October $8.62½@$8.67½; closed at $8.70; November $8.65@$8.70; closed at $8.70; January $9.77½@$9.67½; closed at $9.70. Lard, cash 5.70; October and November 5.65@5.62½; closed at 5.62½; January 5.82½@5.80; closed at 5.82½. Dry salted shoulders cash 5.40@4.45; short clear 6.05@6.70. Short rib sides loose. cash 6.75; October 6.80@6.75; closed at 6.75; January 5.00@4.95; closed at 5.00.

ST. LOUIS, October 19—Provisions quiet and steady. Pork $9.87½. Lard 5.65. Bulk meats, loose lots long clear 6.75; short ribs 6¾; short clear 7.12½@7.15; boxed lots, long clear 6.75; short ribs 6¾; short clear 7.12½@7.15. Bacon, long clear 7.40; short ribs 7.40; short clear 7.70@7.75; hams 12½@13¼.

LOUISVILLE, October 19—Provisions steady. Bacon, clear rib 7.70; sides 8½; shoulders nominal. Bulk meats, clear ribs nominal; clear sides nominal; shoulders nominal. Mess pork $10.00. Hams, sugar-cured 12. Lard, choice leaf 8.

NEW YORK, October 19—Pork quiet and very steady; old mess $9.75; new $10.75. Middles dull; long clear 6½ Lard closed firm; western steam spot 6.02@6.05; November 5.96@6.00.

CINCINNATI, October 19—Pork steady at $9.75. Lard nominal at 5.50. Bulk meats in good demand; short ribs 6.85. Bacon firmer; short ribs 7.35; short clear 7¾.

ATLANTA, October 19—Clear rib sides 7½@7¾c. Sugar-cured hams, large average, 13@13½c; do. small average 14@14½c. Lard—Refined 7c; leaf 8½c.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, October 19—Apples—Western $2.00@$2.50 ₩ bbl. Lemons — $5.50@$6.00. Oranges—$3.00 ₩ 100. Cocoanuts—3½@4c. Pineapples—None. Bananas—$1.00@$2.00. Figs—16@18c. Raisins—₩ box $2.75; new London $3.75; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—40c ₩ gal; $1 ₩ bbl, California Pears $5.00; Boston $5.00@$6.00 ₩ bbl. Citron—15@40c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—12c. Brazils — 10c. Filberts — 15@16c. Walnuts— 16c. Dried Fruit—Peaches 3@3c; apples 20.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, October 19—Turpentine firm at 34; rosin quiet; strained 75; good strained 80; tar firm at $1.25; crude turpentine firm; hards $1.00; yellow dip $1.90; virgin $1.90.

SAVANNAH, October 19—Turpentine firm at 34¼; sales 200 barrels; rosin firm; strained and good strained 90@$1.05; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, October 19—Turpentine steady at 34; rosin firm; good strained 80.

NEW YORK, October 19—Rosin dull at $1.00@$1.07½; turpentine steady at 37.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, October 19—Market steady. Horse shoes $4.00; mule-shoes $5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½@20c. Iron-bound hames $3.50. Trace-chains 30@70c. Ames' shovels $9.00. Spades $10.00. Well buckets $3.75. Cotton rope 15c. Swede iron 5c. rolled (or merchant bar) 2 rate. Cast-steel 12c. Nails $2.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, 6 ₩ 6c; painted 5c. Powder, rifle, $3.00; blasting $2.50. Bar-lead 6½c; shot $1.50.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, October 19—The supply of mules and horses is ample or the present demand. Horses—Plug $65@$90; drive $125@$140; good drivers $75@$200; fine $25@$350. Mules—14¼ to 15 hands $110@$135; 15 to 15½ hands $150@$175.

CINCINNATI, October 19—Hogs steady: common and light $3.60@$4.40 packing and butchers $4.00@$4.40.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, October 19—Eggs—17@17½. Butter—Jersey 27½@30c; choice Tennessee 22½@25c; other grade 18@20. Poultry—Hens 25@27½c; spring chickens, large 22½@25c; medium 18@20; cocks 20; ducks 25c. Irish potatoes—$2.25@$2.50. Sweet Potatoes—New 60@75c per bu. Honey—Strained 6@7c in the comb 12½c. Onions—$2.75@$3.25. Cabbage—2@2½c.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, October 19—Leather—Steady; G. D. 20@25c; P. D. 20@23; best 23@28c; white oak sole 35@40c; harness leather 30@35c; black upper 35@40c.

ATLANTA, October 19—Bagging—1½ lbs 7½c; 1¾ lbs 8½c; 2 lbs 9c. Ties—Arrow $1.10.

Educational.

SMILLIE SEMINARY.

On the first Monday in September next the above school will be opened at No. 22 Church street, corner Fairlie.

Belle Letres, elocution, the languages, art and music will be specialties.

The public school system and course of study will be strictly adhered to and coupled with individual attention.

Special regard will be paid to moral training and refinement of manners.

Instructions in elocution and art without extra charge.

French and music the only extras. Nice large rooms for calesthenics.

Board of Directors—Mr. P. J. Moran, Judge Howard Van Epps, Mr. D. M. Bain, Mrs. L. DeGive, Dr. R. D. Spalding, Mr. C. W. Hubner.

Teachers—Mrs. F. S. Smillie, Rev. Dr. J. G. Armstrong, lecturer on elocution and comparative literature; Miss C. Huard, French and music; Mrs. H. I. Ball.

For futher information apply to
MRS. F. S. SMILLIE, Principal.
su wed 268 Peachtree.

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE

—AND—

College of Music

WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1886. The Music and Art Department are respectively under the care of Mr. Alfredo Barili and Mr. William Lycett. The Kindergarten is in charge of Miss Eva Rushton. For circulars apply to
MRS. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.

MARTYN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

313 Sixth St., Washington, D. C.

OPENS OCTOBER 15TH. PROVIDES A PRACtically useful business education. Terms: Life scholarship $40. Tuition, boarding, stationery, etc., twelve weeks' course, $75 For circular (free) address Martyn's Commercial College. sat mon wd

SPECIAL NOTICES:

Druggists and Apothecaries,
TAKE NOTICE,

THAT THE NEXT MEETING OF THE GEORGIA board of Pharmaceutical Examiners will take place in Atlanta on Wednesday, October 20th, to examine candidates and grant licenses to qualified applicants. Candidates will apply at the office of Dr. J. S. Pemberton, Atlanta.

Physicians who are druggists must have a license from the present or previous pharmaceutical board. Their diplomas are not sufficient to continue the drug business.

ALL ARE NOTIFIED

that heavy prosecutions will certainly be instituted against all unlicensed vendors of drugs. For penalties, see Pharmacy Act, approved September 29, 1881. By order of EDW. BARRY, M. D.,
oct 11, 2t. Chairman.

PROTECT YOURSELF!!

Buy Only First-Class Goods

MEYROWITZ BROS.,

OPTICIANS.

20 PEACHTREE STREET, Opposite Artesian Well

Keep the largest, best and only good assortment of

Spectacles and Eyeglasses

IN ATLANTA.

The examination of the eyes by a COMPETENT OPTICIAN made a specialty and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. su we fri

ATLANTA BRIDGE WORKS

GRANT WILKINS,

Civil Engineer and Contracting Agent.

Bridges, Roofs and Turn Tables'
Iron Work for Buildings, Jails, Etc.

Substructures and Foundations a Specialty. Specifications, Plans and Estimates Furnished on Application. jan 13 d&wly

HOLMES' SURE CURE
MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE.

Cures bleeding gums, ulcers, sore mouth, sore throat Cleanses the Teeth and Purifies the Breath; used and recommended by leading Dentists. Prepared by Drs J. P. & W. R. HOLMES, Dentists, Macon, G. or sale by all druggists and dentists d&y

★ ★ ★

A FRIEND IN NEED.

Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great natural Bone Setter. Has been used for more than 50 years, and is the best known remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains Bruises, Cuts, Burns, wounds and all external injuries. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS—TRY IT

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT VIA MONTGOMERY.

Only line operating double daily trains and Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans without change.

Through time table in effect July 18th, 1886.

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 2. Daily.
L've Atlanta	1 45 pm	11 20 pm	5 30 pm
Ar. Fairburn	2 26 pm	12 05 am	6 14 pm
" Palmetto	2 37 pm	12 17 am	6 26 pm
" Newnan	3 01 pm	12 45 am	6 58 pm
" Grantville	3 26 pm	1 13 am	7 20 pm
" LaGrange	4 02 pm	1 56 am	8 00 pm
" West Point	4 29 pm	2 28 am	....
" Opelika	5 14 pm	3 25 am	....
Ar. Columbus, Ga	6 19 pm	....	
Ar. Montgomery	7 15 pm	6 20 am	
Ar. Pensacola	5 15 am	2 30 pm	
" Mobile	2 30 am	2 10 pm	
" New Orleans	7 20 am	7 30 pm	

SELMA DIVISION

	No. 51. †	No. 5. †	No. 54. *
Lv. Montgomery	8 15 pm		1 45 pm
Ar. Selma	11 15 pm		4 00 pm
" Greensboro			6 27 pm
Ar. Akron			7 05 pm

TO SHREVEPORT VIA Q & C. ROUTE.

Lv. Meridian	11 15 pm
Ar. Jackson	4 22 am
Ar. Vicksburg	6 50 am
Ar. Monroe	1 40 pm
Ar. Shreveport	6 35 pm

NORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 1. Daily.
Lv. New Orleans	8 20 pm	7 55 am	
" Mobile	1 10 am	1 20 pm	
" Pensacola	10 20 pm	7 05 am	
" Selma	4 30 am	9 05 am	
" Montgomery	7 55 am	8 20 pm	
" Columbus	8 45 am		
" Opelika	10 05 am	10 58 pm	
" West Point	10 49 am	11 51 pm	
" LaGrange	10 20 am	12 26 am	6 00 am
" Hogansville	11 44 am	12 57 am	6 29 am
" Grantville	11 57 am	1 12 am	6 43 am
" Newnan	12 28 pm	1 45 am	7 14 am
" Palmetto	12 49 pm	2 16 am	7 44 am
" Fairburn	1 01 pm	2 30 am	7 58 am
Ar. Atlanta	1 35 pm	3 25 am	8 45 am

* Sunday only.
†Daily except Sunday.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

No. 50, Pullman Buffet sleeper, Atlanta to New Orleans without change.

No. 52, Pullman Buffet sleeper Washington to Montgomery; Parlor car Montgomery to New Orleans.

Family Emigrant sleeping car free of charge Atlanta to Texas without change.

No. 51, Pullman Buffet sleeping cars New Orleans to Atlanta.

No. 53, Pullman Palace Buffet car Montgomery to Washington

Family Emigrant sleeping car free of charge Texas to Atlanta

CECIL GABBETT, General Manager,
CHAS H. CROMWELL, Gen. Passenger Agent,
Montgomery, Alabama.
A. J. ORME, General Agent, Atlanta.

Professional Cards.

Wellborn Bray, Eugene M. Mitchell
BRAY & MITCHELL,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

LESTER D. PUCKETT,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds. Offices Bailey Building, P. O. Box 3, Gainesville, Ga Depositions taken for all Federal and State Courts, accounts verified for suits or probate, real estate papers drawn, notes and bills protested, acknowledgements taken, etc.

LOCHRANE & LOCHRANE,
Practice law at Atlanta, Ga.
Office over Chamberlin & Johnson's store. 1y

P. L. Mynatt. E. V. Carter.
MYNATT & CARTER,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
Offices: 12½ East Alabama street.

W. A. Wimbish, F. R. Walker,
WIMBISH & WALKER,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms 16 and 17, Gate City Bank Building,
Atlanta, Ga.

J. M. ARROWOOD,
Attorney at Law.
Room 24, Gate City Bank Building Atlanta, Ga
Collections and office practice a specialty.

G. L. NORRMAN,
ARCHITECT,
24 Peachtree Street.

E. F. FACIOLLE.
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
Office: corner Wheat and Pryor streets,
Telephone 181. Atlanta, Ga

WM. A. OSBORN, G T. OSBORN,
Real Estate Agent. Attorney at Law.
WM. A. OSBORN & SON, Superior Court Commissioner.
N. W. Corner Marietta and Broad streets.
Real Estate Agents and Attorney at Law.

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Rooms 19 and 20, James' Bank Block, 6½ Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga. Telephone No 366.

MISS WILLIE HOWARD,
Teacher of the Piano,
43 Capitol Avenue.
u we fri 1m

G. A. HOWELL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
12½ East Alabama street, over Merchant's Bank.
Refers to Merchant's Bank and Atlanta National Bank. tf

JNO. M. McCANDLESS
Analytical Chemist.
Analyzes all kinds of ores and minerals, mineral waters, fertilizers, urine and urinary deposits. Special attention paid to sanitary examination of well waters and to analyses of foods, milk, butter, flour, bread, baking powders, etc. Laboratory, 70 and 71 Gate City Bank Building.

J. T. HOLLEMAN,
Attorney at law,
Gainesville, Ga.

CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Room 18, Gate City National Bank building.
Practice in all courts.

EDMUND G. LIND, F. A. I. A.
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.
63 Whitehall street, over Schumann's Drug Store

L. B. WHEELER, W. H. PARKINS.
ARCHITECTS, Atlanta, Ga.
Office: 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building, cor. Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take Elevator.

JOHN L. TYE,
Attorney at Law,
Room 25 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Special attention given to business in Henry and adjoining counties

James F. Rogers, John A. Ivy.
ROGERS & IVY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Covington and Social Circle, Ga.,
Will give special attention to collection, assignments and commercial law. Real estate loans and investments safely made. Practice in all the courts. tf.

Wm. A. Haygood. E. W. Martin
HAYGOOD & MARTIN,
LAWYERS,
17½ Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 117

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
21½ East Alabama street.
T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking depositions in Fulton county.

S. A. REID, ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Eatonton, Ga.
with Judge Turner. Also office over Western Union Telegraph office, Mulberry street, Macon Ga.

A. B Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright.
WRIGHT MEYHARDT & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
Rome, Georgia.
Collections a Specialty.

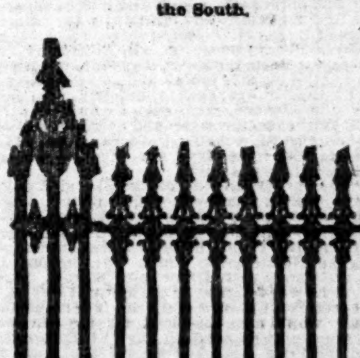
W. Y. ATKINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Newnan, Ga.

FAY & EICHBERG
ARCHITECTS
12 S. Broad St., ATLANTA, GA.

CRIMPED & CORRUGATED
IRON ROOFING
W. G. HYNDMAN & CO.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR & PRICES — CINCINNATI O
Name this paper. mar10—dwed sat

Hackett & Rice Iron Fence Co
ATLANTA, GA

The Only Wrought Iron Fence Company the South.



Manufacturers of the latest and best patent Wrought Iron Fence on the market. Also Cresting, Grates, Sash Weights, Hitching Posts and Builders' Castings. All work guaranteed equal to the best made. Send for prices before ordering elsewhere. Good local agents wanted in every town in the south, to whom exclusive territory will be given.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

AND BREAKFAST BACON.
NONE GENUINE
UNLESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARK, A LEAD METALLIC SEAL, ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND THE STRIPED CANVAS, AS IN THE CUT.

GEORGIA
STATE
FAIR,

Under the Auspices of the

GEORGIA
STATE AGRICULTURA
SOCIETY,

Will open at

CENTRAL CITY PAR
MACON GA.
OCTOBER 25TH, 188

And continue

TWO WEEKS

—

The grounds at Central C Park will, for two weeks, p sent a complete display of

GEORGIA'S RESOURC

—

$10,000 Cash

Offered in premiums. Ever department of industry, ag cultural, mining and mecha cal, will be fully represente

—

The display of

LIVE STOCK

Will be interesting.

RACES EVERY DA

Trotting or running.

ATHLETIC SPORT

And many other features interest.

—

Premium Lists can be o tained by addressing
E. C. GRIER,
Secretary,
Macon, Ga.

Inquiries for space, etc. should be addressed to
PEARCE HORNE,
General Superintendent
Macon, G

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, OCTOBER 20.

AMUSEMENTS—
OPENING OF METROPOLITAN RINK TO-NIGHT
OPERA HOUSE—FLORENCE BINDLEY, IN "HEROINE IN RAGS."
MEETINGS—
LADIES' AUXILIARY SOCIETY OF THE Y. M. C. A. AT 3 P. M.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Small Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

CLOSED FOR TWO WEEKS.—The restaurant of Mr. Thompson on Alabama street, will be closed for two weeks, owing to the repairs now going on.

TO BE INSTITUTED TO-NIGHT.—A lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen will be instituted to-night. A large number have signed as charter members.

UNDER THE SOD.—The remains of Mr. Erick Erskine reached the city from Americus yesterday at half past one o'clock and were interred in Oakland cemetery.

GAVE BOND.—Yesterday Deputy Marshal Campbell arrested William Pinson, of Cherokee county, charged with violating the internal revenue laws. He was required to give bond.

TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS.—In the city court yesterday W. McCalig vs. the city, damages to personal property, the jury returned a verdict, awarding the plaintiff $25. He sued for $2,000.

THE BISHOP HENDRIX REVIVAL.—At the Bishop Hendrix mission, 629 Marietta street a revival is in progress. Rev. John M. Bowden preached last night, and Rev. Mr. Packett will preach tonight.

DEATH OF AN AGED LADY.—Mrs. Elizabeth Weaver, quite an aged lady, died at her home 77 Walton street, last night, after an illness of several months. She was an excellent lady and bore her sufferings as only a Christian can. Funeral services at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

ADJUDGED INSANE.—Yesterday Mollie G. Avery, white, aged 28, was carried before Judge Calhoun on a writ of lunacy. She was adjudged insane and will be sent to the asylum. Mrs. Elizabeth Woods was also adjudged insane. She has several times attempted suicide.

GOING TO MACON.—The "Chapel Hill minstrels," an organization of Atlanta burnt cork artists, have rented space in the Macon fair grounds and are going to pitch their canvass during the fair weeks. The boys have been giving performances on the hill for some time and make a good show. They have some first class talent and have made quite a snug sum since starting.

MILITARY INSPECTIONS.—Two months ago Adjutant General John A. Stephens ordered an inspection of the military companies of the state. Up to the present, only about thirty reports from the inspections have been received. The adjutant general desires to use the reports in his own report to the governor, in order that the latter may lay before the legislature the condition of the state troops. Inspectors should forward their reports at once.

HIS DEER HAS GONE.—Several weeks ago Pat Fallon, the Atlanta contractor and builder who is now in Savannah trying to infuse some life into that city, came home and brought with him a pet deer, which he gave to R. H. Knapp. Mr. Knapp prized the deer very much, and every afternoon gave a half hour of his time to frolic with it and his children on his large lawn on Washington street. Last night some one entered the lawn and stole the deer, and Mr. Knapp and his children are disconsolate over the lost.

THE STATE FAIR GROUNDS.—The question of the permanent location of the state fair grounds will soon be before the people of the state again. Atlanta has a committee of councilmen who are watching the matter, and on yesterday Mayor Hillyer appointed the following gentlemen as a committee of citizens, to act in conjunction with the council committee: R. J. Redding, Captain John Milledge, M. W. Johnson, W. G. Whidby, J. W. Rankin, J. Paul Jones, J. W. Goldsmith, C. W. Hunnicutt, L. P. Grant.

WORD-APPLING.—Miss Mary Word and Mr. D. W. Appling were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the bride's home on Spring street. Miss Word is a young lady well known in Atlanta as the possessor of one of the best trained and sweetest voices in the city. Mr. Appling came to Atlanta from Charleston some six months ago, and is now numbered among the merchandise brokers of the city. The bride and groom left on the Air Line train yesterday afternoon for Richmond, Virginia, where they will remain several days. They will then visit Mr. Appling's old home in Charleston, after which they will return to Atlanta.

DIED OF HEART DISEASE.—Samuel W. Baker, aged sixty two years, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 192 West Harris street, of heart disease. Mr. Baker has been in bad health for several weeks past, and for the past few days has been confined to his room. Yesterday morning he arose and, after breakfast, walked through the hallway to the front door and back again. The exercise had a distressing effect, and in a short time Mr. Baker was lying down. Soon after dinner he arose and, walking across the room, sat down. Soon after sitting down he threw his head back and died. His physician gave a burial certificate stating that death was caused by heart disease.

BURIAL OF MR. WALTER VEAL.—The remains of Mr. Walter Veal, who died at Stone Mountain yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, will be brought to the city this morning on the accommodation train. Arriving opposite Oakland cemetery at about 8 o'clock the train will stop for the casket to be removed to the cemetery, where the burial services will occur. Mr Veal was a brother of Sanitary Inspector Thomas E Veal, and has a host of friends in this city, where he spent a large part of his life. He was formerly employe in the house of D. H. Dougherty & Co., and at the time of his death was the trusted time keeper for the Southern granite company Stone Mountain. A member of the First Presbyterian church, he lived respected by men and died at peace with his Maker. The Gate City Guard, of which he was a member will attend the funeral in a body.

STRUCK BY AN ENGINE.—J. B. Cook, an aged white man living at Bellwood, was struck by a Western and Atlantic railroad freight engine yesterday morning, and severely injured. Mr. Cook left his home to walk into the city soon after breakfast, and followed the railroad track because it was the nearest route. When he was near the old house, in the western portion of the city, a freight train coming overtook him. The engineer tried to warn the man, but just as Mr. Cook heard the noise of the approaching train and started to spring from the track the engine struck him and knocked him fully twenty five feet. The train was stopped and the injured man picked up and brought into the city. He was in an unconscious condition, and for some time after he reached the city it was feared that he would die. He revived, however, and after surgical attention had been supplied he was sent to his home. Mr. Cook's injuries are very serious, and his recovery is by no means certain.

Verdict of the people. We use Salvation Oil because its the best and cheapest. 25 cents.

Come and See.

Clemmon's meat market, 127 Whitehall, always supplied with the choicest meats; freshly meats handled. Try him, and you will get good, healthy meats, polite attention and prompt delivery. Telephone 419.

GEORGIA

STATE

FAIR,

Under the Auspices of the

GEORGIA

TATE AGRICULTURA

SOCIETY,

Will open at

ENTRAL CITY PAR

MACON GA.

CTOBER 25TH, 188

And continue

TWO WEEKS

The grounds at Central Cit
ark will, for two weeks, pr
ent a complete display of

GEORGIA'S RESOURCES

$10,000 Cash

Offered in premiums. Ever
department of industry, agr
cultural, mining and mechan
cal, will be fully represente

The display of

LIVE STOCK

Will be interesting.

RACES EVERY DA

Trotting or running.

ATHLETIC SPORTS

And many other features o
interest.

Premium Lists can be ob
tained by addressing

E. C. GRIER,
Secretary,
Macon, Ga.

Inquiries for space, etc.
should be addressed to

PEARCE HORNE,
General Superintendent,
Macon, Ga.

THE CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TO-DAY, OCTOBER 20.

AMUSEMENTS—
OPENING OF METROPOLITAN RINK TO-NIGHT
OPERA HOUSE—FLORENCE BINDLEY, IN "HEROINE IN RAGS."

MEETINGS—
LADIES' AUXILIARY SOCIETY OF THE Y. M. C. A. AT 3 P. M.

THROUGH THE CITY.

Small Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

CLOSED FOR TWO WEEKS.—The restaurant of Mr. Thompson on Alabama street, will be closed for two weeks, owing to the repairs now going on.

TO BE INSTITUTED TO-NIGHT.—A lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen will be instituted to-night. A large number have signed as charter members.

UNDER THE SOD.—The remains of Mr. Patrick Erskine reached the city from Americus yesterday at half past one o'clock and were interred in Oakland cemetery.

GAVE BOND.—Yesterday Deputy Marshal Campbell arrested William Pinson, of Cherokee county, charged with violating the internal revenue laws. He was required to give bond.

TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS.—In the city court yesterday W. McCalig vs. the city, damages to personal property, the jury returned a verdict awarding the plaintiff $25. He sued for $100.

THE BISHOP HENDRIX REVIVAL.—At the Bishop Hendrix mission, 629 Marietta street, a revival is in progress. Rev. John M. Bowden preached last night, and Rev. Mr. Packett will preach tonight.

DEATH OF AN AGED LADY.—Mrs. Elizabeth Weaver, quite an aged lady, died at her home 7 Walton street, last night, after an illness of several months. She was an excellent lady and bore her sufferings as only a Christian can. Funeral services at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

ADJUDGED INSANE.—Yesterday Mollie G. Avery, white, aged 28, was carried before Judge Calhoun on a writ of lunacy. She was adjudged insane and will be sent to the asylum. Mrs. Elizabeth Woods was also adjudged insane. She has several times attempted suicide.

GOING TO MACON.—The "Chapel Hill minstrels," an organization of Atlanta burnt cork artists, have rented space in the Macon fair grounds and are going to pitch their canvass during the fair weeks. The boys have been giving performances on the hill for some time and make a good show. They have some first class talent and have made quite a snug sum since starting.

MILITARY INSPECTIONS.—Two months ago Adjutant General John A. Stephens ordered an inspection of the military companies of the state. Up to the present, only about thirty reports from the inspections have been received. The adjutant general desires to use the reports in his own report to the governor, in order that the latter may lay before the legislature the condition of the state troops. Inspectors should forward their reports at once.

HIS DEER HAS GONE.—Several weeks ago Pat Fallon, the Atlanta contractor and builder, who is now in Savannah trying to infuse some life into that city, came home and brought with him a pet deer, which he gave to R. H. Knapp. Mr. Knapp prized the deer very much, and every afternoon gave a half hour of his time to frolic with it and his children in his large lawn on Washington street. Last night some one entered the lawn and stole the deer, and Mr. Knapp and his children are disconsolate over the loss.

THE STATE FAIR GROUNDS.—The question of the permanent location of the state fair grounds will soon be before the people of the state again. Atlanta has a committee of councilmen who are watching the matter, and on yesterday Mayor Hillyer appointed the following gentlemen as a committee of citizens, to act in conjunction with the council committee: R. J. Redding, Captain John Milledge, M. W. Johnson, W. G. Whidby, J. W. Rankin, J. Paul Jones, J. W. Goldsmith, C. W. Hunnicutt, L. P. Grant.

WORD-APPLING.—Miss Mary Word and Mr. D. W. Appling were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the bride's home on Spring street. Miss Word is a young lady well known in Atlanta as the possessor of one of the best trained and sweetest voices in the city. Mr. Appling came to Atlanta from Charleston some six months ago, and is now numbered among the merchandise brokers of the city. The bride and groom left on the Air Line train yesterday afternoon for Richmond, Virginia, where they will remain several days. They will then visit Mr. Appling's old home im Charleston, after which they will return to Atlanta.

DIED OF HEART DISEASE.—Samuel W. Baker, aged sixty two years, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 192 West Harris street, of heart disease. Mr. Baker has been in bad health for several weeks past, and for the past few days has been confined to his room. Yesterday morning he arose and, after breakfast, walked through the hallway to the front door and back again. The exercise had a distressing effect, and in a short time Mr. Baker was lying down. Soon after dinner he arose and, walking across the room, sat down. Soon after sitting down he threw his head back and died. His physician gave a burial certificate stating that death was caused by heart disease.

BURIAL OF MR. WALTER VEAL.—The remains of Mr. Walter Veal, who died at Stone Mountain yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, will be brought to the city this morning on the accommodation train. Arriving opposite Oakland cemetery at about 8 o'clock the train will stop for the casket to be removed to the cemetery, where the burial services will occur. Mr Veal was a brother of Sanitary Inspector Thomas E Veal, and has a host of friends in this city, where he spent a large part of his life. He was formerly employed in the house of D. H. Dougherty & Co., and at the time of his death was the trusted timekeeper for the Southern granite company at Stone Mountain. A member of the First Presbyterian church, he lived respected by men and died at peace with his Maker. The Gate City Guard, of which he was a member, will attend the funeral in a body.

STRUCK BY AN ENGINE.—J. B. Cook, an aged white man living at Bellwood, was struck by a Western and Atlantic railroad freight engine yesterday morning, and severely injured. Mr. Cook left his home to walk into the city soon after breakfast, and followed the railroad track because it was the nearest route. When he was near the old oil house, in the western portion of the city, a freight train coming overtook him. The engineer tried to warn the man, but just as Mr. Cook heard the noise of the approaching train and started to spring from the track the engine struck him and knocked him fully twenty five feet. The train was stopped and the injured man picked up and brought into the city. He was in an unconscious condition, and for some time after he reached the city it was feared that he would die. He revived, however, and after surgical attention had been supplied he was sent to his home. Mr. Cook's injuries are very serious, and his recovery is by no means certain.

Verdict of the people. We use Salvation Oil because its the best and cheapest. 25 cents.

Come and See.

Clemmon's meat market, 127 Whitehall, is always supplied with the choicest meats. No shoddy meats handled. Try him, and you will get good, healthy meats, polite attention and prompt delivery. Telephone 419.

TAKEN FROM THE BOOKS

EVENTS OF YESTERDAY REPORTED AT POLICE HEADQUARTERS.

A Negro Woman Disappears and is Being Searched For—Two Men Fight About a Dog—A Store Burglarized—The Badger Brothers Fined—Only One Drunk During the Day.

The police department is now searching the city for Mary E. Gee, a colored woman who is wanted by her relatives in West Virginia.

The woman is supposed to have been kidnapped.

Several days ago an Atlanta attorney received a letter from Lewisburg, Greenbrier county, West Virginia, in which it was stated that Mary Gee had left her home for Atlanta, where she had relatives, but that nothing had been heard of her since she reached this city. The attorney answered the letter and soon received a reply, stating that the woman had written from Chattanooga that she would reach Atlanta that day. During the correspondence the woman's relatives asserted that they suspected she had reached Atlanta and that her relatives in this city were holding her in custody to prevent her from communicating with her home. The idea appears a foolish one, but the West Virginia people believe it because the woman has some money and some property. The city has been searched for the woman's relatives, but they cannot be found. The matter was yesterday reported at police headquarters, and the entire department is now on the lookout for the woman.

Seriously Cut in the Side.

Ned DeHaven, a young negro, whose classic name has made him a great favorite with the negro belles in the western portion of the city, was severely cut in the side by William Moore, a negro man living on Parker street, last night. DeHaven has been visiting Moore's daughter, but his visits were not approved by the old man, who personally instructed DeHaven to stay away. Last night when Moore went home he found DeHaven sitting in the front door. The young negro started to leave when he saw Moore approaching, but Moore overtook him, and a quarrel ensued. Moore finally slapped DeHaven's jaws, and then DeHaven threw his hand behind him, as though reaching for a pistol. The instant HeHaven threw his hand behind him, Moore jerked out his knife and drove it into DeHaven's right side, making an ugly wound, which bled profusely. The wounded negro walked into Brooklyn to Sharp's drug store, where Dr. Johnson dressed the wound, after which he went to his home. Moore disappeared immediately after inflicting the wound and has not been heard of since.

They Fought About a Dog.

Tom Parker, living on Weaver's row, near Jones street, owns a large black dog, which has a habit of snapping at everybody who goes by the place. Yesterday the dog snapped at Leondas White, who struck him over the head with a stick. Parker was at home, and assaulted White for hitting the dog. A lively fight ensued, during which White used his stick upon Parker quite artistically. When the fight ended Parker's head looked very much like the dog had been trying to make a meal of it. The fight created quite a disturbance in that section of the city.

He Kept a Vicious Dog.

Frank Glenn, a negro man, was arraigned in police court yesterday morning and asked to enter a plea to the charge of allowing a vicious dog to run at large. The evidence showed that Glenn was the owner of a ferocious bull-dog, and that the dog had bitten several children in the neighborhood. Glenn had been asked to keep the dog tied but refused to do so, saying that if people didn't want their children bit to keep them at home. Judge Anderson thought that Glenn should take better care of the dog, and fined him twenty five dollars and cost.

He Was Sent to Jail.

Arch Anderson, the bill poster, who was arrested Saturday night for trying to break into his house, was arraigned in police court yesterday morning. Anderson was charged with drunk and disorderly conduct, and the evidence did not make a favorable impression upon the judge. Anderson was fined ten dollars and cost and asked to give a hundred dollar bond for wife beating. The prisoner was unable to give the bond and was sent to jail.

Breaking Into a Store.

Night before last a burglar broke into Mann's grocery store on East Cox and carried away a quantity of tobacco, some cigars, several pieces of meat, some sugar and three sacks of flour. The burglar effected an entrance by boring a lock on the rear door away. The burglary was not detected until Mr. Mann reached his store yesterday morning for his day's work.

The Only Drunk of the Day.

Only one drunk was registered at police headquarters yesterday. J. D. Smith, a young white man, was found on the street very drunk by Patrolman Cunningham, and was conducted to police headquarters and locked up. Smith stated that he had been drinking native wine.

What the Badgers Paid.

The two Badgers were arraigned in police court yesterday morning, and both entered a plea of not guilty. The evidence showed that both men were to blame, but that R. H Badger caused the trouble. He was fined $25.75, while his brother was fined $10.75.

Hives, pimples, boils, and other blood affections show themselves at this season. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all such troubles by its powerful action upon the blood. Sold by all druggists.

THE JERSEY SALE TODAY.

Fifty Head of High Grade Jerseys To Be Sold This Morning.

This morning at ten o'clock, the second annual sale of the Georgia Breeders' Association will begin at the livery stable of Hill and Stewart, two doors above THE CONSTITUTION office, on Alabama street. The sale will be conducted by Mr. A. F. Ross, of Rome. The fifty Jerseys to be offered are high priced animals and a fine chance will be offered to those who desire to get a good cow. All of these cattle have either been bred in Georgia or have been thoroughly acclimated. Every arrangement has been made for the convenience and comfort of all who attend the sale. Ladies are especially invited to be present and special seats will be reserved for them. The sale will be an interesting event and will be largely attended.

"Evil be to him who evil thinketh," of the merits of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. 25 cents.

TO THE PUBLIC,

Since the death of my late partner, Mr. J. A. Holbrook, I have admitted into the firm his widow, Mrs Esther M. Holbrook and Mr. Robert W. Farrar. The firm name will be Holbrook, Farrar & Co.

A. L. HOLBROOK.

7thpwe&sun

Remember Colonel G W. Adair's auction sale of the Gartrell property at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, as appears in our advertising columns.

Fast Horses in Training.

BARNESVILLE, Ga., October 19.—[Special.]—Dr. John McDowell has now in training for the state fair a pair of the fastest horses in middle Georgia, "Billy" and "Skeedadle." The horses are half brothers, gaited just alike and go like the wind. They are eight and nine years old, respectively, and no better matched horses can be found anywhere. The doctor is in his glory, when he has driven his lovely bays, and they are bound to take the first prize money.

STILSON

JEWELER,

Removed to 55 Whitehall Street,

New and Full Line of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks Canes, etc., etc.

New Goods and New Store, but now, as heretofore Reliable Goods, Fair Dealings and Bottom Prices.

Fashion Journals and Magazines.

The Young Ladies' Journal for November contains a handsome colored triple fashion plate, a gigantic supplement of winter fashions, illustrated, and full size patterns for cutting out.

Munro's Fashion Bazar contains a colored plate and seventy-five pages of illustration and description of fashions for ladies and children.

Among others of the best fashion magazines are also the Seasons, Revue de la Mode, Mme. Demorest's Portfolio of the Fashions, and What to Wear for Autumn and Winter.

The choicest journals for reading are Demorest's Monthly Magazine, Peterson's Magazine, Bow Bells, Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for November, Budget and Sunday Magazine, Pleasant Hours, Family Library, Southern Bivouac, Popular Science Monthly, North American Review, Magazine of American History, Century and Harper's for October, Literary Life, Brooklyn Magazine and a hundred popular newspapers. Special attention given to orders by mail.

JOHN M. MILLER,
31 Marietta street, Opera House Block.

In addition to our commission business in flour, bran and grain, we make loan on good collaterals, buy secured notes and do a general brokerage business in stocks, bonds, money and securities. The Tolleson Commission Co., 28 South Pryor st., Atlanta, Ga. tf

See Sam'l W. Goode & Co.'s List of Bargains In their special column.

Jos. Thompson, Griffin, Ga., Wholesale Liquors.

All the leading brands of Ryes, Bourbon and Corn Whiskies, Imported Brandies and Wines. Orders sent by morning train delivered same day. Call at 23 Decatur street for blank orders, or write direct to Griffin, Ga. tf

Will be Closed.

Owing to repairs now going on at 13 E. Alabama street, the well known Thompson restaurant will be closed for a short time. Due notice of opening will be given. 3t

What Befell Two Lucky Men in Dallas.

Mr. J. V. Spellman, the dairyman, is known to everybody in Dallas. He came here ten years ago with two dollars in his pocket. He has made money, owns property, attends to his business as carefully as ever. Yesterday he learned that he drew $5,000 in The Louisiana State Lottery. He held a one-tenth of ticket announced as the second prize. Mr. Charles W. Swindell, who holds another one-tenth, is a young man, well known, his position in the ticket office of the Mo. Pacific railroad bringing him into daily contact with the citizens. Nobody who knows them doubts for a moment that they have each been lucky enough to get $5,000 on the investment of one dollar.—The Dallas (Tex.) Evening Times, Sept. 17.

MISS MARY RYAN,

45 Whitehall Street,

Respectfully announces to the ladies of Atlanta and vicinity that she has now received her fall stock of

Fine Millinery!

Her reputation for high-class goods and stylish work is sufficient guarantee that she will please all.

Feathers, birds' wings, baby caps, childrens' caps, fancy and hair goods a specialty. A beautiful line of fine pattern hats and bonnets, latest and most fashionable designs now on exhibition.

Clothing. Clothing.

MY FALL AND WINTER

STOCK OF—

CLOTHING FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

—IS NOW READY.—

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

NOBBIEST STYLES AND LOWEST PRICES!

SUITS MADE TO ORDER!

GEORGE MUSE, 38 Whitehall st.

ART GALLERY.

IN CONNECTION WITH OUR STATIONERY and Picture Frame business we have fitted up a handsome room for displaying the productions of our home artists.

It is our intention to make our place headquarters for everything connected with fine art, and there will be at all times a fine exhibition of the best work from the studios of the south. We will be pleased to have all the

ARTISTS OF ATLANTA

bring their work and put it on exhibition at any and all times.

JUST RECEIVED

A magnificent line of

Engravings, Etchings,
Pastels, Water Colors
German Oleographs,
Photographs, Artotypes, etc.

These are all new and fresh goods, which have been carefully selected especially for our trade, and are offered at the most reasonable prices. The prettiest line of

EASELS

ever shown in Atlanta. A complete assortment of Artists' Materials always in stock. Artists will do well to have us make their Frames, Stretchers, etc.

See our elegant line of PORTRAIT FRAMES, just received.

THORNTON & SELKIRK'S,
28 Whitehall Street.

BOOK BINDERY

—OF—

PHILLIPS & CREW,

19½ BROAD STREET.

GEORGIA SUPREME COURTS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

A full set Georgia Reports for sale.

Address PHILLIPS & CREW,
Piano and Organ Warerooms,
No. 12 Marietta Street, Atlanta.

sa mo we 7p nrm

Go to G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga., for best whiskies by the jug, keg or barrel. Also Cincinnati beer by the keg and bottles. 6m

---

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

We desire to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have just received cablegram from our agent in Paris, informing us that our importation of fine goods has been shipped and will soon arrive in Atlanta.

This Invoice includes the finest possible selection of magnificent

BRONZES CLOCKS & CLOCK SETS

Metal Candlesticks and Candelabra, exquisite Ornamental Pieces for Mantel or Center Table, Vases from the most noted French manufactories, indorsed by stamp of makers. Lovely selections of

BRIC-A-BRAC

from both French and German factories. Tete-a-Tete Sets in all the most artistic designs. Five O'clock Sets from the celebrated Fayence manufactory of France.

ROYAL WORCESTER WARE

Taper Stands and Candlesticks in Royal Copper, French Provence Vases, with figure and landscape decorations, designed by eminent French artists.

BARBOTINE & LA MOGUE VASES

Hungarian and Spanish Pottery, Doulton, Minton and other English wares. Bridal Fans, Artificial Flowers, Triplicate Mirrors, Card Receivers, etc., etc.

These goods were manufactured to our especial order, and it will require two cars to bring them in bond to this port. This is beyond question the largest direct importation of foreign goods ever brought to the south in the

JEWELRY AND ART LINE

We can positively assure our customers that no such goods have ever been seen before in this city, and having succeeded in making the importation direct, we will be able to sell these goods at prices lower than can be bought from dealers in New York. Ours being the only house in the Jewelry line in the South importing goods direct, we feel certain that we can offer a selection of beautiful goods unequaled in this city.

D. N. FREEMAN & CO., JEWELERS,

COR. ALABAMA AND WHITEHALL STREETS.

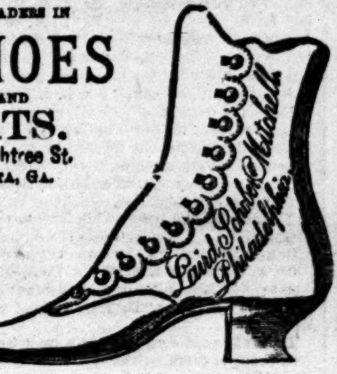
Sign of, the Large Clock.

McKELDIN & CARLTON

LEADERS IN

SHOES AND HATS.

35 Peachtree St.
ATLANTA, GA.



Sole agents in Atlanta for the celebrated

DUNLAP HATS,

Fall styles just opened.

We will sell Ladies' Genuine Kid Button Shoes at $1.50, $2, $2 50 and $3. Every pair warranted.

Our Men's $3 Shoe in Elastic, Lace and Button, and our $2 Working Shoe are acknowledged superior to all others.

IN FINE HAND-MADE GOODS

We have the leaders of the world, such as Laird, Scholer & Mitchell's, Drial et Cie (Paris), Hanan & Sons, Boydeirs, Herts (Paris) and many others.

SCHOOL SHOES A SPECIALTY.

McKELDIN & CARLTON,
35 PEACHTREE ST.

Telephone 137. sa su we 7p un muse

BEST GOODS,

LOWEST PRICES,

—AND—

PLENTY OF THEM

—AT—

A. F. PICKERT

THE JEWELER,

No. 5, Whitehall St.

7th page

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

—BY—

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.

Bargains in Special Column Should be Read by All Buyers.

1,950 acres 55 miles from Atlanta, immediately on W. and A. R. R., one and a half miles this side of Kingston, for sale now at $3 per acre privately, or November 10th next, at 3 p. m. at auction at our office, Atlanta, Ga. There are 12 lots of 160 acres each; 200 acres open and 150 cultivated; 25 acres bottom land; 10 acres in Shockley apples bearing and fine; 4 or 5 acres mixed varieties of fruits, apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, etc. Improvements—6 room frame dwelling, kitchen, servant house, new frame store house, barn, crib, carriage house—all framed and in fair repair; blacksmith shop new and framed; 6 tenant houses, some new, others in good repair; ginhouse on Tworun, with ample waterpower, very near the railroad, good dam and 36 inch turbine wheel. About 1,700 acres timbered with pine, oak, hickory, chestnut, etc. Tworun creek has 3 flour mills and several gins and saw mills on it, and it runs almost through the center of the tract, and there are many other smaller streams and springs; 1,200 acres to the right and 700 to the left of the railroad. Gaines & Lewis's flour mills, where there is a side track, only ⅓ mile from dwelling. The woodland grows each year an abundant crop of grass, affording unlimited pasturage for cattle and sheep. The land must be sold. The terms ⅓ cash, balance 1 and 2 years, with 8 per cent interest. Send in your bids, or be at the sale at our office November 10th, 3 p. m., in Atlanta, Ga.

Inspect the following investments:

$1,100, payable $200 cash and $25 per month for new, neat 4 room Spring st. cottage, on corner lot, in good neighborhood.

$2,650 for central property, neat and nice, renting to good white tenants at $28 monthly.

$2,000 for central 5 room cottage on lot 65x100 feet renting at $25 per month on 2 years lease.

$2,250—$800 cash, $500 in 6 and 12 months, balance in 4 years, rooms, new, neatly finished, halls, verandas, fine water on back veranda, lot 50x190 feet, on car line, excellent neighborhood, near Fair street school, increasing in value and on way to Grant Park. A choice home.

$1,600 for neat, new 4-room Nelson street cottage, corner lot, near Walker street school and car line, easy—$500 cash, balance $25 per month. Choice.

$1,100 for 6-room house, corner lot, 100 yards from State shops. Pays $150 a year rent. Permanent tenant.

$300 to $600 each for West End lots, one block from Gordon street, car line, and on new car line now being graded and built. Terms easy.

$7,500 for the choicest Peachtree lot 72½x250 feet on the market.

$1,200 for Merritt's avenue lot, 50x182½ feet. Easy terms.

$650 for 10 acres 2½ miles from Kimball House; part in grove; all lies well; Flat Shoals road.

$5,500 for new ten-room two-story modern residence in fine neighborhood on car line; double parlors, lovely dining and sitting rooms, large airy bed rooms; terms most liberal, and price exceedingly low.

$6,500 for 280 acres 1½ miles of Cartersville, in Bartow county, on W. and A. R. R., with bold creek through it for half mile; 30 acres creek bottom, 50 acres second bottom, balance upland and all in cultivation except about 35 acres woodland; all lies well and does not wash; free loamy soil, clay subsoil, no rock; new 3-room dwelling and old 3 room house, 2 tenant houses, frame stable for 8 horses, with loft, cotton house, etc., and 120 acres woodland about 2 miles off; $4 000 cash, balance in long payments; a strong farm admirably located.

$6,000 for a complete Washington street home.

$6,000 for the choicest West Baker street cottage home, with all modern convenience, on lot 50x200 feet.

$4,000 for a half acre lot (100x200 feet) on south side Currier street, with 6 room cottage and outhouses, paved walks, very near Calhoun street school and between it and Peachtree. A bargain, as there are two fine lots and a neat dwelling.

☞ A great many paying investments on our sale list now, houses of all classes, in Atlanta and suburbs; lots at all prices; houses to rent all over the city. Call or write.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

James A. Anderson & Co.

WE'RE READY

FOR THE MEN and Boys TOO.

Our matchless stock is ready and we want the people of this city to realize that no firm in this city offers the advantages in the

VARIETY of CLOTHING,

Quality of Goods,

Low Prices or Liberal Dealing

THAT WE DO.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department, the largest in Georgia, and we defy competition in Style, Fit and Prices. Wm. J. Healy and C. G. Grosse, Cutters.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 WHITEHALL ST.

WILSON & BRUCKNER

6 and 8 Marietta Street,

ALWAYS LEAD THE STYLES

—IN—

FINE STATIONERY.

Notice their displays. They have also just received the most elegant line of

Teachers' Bibles

Ever brought to Atlanta, comprising the Oxford, Bagster and Eyre & Spottiswood editions. Seventy-five different styles. Episcopal Hymnals and Prayer Books. All prices. Oct 17 3m 7p

---

CLOTHING

OUR FALL & WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Men's and Boys' Clothing

is now complete and is by far the largest in quantity, the best in quality, and the best fitting and stylish we have ever shown, at prices to suit the times.

Our Assortment

—OF—

OVERCOATS

is simply immense, embracing every

Style and Quality

—FROM—

Medium to the Finest

and in all Shades. A full Line of Underwear in WHITE and COLORED.

By giving us a call we promise to make it to your interest.

A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall, Corner Alabama.

CHAS. C. THORN,

CHEAP CASH GROCER,

118 Whitehall St.,

TELEPHONE 451.

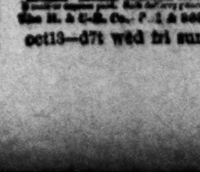
10 pounds O. K. Lard	1 00
[illegible] pounds Granulated Sugar	1 00
50 pounds Grits	1 00
50 pounds any Patent Flour	1 60
6 Cans Eagle Cond. Milk	1 00
15 pounds Head rice	1 00
20 pounds Choice Rice	1 00
17 pounds C sugar	1 00
11 pounds O. K. Lard	1 00
Arbuckle's and Levering's Coffee, per pound	16⅔
Dove hams per pound	15
Dried beef, whole, per pound	17½
Dried beef, chipped	20
Oat meal, fresh, per pound	5
Cracked wheat, per pound	6
Red raspberry jam	7½
Best black teas, per pound	45 to 60
Best gunpowder teas	40 to 80
Genuine Tokio teas	80
Lemons, per dozen	30
Royal baking powder, 1 lb. cans	45
Price's baking powder, 1 lb cans	45
Cod fish bricks, 2 pounds	15
Canned tomatoes, per dozen	95
Raisins, per pound	15
Liby McNeil Canned Beef, per pound	10
Oranges per dozen	20
Bananas per dozen	20
Apples per peck	15

I am determined to give fresh goods cheaper than the lowest for the cash. I keep no books, credit no one, lose no money and save you 20 per cent. Just come one time and be convinced.

Be sure of my number—118 Whitehall street.

7th page. CHAS. C. THORN.

FOR WHISKERS, MUSTACHES AND BALDNESS



USE HIRSUTINE.—[illegible]

[illegible]

oct13—d7t wed fri sun tue thu sat mon

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
DIAMOND MERCHANTS
31 WHITEHALL ST.
ATLANTA, GA.

McBRIDE'S

CHINA, CUTLERY,

HOUSEFURNISHING EMPORIUM!

29 PEACHTREE.

CHEAPEST IN THE COUNTRY.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, October 19, 9:00 P. M.

All observations taken at the same moment time at each place named.

	Barometer	Thermometer	Dew Point	WIND. Direction	WIND. Velocity	Rainfall	Weather
Augusta	30 37	65	...	NE	Light.	.00	Clear.
Savannah	30 32	65	...	NE	Light.	.01	Clear.
Jacksonville	30 24	66	...	......	Calm.	.37	Clear.
Montgomery	30 28	65	59	NE	Light.	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	30.20	70	68	SE	Light.	.00	Clear.
Galveston	30.14	76	71	SE	8	.00	Clear.
Palestine	30 14	72	67	S	7	.00	Cloudy.
Fort Smith	30 08	70	...	SE	Light.	.00	Clear.
Shreveport	30 15	72	67	SE	Light.	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

6 a. m.	30 28	55	46	E	11	.00	Clear.
2 p. m.	30 31	74	45	E	13	.00	Clear.
9 p. m.	30 36	65	49	E	9	.00	Clear.

Maximum thermometer	.76
Minimum thermometer	.54
Total rainfall	.00

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p. m.—75th meridian.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Maximum Temp.	Minimum Temp.	Rainfall
Atlanta, Ga	76	54	.00
Anderson, S. C	75	44	.00
Cartersville, Ga	78	51	.00
Columbus, Ga	78	56	.00
Chattanooga, Tenn	77	49	.00
Gainesville, Ga	76	46	.00
Greenville, S. C	75	43	.00
Griffin, Ga	75	52	.00
Macon, Ga	79	53	.00
Newnan, Ga	77	54	.00
Spartanburg, S. C	77	43	.00
Toccoa, Ga	74	47	.00
West Point, Ga	79	52	.00

DIAMONDS,
WATCHES,
J. P. STEVENS & BRO.
47 Whitehall Street.

PURE DOMESTIC WINES.
ALBERT STAUB,
SOLE AGENT IN GEORGIA
Cullmann Wine Comp'y
CULLMANN, ALA.,

Begs to inform his many friends and patrons that he has removed his wine rooms from 7 East Alabama street to 10 Whitehall street, where he will continue to sell pure wine at following low prices:

Superior Claret	25 cents per bottle
Concord or Delaware	30 cents per bottle
Burgundy, Port, Sweet or Dry Catawba and Scuppernong	40 cents per bottle

All these wines are from three to five years old.

ALBERT STAUB,
12 and 14 Whitehall street, Mercer's old stand
sep30 d1m 8p

Meetings.

Ladies' Auxiliary Society of the Y. M. C. A.

All members are urgently requested to attend their quarterly meeting this evening at 3 o'clock in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A.

MRS. DR. WM. KING, President,
MISS DINDA HOWARD, Secretary.

Announcements.

FOR MAYOR.

JOHN T. COOPER is announced as a candidate for Mayor at the coming municipal election.

FOR ALDERMAN.

J. H. MECASLIN, is announced as a candidate for alderman at large, at the city election in December next.

FOR COUNCILMAN.

MR. FRANK SOUTH is announced as a candidate for council from the Fifth Ward.

JAMES M. STEPHENS, is hereby announced as a candidate for Council from the First Ward, at the coming city election.

J. H. KETNER is hereby announced as a candidate for Council from the Second Ward, at the approaching city election. td

We hereby announce the name of J. S. LESTER as a suitable man to represent the Fifth Ward in the next City Council.

MANY TRUE FRIENDS.

We are authorized to announce Thomas L. Bishop, as a candidate for councilman from the fifth ward.

Mr. H. M. BEUTELL is announced by his friends as a candidate for councilman from the fifth ward.

W. Y. LANGFORD is announced as a candidate for council from the third ward at the ensuing city election.

FOR CORONER.

MR. E. C. BRUFFEY anounces himself a candidate for coroner at the approaching election.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Coroner of Fulton county at the approaching election. FRANK A. HILBURN.

MR. J. R. THOMPSON announces himself a candidate for coroner at the approaching election. dtd

The friends of J. M. PADEN announce him as a candidate for coroner of Fulton county at the ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce R. O. HAYNES as a candidate for re-election for the office of coroner of Fulton county.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Coroner of Fulton County at the coming election.
J. F. KENDRICK.

We are authorized to announce J. F. BARCLAY as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Fulton county.

We are authorized to announce M. BOWDEN as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Fulton county.

A. F. LEE, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Atlanta, announces to his many friends that he is a candidate for Coroner.

Complaint.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 19, 1886.—Editors Constitution: There is an open sewer on Simpson street at the junction of Spring street. The awful stench arising from this sewer is an abomination to the neighborhood, a disgrace to the city, and if not remedied at once will doubtless cause yellow fever or some other disastrous epidemic. The proper course is to construct at once a good closed sewer, but in the meantime the noisome pestilence will be helped by long and daily flushing of the sewer. This sewer is not flushed oftener than once in two weeks. It should be done daily, and for an hour at least. We beg you will publish this and receive the thanks of MANY SUFFERERS.

Purify your blood, tone up the system and [illegible] the digestive organs by taking Hood's [illegible] Sold by all druggists.

TO THE GRAVE.

THE FUNERAL OF MR. WALTER GORDON YESTERDAY.

An Imposing Funeral—The Gate City Guards, the Governor's Horse Guards and the University Graduates of the City Attend—The Services at Church and Cemetery.

The remains of Mr. Walter S. Gordon reached the city yesterday on the 12:30 Richmond and Danville train. A large number of friends awaited the arrival of the train, and by the time it reached the depot a very large crowd had gathered. The remains were accompanied by General and Mrs. Gordon and their daughter, Miss Fannie, and the bereaved and heart-broken widow and her two little girls. Judge and Mrs Bigby, Major E. C. Gordon and other relatives and friends met them and escorted them to the carriages awaiting outside, Mrs. Gordon leaning on the arm of General Gordon.

Among those who met the train was the body of the state university graduates of the city, nearly a hundred in number, each wearing white gloves. The Governor's Horse Guard and the Gate City Guard, the battalion under command of Captain John Milledge, were outside.

The casket bearing the remains was taken from the train by the pall bearers, who were as follows:

Judge W. T. Newman,	Mr. B. H. Hill,
Mr. H. W. Grady,	Mr. D. M. Bain,
Judge H. B. Van Epps,	Mr. Albert Cox,
Mr. Walter A. Taylor,	Mr. W. M. Dixon,
Dr. R. B. Ridley,	Mr. Jack W. Johnson,
Mr. Howell C. Jackson,	Mr. L. J. Hill.

From the depot the funeral procession, lead by Parker's band, followed by the two military companies, the hearse, the university graduates, and a long line of carriages, went to the Second Baptist church, going by way of Marietta, Broad and Hunter streets.

The church was crowded before the funeral cortege arrived. After the casket was placed in position in the church, the quartette, consisting of Mrs. A. W. Smith, Mrs. W. L. Peel, Mrs. Katzenberger, and Mrs. J. Russell Hodge, sang in a most impressive manner "Their Sun Shall no More go down."

Dr. McDonald's prayer was a most beautiful one, and brought tears to the eyes of many present. Mrs. Katzenberger's solo, "Angels Ever Bright and Fair," was then beautifully rendered. After the discourse by Dr. McDonald, the shield over the face of the dead was removed and the countenance was seen by many who slowly passed by the coffin. The scene when his widow approached the coffin harrows description. She asked General Gordon to let her see the face the second time, saying in her sobs that "She knew that it was smiling at her." The countenance was perfectly natural in its expression, and seemed to bear the gentle smile which characterized it in life. The little three-months-old daughter was held over the coffin by its nurse to see its father's face for the last time.

At the cemetery, after prayer, "Nearer My God to Thee" was sung, that having always been the favorite song of Mr. Gordon. The coffin was lowered, and the large assemblage returned to the city.

Major E. C. Gordon telegraphed yesterday evening to his father of the arrival of the body and its burial. The venerable old man, now in his eighty-first year, was unable through sickness to be present. The news of his son's death prostrated him. Between he and his son Walter, the closest affection always existed, and never did a week elapse but that the latter had some kind word or did something for the pleasure or comfort of his old father, to whom his attachment was more than filial in its devotion.

THE DETAILS OF MR. GORDON'S DEATH.

From friends of Mr. Gordon, who have returned from New York, is learned the sad details of his death, which are as follows:

Early Saturday morning he had been pronounced out of danger. His physician said he would not come again and that Mr. Gordon might sit up on the ensuing Monday. At about twelve o'clock he ate a lunch consisting of a few raw oysters, a soft boiled egg, bread and butter. His wife, in the meantime, busied herself writing notes to her friends of his happy recovery. General and Mrs. Gordon went up to West Point to spend Sunday. At half past four o'clock, Mrs. Walter Gordon, at her husband's request, went out shopping. Her mission was to buy him a soft woolen robe de chambre, which he was to wear on Monday, when he sat up for the first time. He was left alone with the professional nurse that had attended him, the baby and its nurse. At about five o'clock, Mrs. W. M. Dixon, of Atlanta, called to see him and his wife. Being a life long friend of the family she was invited into the sick room. She had been sitting there but a few moments when Mr. Gordon was suddenly taken with suffocation. She and the nurse sprang to his bedside, but could do nothing to relieve him. Mrs. Dickson then ran out and procured a doctor whose sign she saw on the door. When she returned she went immediately to the bedside and spoke to Mr. Gordon. He looked at her for an instant and died. She does not know whether or not he recognized her. From the first moment he was taken he seemed to be unconscious and never spoke. He had two slight convulsions, which did not seem to give much pain, and when he died, those who watched him would not have known that he was dead except that the doctor said so. In a few moments Mr. Hugh Gordon arrived.

It was at least fifteen minutes after his death before his wife returned. She was busily looking for exactly what he wanted, which took her to several stores. At last she and her little daughter came back in a perfect gale of happiness, with their arms full of flowers and fruits, which they had bought for their patient. She had found exactly what Mr. Gordon wanted, and her joy was heightened at seeing Mrs. Dickson, her old friend, who had just reached New York. So full was she of her happiness that it was some time before they could arrest her sufficiently to break the terrible news. They still detained her in the hallway where they met her. Mr. Hugh Gordon put his arm around her and said:

"Lula, you are a brave woman."

Her face clouded instantly, and she said:

"What is the matter?"

"You must prepare yourself for bad news—Walter is worse."

"Is he much worse?"

"Yes; he is very much worse."

Just at this moment little Lula, his eight year old daughter, who, unnoticed, had found her way into the sick room, ran into the hall screaming. Seeing her mother, she said, "my papa is dead."

A telegram was sent to General and Mrs. Gordon, at West Point, immediately, but by some oversight at the office there, the dispatch was not delivered until next morning.

MR. GORDON'S BUSINESS AFFAIRS.

Mr. Gordon left his family in comfortable circumstances. He had no insurance on his life at the time of his death. He carried a policy for $20,000 in the New York life insurance company up to this summer, when being away from home, and steadily traveling, he allowed it to lapse beyond the power of recovery. He left about $30,000 cash in bank. He has besides this perhaps ten thousand dollars in cash items, and $9,000 in Sheffield stock, which is now selling at one hundred and six. He owns the Gideonville plantation in Dougherty county, for which he paid $16,000 cash, and which is undoubtedly worth that much; the Mountain Meadow place in Clay county, Alabama, for which he paid $18,000 cash, and a plantation, store, tannerry, and sawmill at Lime Rock, for which he paid about $25,000 cash. His real estate in Atlanta is certainly worth twenty thousand dollars. From this it will be seen that his estate will not fall short of $100,000, and may considerably exceed that sum. He is almost entirely out of debt, none of his property being encumbered. In the sale of the Tennessee railroad, owned jointly by himself, and Major E. C. Gordon, they provided for the payment of the debts they had incurred in carrying that enterprise to completion.

Mrs. Gordon's plans are not known; but it is probable that she will live in Atlanta at her present residence on Peachtree street.

HE WAS GREATLY LOVED.

The City Court Adjourns in Respect to the Memory of Mr. Walter S. Gordon.

When the city court convened yesterday morning, and after the transaction of a very little business, Judge Van Epps said:

"I announce that this court will adjourn at twelve noon today, in respect to the memory of Mr. Walter S. Gordon, whose funeral will take place shortly after that time.

"Mr. Gordon was formerly a member of the bar of this court, and was greatly loved by the bar and its officers. He was a classmate of the present judge, in Tennessee, before the war, and a college mate in the university of Georgia, and ever since bound by the closest and tenderest ties of friendship. The honor of assisting as a pall-bearer in the sad office of bearing his remains to the grave has been extended to the presiding judge. Owing to the character and position of Mr. Gordon, and the number and the character of the friends his virtues drew around him, his death is a public event, demanding this action; and if it were not so, I am so much afflicted by his death as to be unfitted for judicial work whilst the last rites of my tenderly-loved friend are in progress.

"An adjournment at the hour indicated is accordingly ordered."

The action of the court was ordered spread upon the minutes of the court.

TO MEET THIS EVENING.

Committees to Meet at the Hall of the Chamber of Commerce.

This afternoon at four o'clock the members of the various committees appointed for the National Prison congress are requested to meet in the hall at the chamber of commerce.

There is much work before the committees and a full representation is desired. Let the members of the following committees meet promptly:

On Finance—M. C. Kiser, chairman; Robert J. Lowry, J. R. Gramling, D. M. Bain, F. M. O'Brien.

Reception and Invitation—Will Haight, chairman; W. R. Hammond, F. P. Rice, John Milledge, Dr. C. L. Wilson, E. P. Howell, S. M. Inman, A. E. Buck, George Hillyer, Hoke Smith, Howard Van Epps, Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, B. H. Hill, J. W. English, L. Mims, A. L. Greene, G. L. Norman, John Keely, W. L. Peel, H. M. Scott, C. S. Atwood, W. M. Scott, W. Woods White, Chas. Crenshaw.

Entertainment, Transportation and Inspection of Public Institutions—Robert Harbison, chairman; Rev. G. L. Chaney, W. A. Moore, J. R. Lewis, Rev. Henry McDonald, W. A. Haygood, H. W. Grady, Dr. A. W. Calhoun, Henry Jackson, Father J. S. Mccarthy, Dr. F. H. Orme, J. F. Burke, Dr. Jacobson, J. P. Jones, Dr. H. H. Tucker, E. S. Gay, Jacob Elsas, H. B. Tompkins, Darwin G. Jones.

Churches, Halls and Badges—Sidney Root, chairman; D. McCarthy, M. M. Welch, Charles Hawthorne, T. J. Day.

THE MERRY, MERRY SKATE.

The Rumbling, Rattling Roller on the Smooth, Even Floor—Fun Tonight.

The Metropolitan skating rink will be thrown open tonight and a carnival of roller amusement never before equaled will be inaugurated in Atlanta. The rink is in the Austell building, on Forsyth street, at the railroad, and is the handsomest one in the south. Messrs. Jack & Chase, the proprietors, have remodled and renovated the large hall until no one would know it. A new floor has been laid—just such a floor as roller skates require. The walls and ceiling have been plastered and painted, and two large electric lights make the place as bright as day, and give a pleasing effect to the artistic work that has been done. An elegant waiting room for ladies has been handsomely furnished, and every convenience has been supplied. The skates, which arrived today, are all new and of the most approved design. Messrs. Jack & Chase are both gentlemen who know how to manage a rink.

Mr. Jack—James R. Jack—is well-known in Atlanta, and needs no introduction, while Mr. Chase's ten years' residence in Atlanta gives him a wide acquaintance. An expert skater will be employed in the person of Mr. Will Jack, than whom there is no better skater in the south. The proprietors will see that the best order is maintained, and that no one who should not be present shall cross the threshold.

Miss Florence Bindley in "The Heroine in Rags."

Bartley Campbell is the author of "The Heroine in Rags" and of "Vigilantes," two plays which will be presented on our stage today and tomorrow by Miss Bindley, and every one knows that he was the greatest American dramatist, as well as the most prolific. In "The Heroine in Rags" he probably surpassed all his other efforts in pathos and in sentiment, and the success of this production proves its excellence. It is true that he could have found no better interpreter of the character of Gabrielle than Miss Bindley, who seems to have been cast by nature to fill such a protean role, and it is really difficult to say who was most successful, the play or the player. Miss Florence is not only a pretty and winsome young artist, but she is also a good actress, a expert dancer, a sweet singer, and a performer upon different instruments. With such an amount of accomplishments, which make her a whole show by herself, there is no wonder that the little lady does captivate all the hearts. Miss Bindley will give "The Heroine" at night and tomorrow at a special Thursday matinee and "Vigilantes" tomorrow night.

Supreme Court of Georgia.—October Term, 1886.

ATLANTA, October 19.

Order of circuits, with the number of cases remaining undisposed of:

Atlanta	8	Coweta	21
Stone Mountain	6	Flint	21
Eastern	30	Ocmulgee	12
Middle	16	Macon	13
Augusta	23	Chattahoochee	16
Northern	12	Pataula	4
Western	10	Southwestern	18
Northeastern	8	Albany	23
Blue Ridge	10	Southern	4
Cherokee	17	Oconee	9
Rome	15	Brunswick	11

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No. 38. Malone vs. State. Assault with intent to murder, from Fulton. Argued. James L. Mayson; Wm. P. Hill, for plaintiff in error. C. D. Hill, sol. gen'l. for the state.

No. 39. Leonard vs. State. Assault with intent to murder, from Fulton. Argued. F. R. Walker, for plaintiff in error. C. D. Hill, sol. gen'l., for the state.

No. 42. Linch et al. vs. McIntyre et al. Equity, from Fulton. L. W. Thomas; C. J. Simmons, for plaintiffs in error. John Collier; W. H. Hulsey, for defendants.

Pending argument of Mr. Thomas, the court adjourned to 9 o'clock this morning.

The Poor Little Sufferer will be immediately relieved by using MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. 25 cents a bottle.

The Dime Circus.

The ten cent circus, on Lloyd street, is drawing large crowds. The canvas was packed last night to its utmost capacity and a great many persons were turned away. The show has several fine features and is a good one.

PERSONAL.

WHERE can I have picture frames made cheap? Why, at Sam Walker's, 2½ Marietta st. tf.

DR. R. M. AUTEN, president of the State Eclectic Medical association, is in the city.

REV. DR. P. H. MELL, chancellor of the state university, Hon. H. H. Carlton, and Mr. Pleasant A. Stovall, of the Banner-Watchman, all of Athens, are in the city.

MR. FRANK A. HERVEY, official auctioneer of the state fair association of Georgia, is in the city, and will remain here for a day or two.

MISS EMMA JACKSON, an accomplished and charming young lady of Jug Tavern, Jackson county, is spending a short while with her sister, Mrs. Robert Wood, at 181 Whitehall street. Miss Jackson will visit the state fair before returning home.

MISS SALLIE, an attractive young lady of Cartersville, is visiting friends in the city.

MR. W. H. JONES, representing B. C. Bibb & Co., Baltimore, was in the city yesterday.

AT THE KIMBALL: W G Field, Chicago; J Howlings, N Y; W McCarty, Troy, N Y; W S Fea, Chicago; L Byarch, N Y; J M Edwards, Memphis; B Bushhardt, Cinti; G W Hart, Phila; A B Johnston, Birmingham; H C Gray, Cinti; J Dreyfus, N Y; F G Robbins, Louisville; David Porter, Andrew Hanley, John Screven, Savannah; B Rosenstock, N Y; W B Sinclair, Baltimore; F S Coffin, Cinti; H C Orr, Louisville; E K Sibley, H M Burnley, New York; Mrs J King, child and servant, A F Boss, Rome, Ga; F M Swanson and wife, Kissimee, Fla; Thomas O'Connor, Jr, Brunswick; Thomas H Carter, Virginia; James S Hamilton, P A Stovall, H H Carlton, Athens; Mrs C S DuBose; Miss Kittie L DuBose, Mrs C E McGregor, Miss Jessie L McGregor, L L Young, Warrenton; Robert J Willingham, Barnesville; W A Huff, H Horne, J F Bunson, Macon, A W Williams, Paducah, Ky; A F Marston, Lynn; C W Hamilton, Boston; Charles Green, Georgia; E V Overman, Cincinnati; C O Colton, Shelby, N C; J L Watt, J Greenogn, A J Russell, J Stern, New York; Wm M Pezrank, Baltimore; Toney O'Connell, Chattanooga; D B Harna, Preston, Ga; J W Lanney, Evansville, Va; L W Childry, Norfolk, Va; G M Hancock, St Louis; R C Hamerman, Cincinnati; W D Shed and wife, Marietta, Ga; C E Smith, Newnan, Ga; G W Dewey, Goldsboro, N C; J E Cox, Georgia; J A Dallance and wife, Social Circle; Jastin McCarthy, Washington, D C; Lamar Cobb, Athens, Ga; J S Stewart, Oxford, Ga; Chas Greir, New Castle, Pa; E W Ward, Cincinnati; A B Piker, Athens, Ohio; A Bernheim Baltimore; A M Dale, Nashville, Tenn; Chas S Devy, New York; D Buckolzer, Dalton, Ga; E Maxwell, Cincinnati; F A Moon, H Morse, Alpharetta; J D Hodge, Mobile; L T Stallings, John Ingalls, E S Wilson, Macon; E S Lyden, Athens; F M Caldwell, South Carolina Railway; Chas W Gill, L Apolant, New York; D W Carey, Cartersville.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A PLEASANT EVENING.

Quarterly Meeting of the Y. M. C. A.—Mr. Briscoe's Lecture.

The quarterly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was held last night, and after a short business session, during which reports from Secretary Helmer and Railroad Secretary Brand were presented, an interesting lecture upon Palestine was given by Mr. A. C. Briscoe, of the railroad commission.

He first spoke of the topography of Palestine, which in some respects resembled that of California. If the size of a country were measured by its importance, then were Palestine the largest country in the world, yet it is very small.

Jerusalem, the holy city, 2,400 feet above sea level, was very vividly described by Mr. Briscoe. He said he would not take thousands of dollars for the emotions and impressions received while in the holy city.

The streets of Jerusalem are narrow—many not wider than the passage between the Merchants' bank and Fuller's store. David street, upon which was the hotel at which the lecturer stopped, was not more than fifteen feet wide. No wheeled vehicles are ever used. Camels, donkeys, horses, etc., are only used. People are obliged to step aside to permit the caravans, etc., to pass by.

The lecturer spoke of the many customs that remain unchanged since the days of Abraham. The manner of sending messages, illustrating "Let him that heareth say come." The money changers, the style of dress worn remains unchanged. Wheat is measured, shaken down, pressed and running over. Women grinding at the mill, etc.

The lecturer expressed the opinion that the people were providentially prevented from assuming the modern customs so that the traveler might be impressed with the clear illustrations of scriptive texts. The lecturer referred to schools in open air, pupils sitting at the feet of their teacher. Lepers gather about men just as they did in the time asking alms, etc.

The lecturer showed some of the relics which he brought from Palestine. A book of parchment, a fez and scarf—exhibiting the manner of making a turban, a terra cotta lamp, phylacteries, etc.

Then followed a number of views projected upon the screen with magic lantern. The views were excellent and intensely interesting. We forbear giving further description, our reporter being unable to take notes in the dark. The lecture was well attended and highly appreciated by all who were present.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

The Revenue Violaters Being Sent to Cobb County Jail.

In the circuit court M. C. Cook pleaded guilty to distilling and working. Sentenced to three months in Cobb county jail and $100 fine. Ransom Brown pleaded guilty to the same offense and was sent up for two months to the same. Case against A. F. Herin nol pros'd, defendant being dead.

F. C. Tate, of Pickens, and W. R. Rankin, of Calhoun, were admitted to practice in the federal courts. Both gentlemen passed creditable examinations.

In the district court a habeas corpus adtestify can dum was issued to the sheriff of Habersham county to produce the body of John M. Sirk to testify before Commissioner Gaston, in Gainesville, in the case of the United States vs. John Nunnally. Sirk is now in Clarkesville jail for the killing of John Parker last Thursday night.

Henry Forester, illicit, removing, concealing and retailing, verdict not guilty. F. M. Ferguson, illicit distilling, verdict not guilty. Asberry Kell, illicit removing and concealing, plea of guilty, three months in Cobb county jail. Turner Pharr, removing and retailing, verdict guilty of retailing. Remanded to jail without sentence.

Jude Newman will not send any more prisoners to Fulton county jail until a report is made by the physicians appointed to investigate.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS.

The Jersey sale will be largely attended today.

The city court will begin work in earnest this morning.

The superior court was enaged yesterday in the trial of the case of Robinson vs. French, Richard & Co. on account.

A number of fine specimens of field products from Major J. F. Jones, of Troup county, were received at the agricultural department yesterday.

Governor McDaniel and Attorney-General Anderson returned last night from a tour of inspection over the Marietta and North Georgia railroad.

Will Moyers covered himself with glory yesterday by his concluding argumedt in McCalla vs. the city in the city court. It captivated judge, jury and audience and won a verdict for his client.

Judge Calhoun would like for the friends of Lucinda Smith, colored, who was sent to the asylum in 1882, and Nick Rogers, white, who was sent there last year, to know that they are both dead. The former died in the asylum August 15, 1886, and the latter at the almshouse, where he had been sent from the asylum as being harmless.

Those Complaining of Sore Throat or Hoarseness should use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. The effect is extraordinary, particularly when used by singers and speakers for clearing the voice.

Colquitt Fertilizer Factory.

Go today to McCombs, Taylor & Co.'s machine shop and see the Colquitt process of treating cotton seed and making guano. No invention has so simplified and cheapened the cost of any article used by the farmer as this factory does in the matter of guano. The Mason cotton picker will be a success and reduce the amount of labor in the field. This cheap and simple process of Mr. Hugh H. Colquitt will enable every farmer to make his own guano at home at one third less than he can buy it. Every farmer in this country should have one of these factories. Any town or village in the south can have a guano factory that will utilize cotton seed at home.

The factory will be in full operation today. Tomorrow it will be taken to Macon to the state fair, where it will be a feature of that great exposition. Don't fail to ask for it at Macon.

BEN. H. PORTER, WALTER B. PORTER

PORTER BROS,

31 PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

A FULL LINE
—OF—
GOODGER & NAYLOR, ZEIGLER BROS., P. COX M'F'G COS., KUPPERDORF, DITTMAN & CO.,

Hand and Machine Made Shoes for Ladies, Misses and children.

School Shoes for Boys and Girls a Specialty.

BOTTOM PRICES.

Complete stock Wm. Dorsch & Sons hand and machine made shoes for Men, Boys and Youths. Sole agents for Lilly Brackett & Co., and Gardner & Estes' fine shoes for men.
Oct 3—sun wed—8th pg.

VALUABLE TIME WELL SPEN
IN EXAMINING OUR
IMMENSE STOC
—OF—
MEN'S SUITS,
YOUTH'S SUITS,
BOYS' SUITS,
CHILDREN'S SUI

Of every conceivable style and design, from the lowest grade to the finest fa

Our Merchant Tailoring Department is booming with the Novelties of the Season.

HIRSCH BROS.
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREE

SCIPLE SON
WE ARE STILL AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS
JELLICO COAL WE HA

Been selling for the past several seasons, and there is none better.
—We are offering special inducements to the Contractors and Builders in—

PLASTERING HAIR,	LIME,	CYPRESS SHIN
MARBLE DUST,	CEMENT,	STOVE F
WHITE SAND,	PLASTER PARIS SEWER PIPE.	FIRE BRICK AND FIRE C

No. 8 Loyd St., near Markham House, Atlanta, G
8th pg

ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Protect Your Life and Body from Death and Injury by Accide

We have just been appointed State Agents for the Accident Department of the CONTINEN LIFE INS. CO., of HARTFORD, CONN. Assets over Two Million Dollars. Prompt and able. $5,000 insurance against death (with $25 a week indemnity for injury) costs only $18 per Every man should carry an accident policy. The cost is small, the benefit great. Call on, write or phone us.

LANGIER & WALDO
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance, 15 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone
N. B.—Reliable local agents wanted throughout Georgia.

E. VAN WINKLE & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Wind Mills, Pumps, Tanks Etc,
Construct
Public & Private Water Works,
Railroad Water Supplies, Steam Pumps, P
and Brass Goods. Send for Catalogue and Prices.
E. VAN WINKLE & CO.
BOX 83, ATLANTA, GA.

HAILED WITH UNBOUNDED ENTHUSIASM

Spontaneous outpouring of the people. A real monume of glory, built by the

Great and Original Low-Priced Clothie

CROWDED FROM MORNING TO NIGHT.

The most notable event of the past month.

GRAND FALL OPENIN
—IN OUR—
ELEGANT NEW QUARTER

Indicating confidence in the future of a successful

CASH BUSINESS

Great numbers have examined our Stock and pronounce it

RICH, RARE AND CHEAP.

Everything in the line of Men's, Youths, Boy's and Chi dren's

READY-MADE CLOTHIN

For fall and winter wear has been marked at prices co sistent with the laws of economy.

REMEMBER.

We are the largest retailers of Clothing in the State, an we believe in doing a large Cash Business on a small pro basis.

EISEMAN BROTHERS
17 AND 19 WHITEHALL ST.

Manufactory Baltimore, Md. 15 South Howard Street. | Washington, D. C., Cor. 7th and E. Street